

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) STOCK CODE 股份代號:2080

**2020** ANNUAL REPORT 年度報告

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# Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive directors**

Mr. Zhang Jingguo *(Chairman)* Mr. Zheng Jiang Mr. Chan Hon Ki Ms. Shen Guoying

#### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Bau Siu Fung Ms. Lou Aidong

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Bau Siu Fung *(Chairman)* Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Ms. Lou Aidong

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. Lou Aidong *(Chairlady)* Mr. Zhang Jingguo Mr. Zheng Jiang Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Bau Siu Fung

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Jingguo *(Chairman)* Ms. Shen Guoying Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Bau Siu Fung Ms. Lou Aidong

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. Tsang Kwok Shan, Sandy, FCCA Mr. Chan Hon Ki, CPA, FCCA (appointed with effect from 21 September 2019) Ms. Shen Guoying (resigned with effect from 21 September 2019)

#### JOINT COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Hon Ki, *CPA, FCCA* Ms. Tsang Kwok Shan, Sandy, *FCCA* 

#### AUDITOR

KPMG Public In

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance
8th Floor,
Prince's Building,
10 Chater Road, Central,
Hong Kong

#### 董事會

**執行董事** 張靜國先生(*主席*) 鄭 江先生 陳漢淇先生 沈國英女士

**獨立非執行董事** 潘昭國先生 鮑小豐先生 婁愛東女士

#### 審核委員會

鮑小豐先生(*主席)* 潘昭國先生 婁愛東女士

#### 薪酬委員會

婁愛東女士(主席) 張靜國先生 鄭 江先生 潘昭國先生 鮑小豐先生

#### 提名委員會

張靜國先生(*主席)* 沈國英女士 潘昭國先生 鮑小豐先生 婁愛東女士

#### 授權代表

曾國珊女士・FCCA
 陳漢淇先生・CPA, FCCA
 (自二零一九年九月二十一日起獲委任)
 沈國英女士
 (於二零一九年九月二十一日辭任)

#### 聯席公司秘書

陳漢淇先生, CPA, FCCA 曾國珊女士, FCCA

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所
於《財務匯報局條例》下的註冊公眾利益
實體核數師
香港
中環遮打道10號
太子大廈
8樓

### Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

#### HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1, 10/F., Emperor Group Centre, 288 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

#### LEGAL ADVISER TO THE COMPANY

Chiu & Partners 40th Floor, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong

#### CAYMAN ISLANDS SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited Bank of Communication Co., Ltd. Yinzhou Bank Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.auxint.com

#### **STOCK CODE**

2080

#### 註冊辦事處

Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

#### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔 軒尼詩道288號 英皇集團中心 10樓01室

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 本公司的法律顧問

趙不渝 馬國強律師事務所 香港中環 康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈40樓

#### 開曼群島股份過戶登記處

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

#### 主要往來銀行

華僑永亨銀行有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 鄞州銀行 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

公司網址

www.auxint.com

#### 股份代號

2080

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

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### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I hereby present to you the annual report for the year ended 31 March 2020 of AUX International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together to be referred to as the "Group").

#### **BUSINESS & FINANCIAL REVIEW**

The US-China trade dispute and COVID-19 outbreak has hit hard on the global and Hong Kong's economy resulting in significant decrease in number of tourists visiting Hong Kong and decreased consumers' tendency to spend in the past year. These negative trends have put significant pressure on the Group's lifestyle entertainment segment. Fortunately, the Group's property management segment remained strong. Revenue contribution from Ningbo AUX Property Management Service Co., Ltd ("Ningbo AUX") recorded an increase of approximately HK\$53.9 million from HK\$234.1 million to HK\$288.0 million this year. Benefiting from the double-digit revenue growth from the Group's property management segment, the Group's total revenue recorded an increase of approximately 7.1% from HK\$317.6 million last year to HK\$340.0 million this year.

The Group's property management services segment continues its organic growth this year. The number of projects managed by the Group had expanded from 50 projects to 64 projects with an aggregate contracted GFA increasing from 5.92 million square meters to 7.19 million square meters ("sq.m.").

The Group's performance this year has benefited from the increase in revenue of HK\$22.4 million and the gain on disposal of a subsidiary of HK\$5 million. However, due to the expansion of the Group's property management business, the Group's property cleaning expenses and staff costs have increased by HK\$15.5 million and HK\$11.8 million respectively.

As a result, the Group has turned from last year's loss before taxation of HK2.7 million to profit before taxation of HK29.2million this year.

While the Group is still evaluating the suitability of introducing new clubbing brands after Magnum club's closure in 2019, the Group acquired three restaurant and bar outlets across Causeway Bay, Tsim Sha Tsui and Mong Kok under the belief that these outlets can enhance the Group's product portfolio to its lifestyle entertainment segment. 尊敬的股東:

本人謹代表董事會(「董事會」),向 閣下提呈奧 克斯國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱為「本集團」)截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度之年度報告。

#### 業務及財務回顧

中美貿易爭端和新冠病毒肆虐重創全球以及香 港經濟。在過去一年造成訪港旅客人數大幅下 降並減弱消費者的消費意欲。這些負面的趨勢 對集團的生活娛樂分部構成重大的壓力。幸 而,本集團的物業管理分部保持強勁。寧波奧 克斯物業服務有限公司(「寧波奧克斯」)的收益 貢獻由234.1百萬港元增加約53.9百萬港元至本 年度的288.0百萬港元。鑒於本集團的物業管理 業務取得雙位數的收益增長,故本集團的總收 益由去年的317.6百萬港元增加約7.1% 至本年度 的340.0百萬港元。

寧波奧克斯的表現持續其內增長,本集團於本 年度管理的項目數目由50項項目擴展至64項項 目,合約總建築面積由5.92百萬平方米增至7.19 百萬平方米(「平方米」)。

本集團於本年度的表現乃得益於收益增加22.4 百萬港元及出售一家子公司所得5.0百萬港元。 然而,由於本集團物業管理業務的拓展,本集 團的物業清潔開支及員工成本分別增加15.5百 萬港元及11.8百萬港元。

因此,本集團扭轉去年的除税前虧損2.7百萬港 元至本年度的除税前盈利29.2百萬港元。

本集團雖仍在評估於二零一九年Magnum Club 停業後設立新會所品牌的適當性,本集團基於 增強生活娛樂板塊產品結構的信念下收購了位 於銅鑼灣、尖沙咀和旺角的三家酒吧餐廳。

### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

#### OUTLOOK

On 13 May 2020, Ningbo AUX was ranked 38th among the 2020 China's Top 100 Best Property Management Service Companies. Ningbo AUX has also been awarded "Management Excellence in Hospital Premises China 2020". These awards indicate that the Group's top priority to achieve service excellence in its property management segment is well recognised in the market. The Group will continue to enhance its brand reputation in service excellence.

While the unprecedented social and economic changes in the past 12 months might continue, the Group believes that the products and services offered by its lifestyle entertainment segment cannot be easily replaced. To better prepare for the future, however, the Group will continue to improve its service quality and explore the possibility of monetising its new services such as online DJ streaming.

Going forward, the Group will further consolidate its product and services under the lifestyle entertainment segment by leveraging on its established brand name and management experience to create synergy and solidify its brand awareness across different income and age groups.

When suitable opportunities arise, the Group will not preclude the possibilities of pursuing suitable investment opportunities in e-commerce, internet information technology and other emerging industries in order to expand into different income sources.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the board, I would like to thank my fellow directors, the management and all staff for their hard work and contribution to the development of the Group in the past year. I would also like to express appreciation to all shareholders and business partners for their constant trust and support to the Group.

**Mr. Zhang Jingguo** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong, 29 June 2020

#### 前景展望

於二零二零年五月十三日,寧波奧克斯在二零二 零年度中國首百名最佳物業管理服務公司(2020 China's Top 100 Best Property Management Service company)中名列第38位。寧波奧克斯 亦獲頒授「2020年度中國醫院物業優秀管理獎」 ("Management Excellence in Hospital Premises China 2020")。以上所得獎項顯示本集團致力 於物業管理方面提供的優質服務得到市場廣泛 認同。本集團將繼續以其優質服務提升品牌知 名度。

雖然過去12個月史無前例的社會和經濟變動可 能持續,本集團相信其生活娛樂板塊所提供的 產品和服務不能輕易被取代。本集團將持續改 善其服務質量並探討其新服務如DJ直播產生營 利的可能性,以便更好的為未來做準備。

展望未來,本集團將憑藉其於香港會所行業的 知名品牌及管理經驗,進一步整合生活娛樂板 塊下的產品和服務以產生協同作用並鞏固品牌 在不同收入群體及年齡組別的知名度。

若時機來臨,本集團不排除於電子商務、互聯 網資訊技術及其他新興行業尋求合適投資機會 的可能性,以擴展至不同收入來源。

#### 致謝

本人謹代表董事會,向各位董事、管理層及全 體員工致謝,感謝全體同仁在過去一年中的辛 勤工作,及為本集團發展作出的貢獻。同時本 人亦感謝所有股東及業務合夥人一直以來對本 集團的充分信任和鼎力支持。

**張靜國先生** *主席* 

香港,二零二零年六月二十九日

# Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group has been principally engaged in the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets in Hong Kong (the "lifestyle entertainment segment") and provision of property management services in the PRC (the "property management segment").

#### Business review — lifestyle entertainment segment

The Group currently owns Zentral, a club in Central (the "Club"), and three restaurant and bar outlets across Causeway Bay, Tsim Sha Tsui and Mongkok under the brand of "Mini Club". On 30 April 2019, the Group acquired Mini Club at a total consideration of HK\$6.5 million.

#### Business review — property management segment

The Group positions itself as a complex property management service provider and provides complete services to various type of properties, including medium to high-end residential properties and non-residential properties such as A-class office buildings, commercial complexes, hospitals and industrial parks.

As at 31 March 2020, the Group managed 64 projects with a total gross floor area of approximately 7.19 million square meters.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

The Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$340.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2020, representing an increase of approximately 7.1% as compared with approximately HK\$317.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in the number of property management projects managed by the Group from 50 projects for the year ended 31 March 2019 to 64 projects for the year ended 31 March 2020. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the property management segment recorded a revenue of HK\$288.0 million compared to HK\$234.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019.

#### 業務回顧

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團主 要於香港從事經營會所業務、餐廳及酒吧門店 (「生活娛樂分部」),並於中國提供物業管理服 務(「物業管理分部」)。

#### 業務回顧 — 生活娛樂分部

本集團目前擁有一間位於中環的會所,即Zentral (「會所」)及三家分別在銅鑼灣、尖沙咀及旺角 的餐廳及酒吧門店,以「Mini Club」作為品牌經 營。本集團於二零一九年四月三十日已按總代 價港幣6.5百萬元收購Mini Club。

#### 業務回顧 — 物業管理分部

本集團將自身定位為綜合物業管理服務供應商, 向多種物業類型提供全面服務,包括中高端住 宅物業及非住宅物業(如甲級寫字樓、商場、醫 院及產業園)。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團管理64項 項目,總建築面積約7.19百萬平方米。

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄 得收益約340.0百萬港元,較截至二零一九年三 月三十一日止年度的約317.6百萬港元,增加約 7.1%。收益增加主要是由於本集團於本年度內 管理的物業管理項目數目增加,由截至二零一 九年三月三十一日止年度的50項項目擴展至截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的64項項目。 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,物業管 理分部錄得收益288.0百萬港元,而截至二零一 九年三月三十一日止年度則為234.1百萬港元。

#### **Staff Costs**

The staff costs comprise salaries, wages, discretionary bonuses, membership commissions, tips from customers allocated to staff and other benefits including retirement benefit costs and other allowances and benefits payable to permanent and part time staff. The staff costs increased by approximately 8.2% or HK\$11.8 million to approximately HK\$156.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$144.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The increase was mainly due to the increase in staff costs incurred from the property management segment of HK\$14.5 million due to increase in scale of operation.

#### **Property Rentals and Related Expenses**

The property rentals and related expenses consist of lease payments under operating leases for the Club and the Group's headquarters. The property rentals and related expenses decreased by approximately 65.4% or HK\$17.8 million to approximately HK\$9.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$27.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. Such decrease was mainly due to adoption of HKFRS 16 where right-of-use assets are capitalised for rental payments for leased properties and depreciated over the lease terms.

#### Advertising and Marketing Expenses

The advertising and marketing expenses primarily consist of advertising and promotional expenses, such as the cost of inviting international disc jockeys ("DJ") to the Club. The advertising and marketing expenses decreased by approximately 60.7% or HK\$6.5 million to approximately HK\$4.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 from approximately HK\$10.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. Such decrease was mainly due to decrease in promotion activities in the Club as the Group has temporarily scaled down its marketing activities due to the market uncertainty in Hong Kong.

#### Utilities expenses and repair and maintenance expenses

The utilities expenses and repair and maintenance expenses increased by approximately HK\$5.0 million or 20.5% for the year ended 31 March 2020. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in expenses incurred for the property management business as a result of increase in scale of operation.

#### Other operating expenses

The other operating expenses remained stable at approximately HK\$33.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: approximately HK\$36.1 million). Such expenses include gardening costs, security costs and other miscellaneous expenses.

#### 員工成本

員工成本包括薪金、工資、酌情花紅、會籍佣 金、分配予員工來自客戶的小費及其他福利, 其中包括退休福利成本及應支付予長期及兼職 員工的其他津貼及福利。員工成本由截至二零 一九年三月三十一日止年度的約144.3百萬港元 增加約8.2%或11.8百萬港元至截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度的約156.1百萬港元。增幅主 要由於經營規模擴大導致物業管理分部的員工 成本增加14.5百萬港元所致。

#### 物業租金及相關開支

物業租金及相關開支包括會所及本集團總部的 經營租賃租金。物業租金及相關開支由截至二 零一九年三月三十一日止年度的約27.2百萬港元 減少約65.4%或17.8百萬港元至截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度的約9.4百萬港元。有關降 幅主要由於使用權資產就租賃物業之租賃付款 進行資本化及於租期內折舊時亦採納香港財務 報告準則第16號所致。

#### 廣告及營銷開支

廣告及營銷開支主要包括廣告及宣傳開支,例 如邀請國際唱片騎師(「DJ」)在我們會所獻技的 費用。廣告及營銷開支由截至二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度的約10.7百萬港元減少約60.7% 或6.5百萬港元至截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度的約4.2百萬港元。有關降幅主要由於香 港市場的不確定性而暫時減少其營銷活動,所 導致會所宣傳活動減少。

#### 水電費及維修及維護開支

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,水電費及 維修及維護開支增加約5.0百萬港元(或20.5%)。 該增幅主要由於經營規模擴大導致物業管理業 務產生的開支增加。

#### 其他經營開支

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,其他經 營開支保持穩定,為約33.8百萬港元(二零一九 年:約36.1百萬港元)。該等開支包括園藝成本、 保安成本及其他雜項費用。

#### **Results for the Year**

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$13.2 million, as compared with the Group's loss of approximately HK\$9.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2019. The turnaround from loss to profit for the year was mainly due to the increase in revenue of HK\$22.4 million and gain on disposal of a subsidiary of HK\$5.0 million. The revenue growth in the property management segment and the gain on disposal of Asiatic Century Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company recorded during the first half of the financial year had been instrumental in bringing about the improvement in the Group's profitability for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

### 年度業績

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的溢 利約為13.2百萬港元,而截至二零一九年三月三 十一日止年度本集團的虧損約為9.6百萬港元。 年內扭虧為盈主要由於收益增加22.4百萬港元 及出售一間附屬公司的收益5.0百萬港元所致。 物業管理分部收入增長及出售本公司之間接全 資附屬公司亞洲世紀有限公司於首半個財政年 度的所得利潤,均有助提升本集團於截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止財政年度之盈利能力。

#### LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND **GEARING**

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's total current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$302.6 million (31 March 2019: approximately HK\$298.9 million) and approximately HK\$177.8 million (31 March 2019: approximately HK\$165.0 million) respectively, while the current ratio was about 1.7 times (31 March 2019: 1.8 times).

As at 31 March 2020, the Group maintained cash at bank and in hand of approximately HK\$206.7 million (31 March 2019: approximately HK\$194.9 million). In the foreseeable future, the Group expects to fund its capital expenditures, working capital and other capital requirements from cash generated from its operations and other financing means which the Company may from time to time consider appropriate.

Total interest-bearing borrowing of the Group as at 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$131.3 million (31 March 2019: HK\$117.3 million), which was mainly represented by the loan of RMB100,000,000 with a term of five years at an interest rate of 2% per annum granted by the controlling shareholder of the Company to Starry Chance Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, for the purpose of financing its acquisition of the entire equity interests in Ningbo AUX. The gearing ratio, which is calculated by dividing total interestbearing borrowings by total equity, as at 31 March 2020 was 1.02 (31 March 2019: 0.90).

#### 流動資金、財務資源及資產負債

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之總流動 資產及流動負債分別約為302.6百萬港元(二零一 九年三月三十一日:約298.9百萬港元)及約177.8 百萬港元(二零一九年三月三十一日:約165.0百 萬港元),而流動比率約為1.7倍(二零一九年三 月三十一日:1.8倍)。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行存款 及現金約為206.7百萬港元(二零一九年三月三十 一日:約194.9百萬港元)。本集團預期於可見將 來透過經營活動及本公司可能不時認為恰當之 其他融資方式的所得現金以撥付其資本開支、 營運資金及其他資本需求。

本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日的總計息借款 約為131.3百萬港元(二零一九年三月三十一日: 117.3百萬港元)。該計息借款主要為本公司控股 股東提供予寶星有限公司(本公司的一間間接全 資附屬公司)的為期五年按年利率2%的人民幣 一億元貸款。該筆貸款是為資助收購寧波奧克 斯的全部股權。於二零二零年三月三十一日, 按總計息借款除以總權益計算之資產負債比率 為1.02(二零一九年三月三十一日:0.90)。

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

On 10 July 2017, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Chung Sun Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") pursuant to which the Company had conditionally agreed to place, through the Placing Agent, on a best effort basis, a maximum of 60,000,000 new shares of the Company (the "Subscription Shares") under the general mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") on 19 August 2016 to not less than six placees who are professional, institutional or other investors and who and whose ultimate beneficial owners were third parties independent of and not connected with the Company and its connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) at a placing price of HK\$0.91 per Subscription Share (the "Placing"). The Directors considered that it was in the interests of the Company to raise capital from the equity market in order to enhance the capital base of the Company. The market price of the shares of the Company was HK\$1.11 per share on 10 July 2017, being the date of the placing agreement and the date on which the terms of the Placing were fixed. All the conditions set out in the placing agreement had been fulfilled subsequently and the Placing was completed on 2 August 2017 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the placing agreement. The gross and net proceeds raised from the Placing were approximately HK\$54.6 million and HK\$54.1 million respectively, which were intended to be applied for supplementing the Group's working capital and for financing potential investments or acquisitions should suitable opportunities arise. The net price to the Company of each Subscription Share was approximately HK\$0.90. As at the date of this report, all HK\$54.1 million of the net proceeds raised from the Placing had been used to supplement the Group's working capital.

The Group manages its capital to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through maintaining the equity and debt in a balanced position.

As at 31 March 2020, the capital structure of the Group consists of equity of approximately HK\$128.4 million (31 March 2019: approximately HK\$130.2 million) and Ioan from the controlling shareholder of approximately HK\$109.2 million (31 March 2019: HK\$116.7 million). Except for the Ioan from the controlling shareholder and lease liabilities, the Group had no interestbearing bank borrowings, debt securities or other capital instruments as at 31 March 2020.

#### 資本架構

於二零一七年七月十日,本公司與中新證券有 限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議,據此,本 公司有條件同意根據本公司股東(「股東」)於二 零一六年八月十九日授出之一般授權透過配售 代理按盡力基準向不少於六名承配人(彼等均為 專業、機構或其他投資者,且其及其最終實益 擁有人乃獨立於本公司及其關連人士(定義見 上市規則),且與彼等概無關連的第三方)配售 最多60,000,000股本公司新股份(「認購股份」), 配售價為每股認購股份0.91港元(「配售事項」)。 董事認為,從股票市場籌集資金以增強本公司 資本基礎符合本公司的利益。本公司股份於二 零一七年七月十日(即配售協議日期及釐定配售 事項條款日期)的市價為每股股份1.11港元。配 售協議所載所有條件其後已獲達成,而配售事 項已根據配售協議之條款及條件於二零一七年 八月二日完成。配售事項籌集之所得款項總額 及淨額分別約為54.6百萬港元及54.1百萬港元, 有關款項擬用於補充本集團營運資金及於合適 機會出現時撥付潛在投資或收購。本公司每股 認購股份的淨價格約為0.90港元。於本公告日 期,配售事項之所得款項淨額已動用全數54.1 百萬港元於補充本集團營運資金。

本集團管理其資本以保證本集團持續經營的能 力,並透過維持權益及債務平衡為股東爭取最 大回報。

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團的資本架構 包括權益約128.4百萬港元(二零一九年三月三十 一日:約130.2百萬港元)及來自控股股東貸款約 109.2百萬港元(二零一九年三月三十一日:116.7 百萬港元)。除來自控股股東貸款及租賃負債之 外,於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無計 息銀行借款、債務證券或其他資本工具。

#### MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATED COMPANIES AND JOINT VENTURES AND SIGNIFICANT HELD

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 April 2019, Po Tai Holdings Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired the entire issued share capital in Mini Club for a total consideration of HK\$6.5 million. Mini Club and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the operation of three restaurants and bar outlets under the brand of "Mini Club" in Causeway Bay, Tsim Sha Tsui and Mongkok respectively.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies or joint ventures or significant investments held during the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 March 2020, the Group did not have any pledged assets (31 March 2019: HK\$0.6 million).

#### FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group intends to conduct more in-depth reviews on the suitable development strategies for the Group, including the feasibility of diversifying the income stream of the Group by exploring different business and investment opportunities in different business areas such as trading, property management, healthcare, internet information technology and other emerging industries, which may or may not include any assets and/ or business acquisitions or disposals by the Group, and will consider all options. Any such plans will be subject to review and approval by the Board and compliance with the applicable requirements under the Listing Rules where appropriate. The costs of such acquisitions will be met with cash generated from the operations of the Group and other financing means which the Group may consider appropriate from time to time.

#### 附屬公司、聯營公司、合營企業及重大 投資之重大收購或出售

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年四月三十日之公告所披露,本公司間接全資附屬公司寶泰控股 有限公司已按總代價6.5百萬港元收購Mini Club 的全部已發行股本。Mini Club及其附屬公司以 [Mini Club]品牌主要從事經營分別位於銅鑼 灣、尖沙咀及旺角的三間餐廳及酒吧門店。

除上述披露者外,本集團於截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度並無進行任何附屬公司、聯 營公司或合營企業或重大投資之重大收購或出 售。

#### 資產抵押

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何 已抵押資產(二零一九年三月三十一日:0.6百萬 港元)。

#### 重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃

本集團擬深入審視適合本集團的發展策略,包 括透過於貿易、物業管理、醫療健康、互聯網 資訊技術和其他新興產業等不同業務領域探尋 不同的業務及投資機會(可能或可能不包括本集 團進行的任何資產及/或業務收購或出售), 大本集團的收益流的可行性,並將考慮所有其 他方案。任何相關計劃須待董事會審核及批構的 成本由經營產活動及本集團不時認為恰當的其 他融資方式的所得現金支付。

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group operates in Hong Kong and Mainland China and is exposed to foreign exchange risks arising from ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risks arise from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities denominated in RMB for the entities with a functional currency in Hong Kong dollars. The Group did not use any forward contracts to hedge its foreign currency exposure during the year. The Group will from time to time review and adjust its hedging and financial strategies based on exchange rate movements in RMB and Hong Kong dollars.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2020, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 March 2020, the Group employed approximately 1,304 employees (31 March 2019: 1,205 employees). The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to its staff, including share option scheme, mandatory provident fund scheme and discretionary bonus.

#### **PROSPECTS**

The Group expects that it will take some time for the overall economic condition in Hong Kong to recover from the negative impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. The Group is aware that the Group's lifestyle entertainment segment might be susceptible to the economic downturn, and has developed business strategies such as organising livestreaming of online DJ performance in order to expand its online income source.

The Group is confident that its property management segment will act as a safety net to the Group's performance. At the same time, the Group continues to equip its lifestyle entertainment segment against future economic turbulence. The Group will continue to enhance its balanced earning portfolio, review its business performance regularly, and identify favourable investment opportunities.

#### Lifestyle entertainment segment

The Group's lifestyle entertainment segment has been severely affected by the COVID-19 outbreak. However, the Group believes that Zentral, as one of the landmark attractions in Lan Kwai Fong, will benefit from the release of the greatly compressed demand for entertainment as the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak diminishes.

#### 外匯風險

本集團於香港及中國大陸經營業務,並面對來 自人民幣(「人民幣」)的外匯風險。外匯風險來 自於未來商業交易及確認以港元為功能貨幣的 實體以人民幣計值的資產及負債。本集團於年 內並無利用任何遠期合約對沖外幣風險。本集 團將根據人民幣及港元之間的匯率變動,不時 審閱並調整本集團的對沖及財務策略。

#### 或然負債

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團約有1,304名 僱員(二零一九年三月三十一日:1,205名僱員)。 本集團向其員工提供具競爭力之薪酬方案,包括 購股權計劃、強制性公積金計劃及酌情花紅。

#### 展望

本集團預計香港的整體經濟狀況需要一段時間 方能從新冠肺炎疫情的負面衝擊中恢復。本集 團知悉生活娛樂分部可能容易受經濟下行波動 的影響,故拓展其他服務至線上DJ表演直播, 以期增加網上收入來源。

本集團有信心其物業管理分部將作為本集團業 務表現的安全網。與此同時,本集團持續裝備 其生活娛樂分部以便應對未來經濟波動。本集 團將繼續擴大其均衡盈利組合、定期審閱其業 務表現並物色有利的投資機會。

#### 生活娛樂分部

本集團的生活娛樂分部極受新冠肺炎疫情影響。然而,本集團深信Zentral作為蘭桂坊知名 地標之一,將迎接隨著新冠肺炎疫情緩和而為 娛樂行業帶來的「報復式需求」。

#### **Property management segment**

The Group's property management segment has achieved double-digit growth in the past year. To continue its past success, the Group will strive to maintain its service quality and enhance its reputation as a reliable property management service provider of hospital premises.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (31 March 2019: Nil).

#### 物業管理分部

本集團的物業管理分部於過去一年達致雙位數 字增長。為延續過往的成功,本集團將致力維 持其優良服務質素,並憑藉其作為醫院物業的 可靠的物業管理服務供應商,以提升其聲譽。

#### 末期股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度的末期股息(二零一九年三月三十一日: 零)。



### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之簡歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Zhang Jingguo (張靜國), aged 46, is the chairman and executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since February 2019. He holds a bachelor degree in economics awarded by Zhejiang University of Finance & Economics (浙江財 經大學) and a master degree in business management awarded by Zhejiang University (浙江大學). Mr. Zhang is currently the vice president of AUX Group Co. Ltd. (奧克斯集團有限公司) ("AUX Group") and an executive director and the general manager of Zhejiang AUX Startup Services Limited\* (浙江奧克斯創業服務有 限公司). Mr. Zhang started his career in 1997 and had previously worked at Ningbo Free Trade Zone Holding Company\* (寧波保 税區控股公司) and Ningbo Municipal Development and Reform Commission\* (寧波市發展和改革委員會). Mr. Zheng had also served in the Finance Bureau of the Administrative Committee of Ningbo Free Trade Zone\* (寧波保税區管理委員會財政局). Mr. Zheng has extensive experience in public administration and corporate business management.

Mr. Zheng Jiang (鄭江), aged 55, is the executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. He is currently a director and deputy chairman of AUX Group, a China Top-500 enterprise with business operations in multiple industries, primarily in air conditioner manufacturing, power equipment, healthcare and finance. He had been a director and the deputy chairman of Ningbo Sanxing Medical Electric Co., Ltd. (寧波三星醫療電氣股份有限公司), a Chinese electrical meter manufacturer listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601567) ("Ningbo Sanxing Medical"), since its listing on the Shanghai Stock Exchange in June 2011 until March 2014 when he vacated such offices by rotation. He has over 24 years of experience in corporate management. He is a brother of Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang, the controlling shareholder of the Company. He is also the sole legal and beneficial owner and sole director of Ze Hong Limited, which legally and beneficially owns 10% of the issued share capital of Huiri Limited, which in turn is interested in 219,950,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 58.66% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the latest practicable date for the purpose of ascertaining the information contained in this report.

#### 執行董事

**張靜國先生**,46歲,為本公司主席兼執行董事, 自二零一九年二月加入本集團。彼於浙江財經大 學獲得經濟學學士學位,並自浙江大學獲得企 業管理碩士學位。張先生現任奧克斯集團有限 公司(「奧克斯集團」)副總裁及浙江奧克斯創業 服務有限公司執行董事兼總經理。張先生於一 九九七年開始其職業生涯,曾在寧波保税區控 股公司及寧波市發展和改革委員會任職。張先 生亦曾任職於寧波保税區管理委員會財政局。 張先生在公共管理及企業業務管理方面擁有豐 富經驗。

鄭江先生,55歲,為本公司執行董事,自二零一 五年五月加入本集團。彼目前為奧克斯集團(中 國五百強企業,業務營運涵蓋多個行業,主要 包括空調生產、電力設備、醫療及金融)的董事 兼副主席。彼自寧波三星醫療電氣股份有限公 司(「寧波三星醫療」)(中國電錶生產商,於上海 證券交易所上市,股票代碼:601567)於二零一 一年六月於上海證券交易所上市起,一直擔任 該公司的董事兼副主席,直至二零一四年三月, 彼輪值退任相關職位。彼於企業管理方面擁有 逾24年經驗。彼為本公司控股股東鄭堅江先生 的兄弟,亦為澤宏有限公司的唯一合法實益擁 有人及唯一董事。澤宏有限公司合法及實益擁 有匯日控股有限公司已發行股本10%。匯日控股 有限公司於本公司219,950,000股股份中擁有權 益,佔本公司於確定本報告中所載若干資料的 最後實際可行日期已發行股本的約58.66%。

**Mr. Chan Hon Ki (陳漢淇)**, aged 42, is the executive Director, chief executive officer and a joint company secretary of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Canterbury, New Zealand. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chan has over 15 years of experience in the field of auditing and accounting. He has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Wah Ho Holdings Group Ltd (stock code: 9938) since December 2019 and Chen Lin Education Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1593) since November 2019. All the above are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

**Ms. Shen Guoying (沈國英)**, aged 49, is the executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. She is currently the CEO in healthcare of Ningbo AUX Healthcare Group Co., Ltd, and a director of Ningbo Sanxing Medical. She holds a bachelor's degree in accountancy awarded jointly by The Open University of China (中央廣播電視大學) and Beijing Technology and Business University (北京工商大學). She is a senior accountant (高級會計師) in the PRC. She has over 25 years of experience in finance management.

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok (潘昭國), aged 58, is the independent non-executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. He is currently an executive director, vice president and the company secretary of Huabao International Holdings Limited (stock code: 336). Mr. Poon was awarded the postgraduate diploma in laws by the University of London. He holds a master's degree in international accounting, bachelor's degree in laws and a bachelor's degree in business studies. He is a fellow of CPA Australia Ltd., the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute, a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, and a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and a member of its Technical Consultation Panel, Mainland China Focus Group and Audit Committee. Mr. Poon has years of experience in finance, compliance, and listed companies management. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Sunac China Holdings Limited (stock code: 1918), Yuanda China Holdings Limited (stock code: 2789), Changan Minsheng APLL Logistics Co., Ltd. (stock code: 1292), Tonly Electronics Holdings Limited (stock code: 1249), Sany Heavy Equipment International Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 631), Greentown Service Group Co., Ltd. (stock code: 2869), TUS International Limited (stock code: 872), Jinchuan Group International Resources Co. Ltd. (stock code: 2362), Honghua Group Limited (stock code: 196) and Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited (stock code: 1171). During the three years preceding the date of this report, Mr. Poon had served as a non-executive director of Chong Kin Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1609). All the above are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

**陳漢淇先生**,42歲,為本公司執行董事、首席執 行官及聯席公司秘書,自二零一五年五月加入本 集團。彼擁有紐西蘭坎特伯雷大學商學學士學 位。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會會員及香港 會計師公會會計師。陳先生於審核及會計方面 擁有逾15年經驗。彼分別自二零一九年十二月起 於華和控股集團有限公司(股份代號:9938),及 自二零一九年十一日起於辰林教育集團控股有 限公司(股份代號:1593)擔任獨立非執行董事。 該等公司均於聯交所主板上市。

沈國英女士,49歲,為本公司執行董事,自二零 一五年五月加入本集團。彼目前為寧波奧克斯 醫療集團有限公司的醫療總裁及寧波三星醫療 董事。彼擁有中央廣播電視大學及北京工商大 學聯合授予的會計學學士學位。彼為中國高級 會計師。彼於財務管理方面擁有逾25年經驗。

#### 獨立非執行董事

**潘昭國先生**,58歲,為本公司獨立非執行董事, 自二零一五年五月加入本集團。彼目前為華寶 國際控股有限公司(股份代號:336)的執行董 事、副總裁及公司秘書。潘先生獲英國倫敦大 學授予法學深造文憑;擁有國際會計學碩士學 位、法學學士學位及商業學學士學位。彼為為 澳洲會計師公會資深註冊會計師、香港證券及 投資學會資深會員、英國特許秘書及行政人員 公會資深會員及香港特許秘書公會資深會員及 其技術諮詢小組,中國關注組及審計委員會成 員。潘先生於融資、合規及上市公司管理方面 擁有多年經驗。彼現時擔任融創中國控股有限 公司(股份代號:1918)、遠大中國控股有限公司 (股份代號:2789)、重慶長安民生物流股份有 限公司(股份代號:1292)、通力電子控股有限 公司(股份代號:1249)、三一重裝國際控股有限 公司(股份代號:631)、綠城服務集團有限公司 (股份代號:2869)、啟迪國際有限公司(股份代 號:872)、金川集團國際資源有限公司(股份代 號:2362)、宏華集團有限公司(股份代號:196) 及兗州煤業股份有限公司(股份代號:1171)之獨 立非執行董事。於本報告日期前過去三年,潘 先生擔任創建集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號: 1609)之非執行董事。該等公司均於聯交所主板 上市。

**Mr. Bau Siu Fung (鲍**小豐), aged 53, is the independent non-executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. He is currently an executive director, chief financial officer and the company secretary of Chen Lin Education Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1593). Mr. Bau holds a bachelor's degree in Business Administration in Accountancy and Finance. Mr. Bau has more than 18 years of experience in accounting and auditing field. Mr. Bau is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Bau was appointed on 22 June 2018 as an independent non-executive director of FSM Holdings Limited (stock code: 1721). All of the above are companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Ms. Lou Aidong (婁愛東), aged 54, is the independent non-executive Director of the Company and has joined the Group since May 2015. She is currently a partner of Beijing Kangda Law Firm (北京市康達律師事務所). She holds a bachelor's degree in law from the Peking University (北京大 學). Ms. Lou is a qualified attorney in the PRC and has over 28 years of experience in the legal profession. From May 2008 to April 2010, she was a member of Public Offering Review Committee (發行審核委員會) of the China Securities Regulatory Commission (中國證券監督管理委員會). She serves as an independent director of two companies listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, namely Guangdong Hongda Blasting Co., Ltd. (廣東宏大爆破股份有限公司) (stock code: 002683) and Jiangsu Nata Opto-electronic Material Co., Ltd. (江蘇南大光電材料股份 有限公司) (stock code: 300346). **鲍小豐先生**,53歲,為本公司獨立非執行董事, 於二零一五年五月加入本集團。彼目前為辰林 教育集團控股有限公司(股份代號:1593)的執 行董事、首席財務官及公司秘書。鮑先生獲會 計及金融商業管理學士學位。鮑先生在會計及 審核方面擁有逾18年經驗。鮑先生為香港會計 師公會會員。鮑先生曾於二零一八年六月二十 二日,獲委任為FSM Holdings Limited (股份代 號:1721)之獨立非執行董事。該等公司均於聯 交所主板上市。

**婁愛東女士**,54歲,為本公司獨立非執行董事, 於二零一五年五月加入本集團。彼目前為北京 市康達律師事務所合夥人。彼持有北京大學法 學學士學位。婁女士為中國合資格律師及於法 律專業方面擁有逾28年經驗。自二零零八年五 月至二零一零年四月,彼為中國證券監督管理 委員會發行審核委員會成員。彼擔任兩間於深 圳證券交易所上市的公司廣東宏大爆破股份有 限公司(股票代碼:002683)及江蘇南大光電材 料股份有限公司(股票代碼:300346)的獨立董 事。

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company recognises the importance of corporate transparency and accountability. The Company is committed to achieving a high standard of corporate governance and leading the Group to attain better results and improve its corporate image with effective corporate governance procedures.

The Board is of the opinion that the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted The Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors. The Company has made specific enquiries with all Directors and they have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2020.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF AND DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board provides leadership, guidance and strategic decisions to the Group's activities and oversees its financial performances. The Board has delegated its powers to the management for the Group's daily management and operations.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board comprised four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. At least one of the independent non-executive Directors possessed the appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management expertise, which complied with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. Throughout the year ended 31 March 2020, the number of independent non-executive Directors represents more than one-third of the Board. As such, there existed a strong independent element in the Board, which effectively exercised independent judgement. 董事會欣然提呈本公司截至二零二零年三月三 十一日止年度的企業管治報告。

#### 企業管治常規

本公司深明企業透明度及問責制度的重要性。 本公司於致力達致高水平的企業管治同時,亦 透過有效的企業管治程序帶領本集團取得更好 的業績及提升企業形象。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事會 認為本公司已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)附錄14內企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」) 所載的所有適用守則條文。

#### 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行 人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」) 作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。本公司已向 全體董事作出具體查詢,而全體董事已確認, 彼等於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止整個年 度均已遵守標準守則。

#### 董事會的職責及授權職責

董事會負責本集團業務的領導、指引及策略決 策,並監督其財務表現。董事會授予管理層處 理本集團日常管理及營運事宜的權力。

#### 董事會的組成

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事會由 四名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。最 少一名當時獨立非執行董事具備合適的專業會 計資格及財務管理專業知識,符合上市規則的 規定。本公司已遵守上市規則第3.10及3.10A條。 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止整個年度,獨 立非執行董事的數目佔董事會三分之一以上, 因此,董事會具高度獨立性,能有效作出獨立 判斷。

For the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to latest practicable date prior to the printing of this report, the Board comprised the following Directors:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Jingguo *(Chairman)* Mr. Zheng Jiang Mr. Chan Hon Ki Ms. Shen Guoying

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Bau Siu Fung Ms. Lou Aidong

The brief biographical details of the current Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 15 to 17.

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" to this annual report, the Directors have no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with one another.

#### INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each independent nonexecutive Directors, a written confirmation of his or her independence to the Company pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent nonexecutive Directors to be independent in accordance with the relevant guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

# DIRECTORS' CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development courses and seminars to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has arranged trainings for Directors in the form of seminars and provision of training materials. All Directors have provided their training records to the Company.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度及直至本 報告付印前之最後實際可行日期,董事會由以 下董事組成:

#### 執行董事

張靜國先生(*主席)* 鄭 江先生 陳漢淇先生 沈國英女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

潘昭國先生 鮑小豐先生 婁愛東女士

現任董事的履歷簡介載於第15至17頁的「董事及 高級管理層之簡歷」一節。

除本年報「董事及高級管理層之簡歷」一節所披露者外,董事之間並無其他財務、業務、家庭 或其他重大/相關關係。

#### 獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 規定發出的確認書,確認其獨立於本公司。按 照上市規則第3.13條所載的相關指引,本公司認 為全部獨立非執行董事均確屬獨立。

#### 董事的持續專業發展

本公司鼓勵全體董事參加持續專業發展課程及 研討會,以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。本 公司曾以研討會的形式為董事安排培訓,並提 供培訓材料。所有董事已向本公司提供彼等的 培訓記錄。

According to records provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2020 is as follows:

根據董事提供的記錄,董事截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度接受的培訓概要如下:

000000000000000000000000000000000000000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Attended seminars 出席研討會
	***************************************	*****
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Zhang Jingguo	張靜國先生	$\checkmark$
Mr. Zheng Jiang	鄭江先生	$\checkmark$
Mr. Chan Hon Ki	陳漢淇先生	$\checkmark$
Ms. Shen Guoying	沈國英女士	$\checkmark$
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok	潘昭國先生	$\checkmark$
Mr. Bau Siu Fung	鮑小豐先生	$\checkmark$
Ms. Lou Aidong	婁愛東女士	$\checkmark$

#### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the positions of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer were held separately. The role of Chairman was held by Mr. Zhang Jingguo and Chief Executive Officer was held by Mr. Chan Hon Ki (appointed with effect from 21 September 2019) and Mr. Wong Hei Yan (resigned with effect from 21 September 2019). The Chairman is responsible for the leadership and governance for the Board while the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for day-to-day management of the Group's business.

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer is defined and established in writing.

# APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The service contract of Mr. Zheng Jiang, Mr. Chan Hon Ki and Ms. Shen Guoying, both with an initial term of three years with effect from 15 May 2015. The service contract of Mr. Zhang Jingguo with an initial term of three years is commencing from 1 February 2019. These contracts shall be renewed and extended automatically for successive terms of one year upon expiry of the then current term until terminated by him or her by giving not less than three months' written notice expiring at the end of the initial term of his or her appointment or any time thereafter to the Company, or by the Company by giving not less than three months' written notice expiring at the first anniversary of the initial term of his or her appointment or any time thereafter to him or her.

#### 主席及行政總裁

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,主席及行 政總裁的職位由不同人士擔任。主席一職由張 靜國先生擔任,而行政總裁一職由陳漢淇先生 (於二零一九年九月二十一日起獲委任)及黃熙 仁先生(於二零一九年九月二十一日辭任)擔任。 主席負責帶領及監管董事會,而行政總裁則負 責本集團業務的日常管理事宜。

主席及行政總裁的職責已明確區分,並以書面 形式確立。

董事委任、重選及免職

鄭江先生、陳漢淇先生及沈國英女士的服務合約自二零一五年五月十五日起初步為期三年。 張靜國先生的服務合約自二零一九年二月一日 起初步為期三年。該等合約應在當時的現有任 期屆滿時自動續新及延長一年任期,直至於其 獲委任的初步任期屆滿或其後任何時間由其以 不少於三個月書面通知知會本公司或於其獲委 任的初步任期的第一個週年結束或其後任何時 間由本公司以不少於三個月書面通知知會其而 予以終止。

Each of the current independent non-executive Directors has been appointed to the Board for an initial term of three years commencing from 15 May 2015 which shall be renewed and extended automatically for successive terms of one year upon expiry of the then current term until terminated either by him by giving not less than three months' written notice expiring at the end of the initial term of his or her appointment or any time thereafter to the Company, or by the Company by giving not less than three months' written notice expiring at the first anniversary of the initial term of his appointment or any time thereafter to him or her.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are governed by the Company's Articles of Association. The appointment of each of the Directors is subject to his re-election at an annual general meeting upon retirement. The Company's Articles of Association provides that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy in the Board shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation at least once every 3 years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Accordingly, Mr. Chan Hon Ki, Ms. Shen Guo Ying and Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok shall retire by rotation at the annual general meeting. All of the retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the same meeting. 各現任獨立非執行董事已獲委任加入董事會, 自二零一五年五月十五日起初步為期三年,並 在當時的現有任期屆滿時自動續新及延長一年 任期,直至於其獲委任的初步任期屆滿或其後 任何時間由其以不少於三個月書面通知知會本 公司或於其獲委任的初步任期的第一個週年結 束或其後任何時間由本公司以不少於三個月書 面通知知會其而予以終止。

董事委任、重選及免職的程序及過程受本公司 組織章程細則規管。各董事的委任受其於股東 週年大會上退任並膺選連任所規限。本公司之 組織章程細則規定,任何獲董事會委任以填補 董事會臨時空缺的董事,任期僅至其獲委任後 本公司首屆股東大會為止,並於屆時符合資格於 該大會上膺選連任。任何獲董事會委任以加入 現有董事會的董事,任期僅至本公司下屆股東 週年大會為止,並於屆時符合資格膺選連任。

根據本公司組織章程細則,於本公司每屆股東 週年大會上,其時三分之一的董事(或倘董事人 數並非三或三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分 之一的人數)須每三年至少輪席退任一次。退任 董事符合資格膺選連任。

因此,陳漢淇先生、沈國英女士及潘昭國先生 將於股東週年大會上輪職退任。全體退任董事 均符合資格,可於同一大會上膺選連任。

#### **BOARD MEETING**

The Board meets regularly to discuss and formulate the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications.

Pursuant to CG Code provision A.1.1, the Board should meet regularly and board meetings should be held at least four times a year.

If a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the Director shall abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions and he/she shall not be counted as a quorum in the Board meeting discussing the matter concerned.

Set out below are details of the attendance record of each of the Directors at the Board and committee meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 March 2020:

### 董事會會議

董事會定期會晤以討論及制訂本集團整體策略 以及營運及財務表現。董事可親自或透過電子 通訊方式出席會議。

根據企業管治守則條文第A.1.1條,董事會應定 期會晤,而每年應舉行董事會會議至少四次。

倘董事於董事會將予考慮的某項事宜上存有利 益衝突,而董事會認為該項利益衝突屬重大, 則董事須於討論該項事宜的董事會會議上就相 關決議案放棄投票,且不得計入法定人數。

下文載列各董事出席本公司截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度所舉行的董事會及委員會會 議的出席記錄詳情:

#### Attendance to meetings

#### 出席會議

***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Attendance/Number of Meetings Held 出席/舉行會議次數				
		Regular		Nomination		Annual
Name of Discology		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
Name of Directors		Meeting 定期董事會	Meeting 審核委員會	Meeting 提名委員會	Meeting 薪酬委員會	<b>Meeting</b> 股東週年
董事姓名		と効果ず自	<b>田似女員自</b> 會議	<u>此口女只自</u> 會議	和前女只有	<u>版</u> 末過中 大會
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	······	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××			
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Jingguo	張靜國先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Zheng Jiang	鄭 江先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
Mr. Chan Hon Ki	陳漢淇先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Ms. Shen Guoying	沈國英女士	4/4	N/A 不適用	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok	潘昭國先生	4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Bau Siu Fung	鮑小豐先生	4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. Lou Aidong		4/4	4/4	1/1	1/1	1/1

#### **GENERAL MEETING**

The annual general meeting of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020 is scheduled to be held on 21 August 2020.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. All the Board committees perform their distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference which are available to shareholders on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

#### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on 3 January 2014 with terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Audit Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Bau Siu Fung (Chairman), Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok and Ms. Lou Aidong, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee include, among others, (i) providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control, compliance and risk management systems of the Group; (ii) overseeing the audit process and performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board; (iii) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance with legal and regulatory requirements and requirements under the Listing Rules; and (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to the employees and Directors.

A summary of work performed by the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out as follows:

- Reviewed with the senior management and financein-charge and/or the external auditors the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, the accuracy and fairness of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 and interim financial report for the six months ended 30 September 2019 respectively;
- Met with the external auditors and reviewed their work and findings relating to the annual audit for the year ended 31 March 2019 and the effectiveness of the audit process;

#### 股東大會

本公司截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的 股東週年大會計劃於二零二零年八月二十一日 舉行。

#### 董事委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會。所有董事委員會按照各自的職權範圍 履行其獨有職能,職權範圍載於本公司及聯交 所網址供股東查閱。董事委員會獲得充足資源 履行職務,並可應合理要求,於適當情況下徵 詢獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會於二零一四年一月三日成立,並根 據企業管治守則制訂其職權範圍。截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度,審核委員會由三名 成員組成,即鮑小豐先生(主席)、潘昭國先生 及婁愛東女士,彼等均為獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)(i)提供 有關本集團財務申報流程、內部控制、合規及 風險管理系統有效性的獨立意見:(ii)監督審計 流程及履行董事會指派的其他職責及責任:(iii) 制定及審閱我們有關法律及監管規定及上市規 則規定的企業管治政策及常規:及(iv)制定、審 閱及監控適用於僱員及董事的行為守則。

審核委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度進行的工作概要載列如下:

- 與高級管理層及財務主管及/或外聘核數 師檢討本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例, 以及截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度 的年度財務報表及截至二零一九年九月三 十日止六個月的中期財務報告的準確性及 公平性;
- 會見外聘核數師,檢討其有關截至二零一 九年三月三十一日止年度的年度審計工作 及結果,以及審計過程的有效性;

- Reviewed with management and finance-in-charge the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group;
- Conducted annual review of the disclosed continuing connected transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2019;
- Approved the internal audit plan for the year ended 31 March 2020 and internal audit report for the year ended 31 March 2019;
- Reviewed the external auditors' independence, approved the engagement of external auditors and recommended to the Board on the re-appointment of external auditors;
- Reviewed the financial reporting and compliance procedures and the report from the management on the Company's internal control systems and processes; and
- Noted the new requirements on the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide under the Listing Rules and highlighted the amendments under the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report of the Listing Rules.

#### **Corporate Governance Function**

The Audit Committee has been appointed by the Board to perform the corporate governance function. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Audit Committee (i) reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report; and (ii) reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee was established on 3 January 2014, with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Nomination Committee comprised a total of five members, being two executive directors, namely Mr. Zhang Jingguo (Chairman) and Ms. Shen Guoying, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok, Mr. Bau Siu Fung and Ms. Lou Aidong. Accordingly, a majority of the members were and continue to be independent non-executive Directors.

The primary responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include making recommendations to the Board regarding candidates to fill vacancies on the Board.

- 與管理層及財務主管檢討本集團內部控制
   系統的有效性;
- 對本集團截至二零一九年三月三十一日止 年度的已披露持續關連交易進行年度檢 討;
- 批准截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度
   的內部審核計劃及截至二零一九年三月三
   十一日止年度的內部審核報告;
- 檢討外聘核數師的獨立性、批准外聘核數
   師的委聘及就外聘核數師的續聘向董事會
   提供建議;
- 檢討財務申報及合規程序以及管理層對本 公司的內部控制系統及程序作出的報告;
- 得悉上市規則項下有關《環境、社會及管 治報告指引》的新規定,以及概述上市規 則內企業管治守則及企業管治報告的修 訂。

#### 企業管治職能

董事會委任審核委員會履行企業管治職能。截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,審核委員 會(i)檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及企 業管治報告內的披露:及(ii)審閱及監察遵守法 律及監管規定的本公司政策及慣例。

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一四年一月三日成立,並根據 企業管治守則制訂其具體書面職權範圍。截至 二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,提名委員會由 合共五名成員組成,即兩名執行董事張靜國先 生及沈國英女士以及三名獨立非執行董事潘昭 國先生、鮑小豐先生及婁愛東女士。因此,成 員大部分皆為及將繼續為獨立非執行董事。

提名委員會的主要職責包括向董事會作出有關 填補董事會空缺的候選人的推薦建議。

A summary of the work performed by the Nomination Committee during the financial year ended 31 March 2020 is set out as follows:

- Reviewed and discussed on the existing structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements for the business of the Group and that it is in compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules.
- Make recommendation to the Board for the re-election of existing directors.

The recommendations on director appointment and reelection were made in accordance with the Company's policy for nomination of Directors and took into account the diversity aspects (including, without limitation, age, cultural and educational background, professional expertise and experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) under the board diversity policy. For details, please refer to the section headed "Board Diversity Policy" in this Corporate Governance Report. In particular, the Nomination Committee had taken into consideration the perspectives, skills and experience that Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok could bring to the Board as an independent non-executive Director, including without limitation his extensive experience in finance, compliance, and listed companies management.

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok is holding directorships in more than seven listed companies as at the Latest Practicable Date. As an independent non-executive director of each of these companies, he is not involved in the day-to-day operations and management of the businesses of such companies. Mr. Poon has annually disclosed to the Company the number and nature of offices held in listed companies and other significant commitments. As a professional, he is competent in time management and has sound knowledge and skills to effectively discharge his duties in those positions. The Board considers that Mr. Poon is able to devote sufficient time to the Board. 提名委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 財政年度進行的工作概要載列如下:

- 檢討及討論董事會的現行架構、規模、組 成及多元化,確保成員間的專長、技能及 經驗獲得平衡,以配合本集團的業務需 要,並符合上市規則的規定。
- 就重選現有董事向董事會提出推薦意見。

董事委任及重選之推薦意見乃根據本公 司提名董事之政策作出並經考慮董事會多 元化政策項下的多元化方面(包括但不限 於年齡、文化及教育背景、專長及經驗、 技能、知識及服務年限)。更多詳情,請 參閲企業管治報告「董事會多元化政策」一 節。尤其是,提名委員會經考慮潘昭國先 生作為獨立非執行董事可為董事會帶來 的觀點、技能及經驗,包括但不限於其在 金融、合規及上市公司管理方面的豐富經 驗。

於最後實際可行日期,潘昭國先生在超過 七間上市公司擔任董事職位。於擔任上述 每間公司的獨立非執行董事期間,其並無 參與該等公司之日常營運及業務管理。潘 先生已每年向本公司披露其於上市公司所 持職務的數量及性質以及其他重要承諾。 作為一名專業人士,彼擅長時間管理,並 具備有效地執行該等職位的職責的良好 知識及技能。董事會認為潘先生可投入足 夠時間履行董事責任。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee was established on 3 January 2014, with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Remuneration Committee comprised a total of five members, being two executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhang Jingguo and Mr. Zheng Jiang, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Lou Aidong (Chairwoman), Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok and Mr. Bau Siu Fung. Accordingly, a majority of the members were and continue to be independent non-executive Directors.

The primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include, among others, (i) making recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a set of formal and transparent procedures for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of executive Directors and members of senior management.

A summary of the work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 31 March 2020 is set out as follows:

- Assessed performance of executive Directors;
- Reviewed the remuneration policy and structure of the Company; and
- Reviewed and recommended to the Board on the remuneration packages (including discretionary bonus) of Directors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

# REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT BY BAND

Pursuant to Code Provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, details of the annual remuneration of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零一四年一月三日成立,並根 據企業管治守則制訂其具體書面職權範圍。截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會 由合共五名成員組成,即兩名執行董事張靜國 先生及鄭江先生以及三名獨立非執行董事婁愛 東女士(主席)、潘昭國先生及鮑小豐先生。因 此,成員大部分皆為及將繼續為獨立非執行董 事。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)(i)就董 事及高級管理層的所有薪酬政策及架構以及就 制定有關薪酬的政策設立一套正式透明程序而 向董事會作出推薦建議:(ii)參考董事會的企業 目標及宗旨,審閱及批准管理層的薪酬建議: 及(iii)就執行董事及高級管理層成員的薪酬方案 向董事會作出推薦建議。

薪酬委員會於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度進行的工作概要載列如下:

- 評估執行董事的表現;
- 檢討本公司的薪酬政策及架構;及
- 檢討本公司董事及高級管理層於截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度的薪酬待遇 (包括酌情花紅),並就此向董事會提出建 議。

高級管理層成員按組別劃分的薪酬

根據企業管治守則守則條文第B.1.5條,截至二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度,高級管理層按 組別劃分的年度薪酬詳情如下:

	Number of individuals			
Remuneration band	薪酬組別	人數		
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	*****		
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2		
	.,	_		

Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board has established a board diversity policy. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Under the policy, the selection of Board candidates shall be based on a range of diversity perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity for the Board.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven Directors.

5 4 – 3 – 2 -1 -0 Male Female ED INED Below 43 43-50 51-60 執行董事 獨立非執行董事 43歲以下 43歲至50歲 51歲至60歲 男 女 Gender 性別 Age Group 年齡組別 Designation 職 位

#### Number of Directors 董事數目

各董事截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的 薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會已制訂董事會多元化政策。本公司明白 並深信董事會成員多元化對提升本公司表現質 素裨益良多。根據該政策,甄選董事會候選人 應參考本公司的業務模式及特定需求基於多元 化視角作出,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化 背景及種族,以及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、 知識及服務年期。所有董事會作出的任命均基 於用人唯才原則,考慮人選時將按適當準則, 並充分顧及董事會多元化之裨益。

於本報告日期,董事會由七名董事組成。



#### **EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the remunerations paid or payable to the external auditor in respect of its audit services and non-audit services provided to the Group were approximately HK\$2,580,000 and HK\$26,000, respectively. The amount for non-audit services comprised mainly the tax compliance services for the Company.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2020. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The statement of the independent auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 84 to 91.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board acknowledges that it is its duty to monitor the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis and review their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted an annual review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

#### 外部核數師薪酬

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,就外部核 數師向本集團提供的審核服務及非審核服務而 已付或應付外部核數師薪酬分別約為2,580,000 港元及26,000港元。非審核服務的金額主要包 括本公司的税務合規服務。

#### 董事就財務報表的責任

董事確認彼等編製本公司截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度財務報表的責任。董事並不知 悉任何重大不確定因素與可能對本公司持續經 營的能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況相關。本 公司獨立核數師有關彼等對財務報表申報責任 的聲明載於第84至91頁的獨立核數師報告。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會知悉其有責任按持續經營基準監控本集 團風險管理及內部監控制度並審閱其成效。該 等制度旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的 風險,而且只能就重大失實陳述或虧損作出合 理而非絕對的保證。

年內,董事會透過審核委員會檢討本集團年度 風險管理及內部監控制度的設計及實施成效, 涵蓋所有重大控制,包括財務、經營及合規控 制,旨在確保本集團在會計、內部審核及財務 匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓 計劃及有關預算充足。就此而言,審核委員會 就任何重大事宜會與董事會溝通。

During the Year, the Group appointed BT Corporate Governance Limited (formerly known as Corporate Governance Professionals Limited) ("BTCG") to:

- assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of workshops and interviews; and
- independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by BTCG to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of BTCG as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

The Group has established internal control procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information in order to comply with Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules as well as Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The internal control mechanism includes information flow and reporting processes, confidentiality arrangements, disclosure procedures, and staff training arrangements, etc.

#### **Our Enterprise Risk Management Framework**

The Group has established its enterprise risk management framework in 2016. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritised and allocated treatments. Our risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management — Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee, which oversees risk management and internal audit functions. 年內,本集團委任哲慧企管專才有限公司(前稱 企業管治專才有限公司)(「哲慧企管專才」):

- 透過一系列工作坊及訪談,協助識別及評 估本集團的風險;及
- 獨立進行內部監控審閱並評估本集團的
   風險管理及內部監控制度的成效。

獨立審閲及評估結果乃呈報予審核委員會及董 事會。此外,哲慧企管專才所建議為提高本集 團風險管理及內部監控制度及減低本集團風險 管理措施的改進工作已獲董 事會採納。根據哲慧企管專才的調查結果及建 議以及審核委員會的意見,董事會認為內部監 控及風險管理制度有效及充分。

本集團已就處理及發佈內幕消息設立內部監控 程序,以遵守上市規則第13章以及證券及期貨 條例第XIVA部。內部監控機制包括信息流及報 告程序、保密安排、披露程序及員工培訓安排 等。

#### 企業風險管理框架

本集團已於二零一六年建立其企業風險管理框架。董事會的整體職責是確保維持良好和有效 之內部監控,而管理層負責設計及實施內部監 控制度以管理本集團所面臨的各種風險。

透過風險識別及評估程序,識別、評估、排序 及作出應對風險的措施。我們的風險管理框架 遵循COSO企業風險管理 — 整合框架,讓董事 會及管理層能夠有效管理本集團的風險。董事 會透過審核委員會定期收取報告,監督風險管 理及內部審核職能。

#### **OUR RISK CONTROL MECHANISM**

The Group adopts a "three lines of defence" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance and compliance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by BTCG. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

The Group's risk management activities are performed by management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the Directors will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.

#### 風險監控機制

本集團採納「三道防線」企業管治架構,由營運 管理層進行營運管理及控制,連同財務及合規 團隊開展的風險管理監控及外包予並由哲慧企 管專才進行獨立內部審核。本集團設立風險登 記冊以記錄本集團所有已識別主要風險。風險 登記冊為董事會、審核委員會及管理層提供其 主要風險情況, 並記錄管理層為降低相關風險 所採取的行動。每種風險乃根據其發生的可能 性及對本集團的潛在影響至少每年進行評估。 風險登記冊由管理層作為風險擁有人於進行年 度風險評估後至少每年更新額外新風險及/或 去除現有風險(倘適用)。此檢討程序可確保本 集團主動管理其所面臨的風險,所有風險擁有 人可查閱風險登記冊並知悉及警覺於彼等責任 領域內的該等風險,以使彼等可採取有效跟進 行動。

本集團的風險管理舉措由管理層持續進行。本 集團風險管理框架的成效將至少每年予以評估, 並舉行定期管理層會議以更新風險監控工作進 度。管理層致力於確保風險管理為日常業務營 運程序的一部份,以高效協調風險管理與企業 目標一致。

本公司會繼續每年聘請外聘獨立專業人士對本 集團內部監控及風險管理系統進行檢討,並於 適當時進一步加強本集團的內部監控及風險管 理系統。

現時本集團並無內部審核部門。董事已檢討內 部審核部門之需要,彼等認為以本集團業務之 規模、性質及結構而言,委任外聘獨立專業人 士為本集團進行內部審核工作來滿足集團需要, 更具成本效益。然而,董事將會繼續最少每年 檢討一次內部審核部門的需要。

#### JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

The joint company secretaries of the Group are Ms. Tsang Kwok Shan Sandy and Mr. Chan Hon Ki. Each of Ms. Tsang and Mr. Chan has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### **DIVIDEND AND DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Board adopted a dividend policy for the Company which took effect from January 2014. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the Company's future operations and earnings, capital requirements and surplus, general financial condition, contractual restrictions and other factors which the Directors deem relevant such as the prevailing market conditions and global economic situation.

The dividend payout ratio would be calculated based on certain per cent of the net profit recorded during the financial year, with a view to retaining sufficient funds and capital for operational uses and future investment opportunities and ensuring that all possible acquisitions could be properly financed. The dividend policy will continue to be reviewed from time to time and there can be no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

The payment of dividend is also subject to any restriction under the laws of Hong Kong, the laws of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles").

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communications between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company shall be held each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board.

#### 聯席公司秘書

本集團之聯席公司秘書為曾國珊女士及陳漢淇 先生。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,曾 女士及陳先生均接受不少於15小時的相關專業 培訓。

#### 股息及股息政策

董事會自二零一四年一月起採納本公司的股息 政策。於決定是否建議宣派股息及釐定股息金 額時,董事會將考慮本公司未來營運及盈利、 資金需求及盈餘、整體財務狀況、合約限制及 董事認為相關的其他因素,例如現行市況及全 球經濟狀況。

派息率將按財政年度內錄得的溢利淨額的若干 百分比計算,乃經考慮保留足夠資金及資本作營 運之用及未來投資機會並確保所有可能的收購 均妥為撥資。股息政策將不時繼續予以檢討, 並無保證在任何特定期間派付任何特定金額的 股息。

股息的派付亦須受香港法律、開曼群島法律 及本公司組織章程細則項下的限制所規限(「細 則」)。

#### 股東權利

本公司股東大會為股東及董事會提供溝通的機 會。本公司每年於董事會決定的地點舉行股東 週年大會(「股東週年大會」)。

## Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM")

Pursuant to the Article 64 of the Articles, an EGM shall be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary at the headquarters of the Company in Hong Kong, which is presently situated at Unit 1, 10/F., Emperor Group Centre, 288 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and signed by the requisitionist(s). The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the request has been verified not in order, the Shareholders will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### Putting Enquiries by Shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the company secretary at the Company's headquarters in Hong Kong.

## Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals by Shareholders at Shareholders' Meeting

Shareholders are requested to follow Article 64 of the Articles for including a resolution at an EGM. The requirements and procedures are set out above in the paragraph headed "Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting".

# SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2020, there were no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company.

#### 股東召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)

根據細則第64條,股東特別大會可應一名或多 名本公司股東(「股東」)要求而召開,而該等股東 於要求寄存當日須持有不少於有權於股東大會 上投票的本公司實繳股本的十分之一。該項要 求須以書面向董事會或本公司香港總部的公司 秘書作出(其現時地址為香港灣仔區軒尼詩道 288號英皇集團中心10樓1室),並由提出要求者 簽署,以要求董事會就處理該要求所指定的任 何業務交易召開股東特別大會。要求將由本公 司於香港的股份過戶登記分處核證,董事會將 於股份過戶登記處確認要求屬恰當及妥當後, 按照法定要求向所有登記股東發出充分通知, 以召開股東特別大會。相反,倘該要求被核證 屬不妥當,則股東將獲告知該結果,而股東特 別大會將因而不會按要求召開。倘董事會於該 項要求寄存後21日內未能召開該大會,則提出 要求者本人(彼等)可以相同方式召開大會,而本 公司須向提出要求者償付提出要求者因董事會 未能召開大會而產生的所有合理開支。

#### 股東對董事會提出查詢

股東可向本公司遞交書面查詢,註明由本公司 於香港總部的公司秘書收。

#### 股東於股東大會提呈建議的程序

股東向股東特別大會提呈決議案時須遵守細則 第64條,相關規定及程序載於上文「股東召開股 東特別大會」一段。

#### 章程文件的重大變動

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司的 章程文件並無重大變動。

### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

#### INTRODUCTION

AUX International Holdings Limited ("AUX") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") are committed to providing high-quality services, and to maintain its pioneering position of both the private club entertainment business in Hong Kong as well as property management business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") as the Group's vision and mission. The Group is committed to be a responsible corporate institution. While making great effort to achieve its corporate goals, the Group also hopes to seek benefits for the society in order to achieve sustainable development of all aspects.

In view of this, this Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report will focus on the balance between three aspects: corporate needs, social needs and environmental concerns. The Group understands that including the elements of sustainable development into corporate strategies has now become a trend. We will communicate with different stakeholders actively in order to understand the needs of all parties, and to manage the ESG issue in a comprehensive way. The Group will consider relevant short-term and long-term factors while implementing the plan of sustainable development, which includes the challenges we are facing, responsibilities to stakeholders, global trends, regulations and risk management, etc. We believe that in today's constantly changing business environment, a company must take its responsibility on to ESG issues in the long run in order to succeed.

Through careful and in-depth understandings on the risks and opportunities of ESG issues the Group is facing, the Group will actively fulfil its corporate social responsibilities, abiding local laws, providing suitable working environment for the employees, and would also pay attention to social issues including responsible procurement, avoiding drug abuse, environmental protection, volunteer activities, etc. We will also contribute to environmental protection starting from waste reduction. As a part of the society, the Group will strive to contribute to the society and work together to create a better environment in the community.

Lastly, regarding the Group's policy and performance on the four major categories of environmental protection, employment and labour practices, operation practices and community participation from 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020, the Board of Directors are pleased to present the 2019/2020 ESG report of the Group.

#### 引言

奧克斯國際控股有限公司(以下簡稱「奧克斯」) 及其附屬公司(以下合稱「本集團」)致力提供高 質素的服務,並以維持在香港的會所式娛樂業 務與在中華人民共和國(中國)的物業管理業務 的先驅地位作為本集團的願景及使命。本集團 致力於成為一家負責任的企業機構,在努力實 現企業目標的同時,本集團亦希望為社會尋求 福祉,從各方面達致可持續發展。

有見及此,本環境、社會及管治(以下簡稱 [ESG])報告將會著重企業需要、社會需求及環 境關注三方面的平衡。本集團明白將可持續發 展的元素注入企業戰略已成為趨勢,我們會 積極與不同的持份者進行溝通,了解各方的需 要,並就ESG問題上作一個周全的管理。在 關的短期及長期因素,當中包括我們正在面對的 挑戰、對持份者的責任、全球趨勢、法規及風 險管理等。我們相信在現今不斷轉變的營商環 境裡,一所企業必須長遠就ESG問題上作出承 擔方可成功。

透過仔細及深入了解本集團在ESG上所面對的 不同風險及機遇,本集團會積極履行企業社會 責任,遵守當地法律,為員工提供一個合適的 工作環境,同時亦會關注社會議題,當中包括 負責任採購、防止濫藥、環境保育、義工活動 等。我們同時亦會從減少浪費著手,為環境出 一分力。作為社會的一份子,本集團定當努力 為社會作出貢獻,共同協力營造一個更好的社 區環境。

最後,就本集團於二零一九年四月一日至二零二 零年三月三十一日期間於環境保護、僱傭及勞 工常規、營運慣例及社區參與四個主要範疇之 政策及表現,董事會在此欣然提呈本集團二零 一九/二零二零年度之ESG報告。

#### **ABOUT THE REPORT**

This report introduces the Group's significant ESG performance in the 2019/2020 fiscal year, and its long-term commitments to ESG. This Report mainly focuses on the Group's two main businesses, including the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets in Hong Kong and the provision of property management services in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), and describes the progress of the Group in creating sustainable values for its shareholders and other stakeholders.

#### **REPORTING RANGE AND BOUNDARY**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Main Board Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). This Report summarises the ESG practices of the two operation units, namely AUX and Ningbo AUX Property Management Service Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo AUX"). The information contained herein is helpful to know about and evaluate the Group's ESG performance in routine business in Hong Kong and the PRC.

In addition to internal factors, such as the corporate value, strategy and core competence, the Group has also communicated with the internal and external stakeholders on a regular basis, and considered the ESG strategies of other industries, so as to achieve sustainable development. The Group has identified the following categories that have or maybe have a significant impact on the Group's ESG performance:

- Clubbing and entertainment industry in Hong Kong;
- Property service industry in the PRC;
- Property management market in the PRC;
- Present or future environment and society;
- Financial performance or operation of the Group; and
- Evaluation, decision and action of the Group's stakeholders.

#### 報告簡介

本報告介紹了本集團在二零一九/二零二零年 財政年度的重要ESG績效,以及對ESG的長期承 諾。本報告主要關注本集團的兩個主要業務, 包括於香港經營會所餐廳及酒吧門市業務及於 中華人民共和國(「中國」)提供物業管理服務, 描述了本集團在為股東和其他持份者創造可持 續價值方面取得的進展。

#### 報告範圍和界線

本報告是根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)頒布的《主板上市規則》附錄二十七中的《環 境、社會及管治報告指引》所準備。本報告總結 了兩個營運單位,即奧克斯及寧波奧克斯物業 服務有限公司(「寧波奧克斯」)對ESG的實踐,包 含的信息有助於了解並評估本集團在香港及中 國內地日常業務中的ESG績效。

除了內部因素,如本集團的團體價值觀、策略 和核心競爭力外,本集團亦已定期與內部及外 部持份者溝通,並考慮了其他行業對手的ESG 策略,以實現可持續發展。本集團已識別出以 下對本集團ESG表現具有或可能具有重大影響 的範疇:

- 香港的會所式娛樂行業;
- 中國內地物業服務行業;
- 中國內地物業管理市場;
- 現今或未來的環境及社會;
- 本集團的財務業績或經營;及
- 本集團的持份者的評估,決定和行動。

In preparing this report, the Group has adopted some global and local industry standards or best practices, including the ESG Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange and the applicable accounting and financial reporting standards of Hong Kong.

The Group has covered the critical issues concerned by different stakeholder groups through continuous communication with the stakeholders. We welcome opinions and suggestions for ESG performance of the Group, which can be sent to the Group's Email: info@auxint.com.

#### **BUSINESS OF THE GROUP**

AUX (Stock Code: 2080) and its subsidiaries are mainly engaged in clubbing and entertainment businesses in Hong Kong and property management services in the PRC. For the lifestyle entertainment segment of the Group, it owns and operates one club and three restaurants and bar outlets in Hong Kong, namely Zentral and Mini Club with a total area of 20 thousand sq. ft., providing services including private parties, corporate events, live entertainment, fashion shows, jewelry fair, filming location and film premiere. For the Group's property management business in the PRC, the headquarter is located in Ningbo, offering property management services in 14 cities, namely, Shanghai, Ningbo, Tianjin, Nanjing, Hangzhou, Nanchang, Changsha, Jiujiang, Jinhua, Chengdu, Huzhou, Qingdao, Fenghua and Maanshan<sup>1</sup>, that providing specialised property management services for commercial areas, residential areas, villas, office buildings, industrial areas and other premises. The property management segment provides comprehensive services for various property types, with main focus on residential properties and covering non-residential properties such as Class A office buildings, shopping malls, medium and high-end residential buildings, hospitals and industrial parks.

#### VISION

To be a leader in clubbing and entertainment business, steadily carry out property management businesses, maintain high quality services, so as to develop AUX into a world brand and provide the maximum sustainable value for stakeholders. 在編製本報告時,本集團參考了一些全球、本地 和行業標準或最佳實踐,包括聯交所的ESG報 告指南以及適用的香港會計和財務報告準則。

本集團已經根據與各持份者的持續溝通,在編 寫本報告時納入了不同持份者群體關注的關鍵 問題。我們歡迎任何對本集團的ESG表現的意 見和建議,並歡迎發送該意見及建議到本集團 的電子郵箱info@auxint.com。

#### 本集團業務

奥克斯(股份代號:2080)及其附屬公司主要於 香港經營會所及娛樂業務及於中國提供物業管 理服務。本集團的生活娛樂分部現時於香港擁 有及經營一間會所及三間餐廳酒吧 — Zentral及 Mini Club,總佔地超過二萬平方英呎,提供舉 辦私人聚會、企業活動、現場表演、時裝秀及 珠寶展、拍攝活動及電影首映式之服務。而本 集團於中國內地的物業管理業務,總部位於寧 波市,在14個城市提供物業管理服務,即上海、 寧波、天津、南京、杭州、南昌、長沙、九江、 金華、成都、湖洲、青島、奉化及馬鞍山1,為 商業區、住宅區、別墅、寫字樓、工業區及其 他處所等提供專業化物業管理服務。物業管理 分部向多種物業類型提供全面服務,主要專注 於住宅物業亦涵蓋非住宅物業如甲級辦公室大 **廈、商場、中高端住宅、醫院及產業園。** 

#### 願景

成為會所式娛樂事業的領導者以及穩健經營物 業管理業務,保持高質量的服務,讓奧克斯成 為世界品牌,為持份者提供最大的可持續價值。

<sup>1</sup> As the management of residential estates in Huzhou, Maanshan and Fenghua are provided to the management of property sales office, and no "Environmental" data in relation to the Group have been generated, the "Environmental" section of this Report will not cover relevant districts. 由於湖洲、馬鞍山及奉化的管理為住宅屋苑銷售案場的 管理服務,且無產生與集團相關的「環境」數據,故本報 告的「環境」部份不會涵蓋有關地區。
# MISSION

Enhance customer experience to attract more club patrons, create and lead the intelligent life, and cultivate excellent talents.

# GOAL

Dedicated to improving the quality of clubbing and entertainment services as well as property management services.

# THE BOARD

As at the latest practicable date for the purpose of ascertaining the information contained in this Report, the Board comprises the following Directors:

#### Executive Directors Independent Non-executive Directors 執行董事

Mr. Zhang Jingguo<br/>(Chairman)Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok<br/>(Chairman)Mr. Zheng Jiang<br/>Mr. Chan Hon Ki<br/>Ms. Shen GuoyingMr. Bau Siu Fung<br/>Ms. Lou Aidong

# 使命

提高顧客體驗以吸引更多人流,創領智能生活, 培養優秀人才。

# 目標

致力提高會所式娛樂服務及物業管理服務的質 素。

# 董事會

於確定本報告中所載若干資料的最後實際可行 日期,董事會成員包括:

執行董事	獨立非執行董事
張靜國先生 <i>(主席)</i>	潘昭國先生
鄭江先生 陳漢淇先生	鮑小豐先生 婁愛東女十
沈國英女士	<b>G</b> QNAT

# **PARTICIPATION OF STAKEHOLDERS**

The Group actively seeks every opportunity to understand our stakeholders, and guarantees the regular improvement of our services. We firmly believe that our stakeholders play a vital role in maintaining the success of our business.

# 持份者的參與

本集團積極尋求一切了解我們持份者的機會, 確保我們的服務得到定期改進。我們堅信,我 們的持份者在維持我們業務的成功方面發揮至 關重要的作用。

Stakeholders 持份者	Issues Concerned 相關議題	Communications & Feedbacks 溝通和回饋
HKEx 香港交易所	Compliance with the listing rules, and timely & accurate announcement 遵從上市規則,及時與準確的公告	Meeting, training, website update and announcement 會議,培訓,網站更新和公告
Government 政府	Compliance with laws and regulations, prevention against tax evasion, and social welfare 法律與法規的遵守,防止逃税和社會福利	Government inspection, tax declaration and other information 政府檢查,納税申報和其他信息
Suppliers 供應商	Payment schedule and demand stability 付款時間表、需求穩定	Business communication, purchase agreement, e-mail and telephone connection 業務溝通,採購合約,電子郵件及電話聯繫
<b>Investors</b> 投資者	Corporate governance system, business strategy and performance, and investment return 公司管治體系、業務策略和績效、投資回報	Organising and participating in seminars, shareholders' meeting, issuing financial reports and other announcements 組織和參與研討會、股東大會、發佈財務報告及 其他公告
Media and Public 媒體與大眾	Corporate governance, environmental protection, and human rights 公司管治、環境保護、人權	Publishing newsletters on the corporate website 在公司網站上發布通訊
Customers 顧客	Service quality, reasonable price, service values, employee protection and working safety 服務質量、價格合理、服務價值、員工保護和 工作安全	Field investigation, after-sales services 現場考察,售後服務
Employees 員工	Interests and welfare, employee remuneration, training and development, working hours, working environment 權益和福利、員工薪酬、培訓與發展、 工作時數、工作環境	Training, interview with employees, internal memos, employee's suggestion box 培訓,員工面談,內部備忘錄,員工建議箱
Community 社區	Community environment, employment and community development, social welfare 社區環境、就業和社區發展、社會福利	Community development activities, volunteering activities of employees, community welfare subsidy and donation 社區發展活動,員工義工活動和社區福利補貼和 捐款

# **ENVIRONMENTAL**

For the Group, we understand that a healthy environment is the basis for economic development and social well-being. As a responsible organisation, the Group will pursue environmental protection, comply with the existing laws and regulations, handle and dispose of all materials to avoid adverse impact on health or environment.

During the fiscal year of 2019/2020, the Group did not find any crucial illegal behaviour relating to environmental problems.

#### Emissions

The Group is devoted to environmental conservation, and has implemented eco-friendly measures in all of its operation units so as to reduce carbon emissions generated during operations.

#### Air Pollution Emissions

In view of the Group's business focusing on entertainment services and property management services, our business activities do not involve any air pollution emission arising from the use of gas fuel or automobile fuel.

#### **Greenhouse Gas Emissions**

Greenhouse gas emissions are a leading cause of global warming, which leads to sharp climate changes and poses a tremendous threat to the global ecosystem. The Group understands although we have no direct greenhouse gas emission, yet it is inevitable to generate indirect greenhouse gas such as  $CO_2$  during energy and water resources utilisation. In view of this, the Group, as an organisation with corporate social responsibility, considers the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions as the top issue we concern about.

The greenhouse gas emissions of the Group mainly come from energy consumption for business activities in various cities, including energy use, electricity consumed for treatment of drinking water and sewage, as well as greenhouse gas emissions indirectly generated from the employees taking planes for business trips. In addition, we are committed to promoting greening in the residential estates to reduce greenhouse gas emissions generated from our business activities.

# 環境

對本集團而言,我們明白一個健康的環境是經 濟發展及社會福祉的基礎,作為一所負責任的 機構,本集團會奉行環保,遵照現行法例及規 管,處理及棄置所有物料,確保不會對健康或 環境造成不良影響。

於二零一九/二零二零年財政年間,本集團並沒 有發現任何重大與環境問題有關的違規行為。

#### 排放物

本集團致力於環境保育的工作上,在各營運單 位皆有實施對生態環境友好的措施,以降低營 運時產生的碳排放。

#### 空氣污染排放物

鑒於本集團的業務範疇以娛樂服務及物業管理 服務性質為主,我們在業務活動上並不涉及使 用氣體燃料或汽車燃料所產生的空氣污染排放 物。

#### 溫室氣體排放

溫室氣體排放是造成全球暖化的元兇,引致氣 候劇變及對全球生態系統構成巨大威脅。本集 團明白雖然我們並沒有直接的溫室氣體排放, 但在能源及水資源使用背後難免會間接產生溫 室氣體,如二氧化碳等。有見及此,本集團作 為一所具社會責任的機構,減少溫室氣體排放 是我們的首要關注議題。

本集團的溫室氣體排放主要來自各城市業務活動上的能源消耗,包括能源使用、處理食水及 污水所消耗的電力及僱員乘坐飛機外出公幹時 間接造成的溫室氣體排放,我們致力在各個我 們管理的住宅屋苑內推行綠化,以減低我們業 務活動的溫室氣體排放量。

The Group's club in Hong Kong holds the valid sewage treatment licenses, and its sewage discharge has been complying with the discharge limits specified in the licenses. As for the residential estates under our management in the PRC, and the sewage discharge mainly comes from the everyday life of property owners. We discharge wastes in a way stipulated by the municipal government, and maintain the pipelines, valves and other equipments related for the sewage discharge and exhaust systems on a regular basis to guarantee its normal operation.

The total greenhouse gas emissions generated by the Group in the fiscal year of 2019/2020 were approximately 64,159 tonnes, of which mainly were generated by Ningbo AUX. The greenhouse gas emissions generated by Ningbo AUX were about double that of the previous fiscal year. The increase in emissions was mainly attributable to the business development of Ningbo AUX, the rising number of residential estates under its management and the rising of room occupancy of such residential estates. In view of the intensity of greenhouse gas emissions, the Group will calculate the greenhouse gas emissions of each residential estate, as shown in the table below. In this fiscal year, the intensity of greenhouse gas emissions of Ningbo AUX increased by approximately double as compared to last year. In view of this, Ningbo AUX has implemented all kinds of solutions in the energy efficiency program to reduce the generation of greenhouse gases, including planting to promote greening in residential estates and posting up labels to remind the employees of saving electricity and water, and equipping residential estates with LED lightings.

本集團於香港的會所持有有效的污水處理牌 照,污水排放量亦一直遵守牌照內所訂明的排 放限制。至於我們在中國內地所管理的住宅屋 苑,污水排放主要來自區內業戶的日常生活。 我們已根據市政府制定的方式排放,並定期維 護排水、排氣系統的管道、閥門及其他有關設 備,以確保其運作正常。

As shown below, approximately 98% of greenhouse gas generated by Ningbo AUX is indirect emissions from energy use. Although relevant energy use by Ningbo AUX is mainly attributable to use by property owners, which is beyond the control by Ningbo AUX, it continues to enhance the publicity in residential estates for economical use of electricity and water, with the hope of minimising the environmental impact of its businesses. 按下表所示,約達98%寧波奧克斯所產生的溫 室氣體為能源使用的間接排放。雖然寧波奧克 斯相關的能源使用量主要為業戶使用所致,並 非寧波奧克斯所能控制的範圍內,寧波奧克斯 仍會於住宅屋苑內加強宣傳節約用電及用水, 希望盡量減少業務對環境的影響。

Scope	Source of greenhouse gas emissions (Ningbo AUX)		sion (tonne) (量(噸)
範圍	溫室氣體排放來源(寧波奧克斯)	2018/19 二零一八/一九	<b>2019/20</b> 二零一九/二零
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		***************************************
Scope 2	Indirect greenhouse gas emissions from purchased electricity <sup>2</sup>	33,616.03	62,725.64
範圍2	購買電力的能源間接溫室氣體排放 <sup>2</sup>		
Scope 3	Electricity consumption for drinking water and sewage treatment <sup>3</sup>	806.37	1,188.38
範圍3	處理食水及污水時而消耗的電力 <sup>3</sup>		
	Employees taking planes for business trips 僱員乘坐飛機外出公幹	21.02	22.45
******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
Data of gre	eenhouse gas emissions (Ningbo AUX)	2018/19	2019/20
	放數據(寧波奧克斯)	二零一八/一九	二零一九/二零
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Greenhouse 溫室氣體排;	gas emissions (tonne) 放(噸)	34,443.42	63,936.47
	gas emissions per residential estate under our management idential estate) <sup>4</sup>	956.76	1,704.97
每個管理住	宅屋苑的溫室氣體排放(噸/住宅屋苑)4		

- <sup>2</sup> Due to data collection limitation, the power supply discharge coefficient in mainland China was set at 0.71 kg/kWh, which is consistent with data in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report for the previous year.
- <sup>3</sup> Due to data collection limitation, the per unit electricity consumption for drinking water and sewage treatment in mainland China was set at 0.6 and 0.28328 kWh respectively, while the preset discharge coefficient for purchased electricity in mainland China was set at 0.8 kg/kWh, which are consistent with data in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report for the previous year.
- <sup>4</sup> The average number of residential estates under our management was 36 in the financial year of 2018/2019, while it was 37.5 in the financial year of 2019/2020.
- <sup>2</sup> 由於收集資料的限制,在中國內地的供電排放系數設為 0.71千克/千瓦時,與上一份環境、社會及管治報告數據 一致。
- <sup>3</sup> 由於收集資料的限制,在中國內地的食水處理及污水處 理每單位耗電量分別設為0.6及0.28328千瓦時,而中國內 地的購置電力預設排放係數則設為0.8千克/千瓦時,與 上一份環境、社會及管治報告數據一致。
- 4 二零一八/一九財政年度平均管理小區數量為36,二零一 九/二零財政年度平均管理小區數量為37.5。

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AUX generated approximately 222 tonnes of greenhouse gases in the financial year of 2019/2020, and approximately 129 tonnes in the financial year of 2018/2019. AUX's greenhouse gas emission data in the financial years of 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 are as follows:

奥克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度所產生 的溫室氣體約為222噸,而奧克斯於二零一八/ 二零一九財政年度所產生的溫室氣體約為129 噸,奧克斯於二零一八/二零一九年度及二零一 九/二零二零年度的溫室氣體排放數據如下:



As shown above, AUX's greenhouse gas emissions in 2019/2020 rose by approximately 72% as compared with the previous financial year, which is, in the opinion of the Group's management, attributable to the acquisition of three restaurants and bar outlets during this financial year with Mini Club being included in the disclosure area for the Group. Looking ahead, since energy use is the main source of AUX's greenhouse gas emissions, it will strengthen energy conservation monitoring measures to ensure that all electrical appliances are properly turned off when not in use and that all lights and air conditioners are turned off outside office hours to reduce unnecessary electricity consumption.

- <sup>5</sup> According to the Sustainability Report 2019 of HK Electric, its carbon emissions in 2019 are 0.81 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/kWh, while the carbon emissions of CLP Power are 0.5 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/kWh according to its Sustainability Report 2019.
- <sup>6</sup> With regard to fresh water treatment, according to the report 2018/2019 of the Water Supplies Department, its per unit electricity consumption is 0.606 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>. With regard to sewage treatment, as shown on the website of the Drainage Services Department, its per unit electricity consumption in 2018/2019 is 0.28 kWh/m<sup>3</sup>.



由上圖可見,奧克斯二零一九/二零二零的溫室 氣體排放量較上一財政年度大幅上升約72%, 集團之管理層相信是鑒於集團於本財政年度收 購三間餐廳酒吧Mini Club且併入集團披露範圍 所致。展望未來,由於能源使用為奧克斯溫室 氣體排放之主要源頭,奧克斯將加強節能監控 措施,以確保所有閒置電器有妥善關上,並確 保於辦公時間結束後,關上所有電燈及空調, 以減少不必要用電。

- 5 按港燈二零一九年可持續發展報告,港燈2019年的碳排放 量為每千瓦時0.81千克二氧化碳當量:按中電二零一九年 可持續發展報告,中電2019年的碳排放量為每千瓦時0.5 千克二氧化碳當量。
- 就淡水處理而言,根據水務署二零一八/一九年度報告, 其單位耗電量為每立方米0.606千瓦時。就污水處理而言, 根據渠務署網頁所示,其二零一八/一九年度的單位耗電 量為每立方米0.28千瓦時。

AUX's greenhouse gas emission in 2019/2020<sup>5,6</sup> 奧克斯二零一九/二零年溫室氣體排放<sup>5,6</sup>

#### Wastes Management

No major hazardous waste was found in the lifestyle entertainment segment and property management segment of the Group.

Despite the failure to calculate the amount of non-hazardous waste generated by AUX for the clubbing and entertainment business of AUX due to data collection limitation, AUX is committed to reducing waste generation to an extent controllable and encouraging employees to classify and recycle waste. AUX hopes to promote waste reduction at the source, starting from reducing the use and packaging to decrease waste generation. In addition, for the waste cooking oils of the restaurants and bar outlets, AUX engages the qualified waste collectors to collect those waste cooking oils that generated from their operating activities for recycling on a regular basis.

Ningbo AUX has entrusted the local qualified wastes transportation agency to transport and dispose of the nonhazardous wastes produced by the property owners, and enabled the recycling of wastes. All wastes have been disposed of in compliance with local laws and regulations. Recycled materials concentration points have been set in the service areas to carry out collection, classified management and declaration of the statutory hazardous wastes and recyclable wastes.

As for the domestic garbage discarded every day by users in the residential areas, Ningbo AUX has set up waste recycling bins to collect recyclable wastes, and arranges special staff to classify and store the recycled wastes separately every day, and deliver the recycled wastes regularly to the waste transfer station or the solid waste recycling treatment plant.

However, as it is difficult to collect data about the intensity and quantity of wastes, the Group failed to report the weight of relevant wastes. Although relevant wastes of Ningbo AUX are mainly generated by the property owners, which is beyond the controllable range of Ningbo AUX, Ningbo AUX will still strengthen the waste classification, recovery and disposal process, and attempt to reduce the impact of its business on the environment.

#### 廢棄物管理

集團的生活娛樂分部及物業管理服務分部均無 發現重大有害廢棄物的產生。

奧克斯的會所式娛樂業務雖然因收集資料的限 制,未能統計其無害廢棄物的產生量,但奧克 斯仍致力於可控制範圍內,減少產生廢棄物, 並鼓勵員工進行廢棄物分類回收。奧克斯希望 推廣源頭減廢,由減少使用及減少不必要的包 裝開始,減少廢棄物的產生。此外,奧克斯亦 就餐廳酒吧的廢置食用油聘用相關合資格的收 集商,並對其營運上產生的廢置食用油進行定 期回收。

寧波奧克斯已委託當地合格清運商對物業住戶 所產生的無害廢棄物進行清運與處理,令廢棄 物能再循環使用,而所有廢棄物均已遵從當地 法令規定處理。法定危害性廢棄物與可資源化 廢棄物,則於服務區內設置回收物料集中點進 行收集、分類管理及申報作業。

> 針對住宅區內用戶每天棄置的 生活垃圾,寧波奧克斯已設置 廢物回收箱,用以收集可循環 再利用的廢物,並安排專人每 天對回收廢物加以分類存放, 定期把回收的廢物送往垃圾轉 運站或固廢循環利用處理廠。

惟由於廢棄物難以收集相關廢棄物密度及數量 資料,故本集團未能報告相關廢棄物的重量數 據。雖然寧波奧克斯相關的廢棄物產生源頭主 要為業戶,並非寧波奧克斯可以控制的範圍, 寧波奧克斯亦會加強廢棄物分類、回收及處置 的流程,務求減低其業務對環境的影響。



#### **Use of Resources**

The Group undertakes to become a resource-saving and environment-friendly enterprise and makes our contributions to environmental protection. To reduce carbon emissions, we've taken the initiatives to perform the energy-saving measures in our business activities.

#### **Electric Energy Consumption**

The major carbon footprints of Ningbo AUX come from electric energy consumption. To coordinate the development of the property management business and the residential estates under our management, and the rising of room occupancy of such residential estates, the electric energy consumption of Ningbo AUX in the fiscal year of 2019/2020 was about double that of last year, as shown in the figures below:



#### 資源使用

本集團承諾成為一個節省資源及對環境友好的 企業,以對環保出一分力,為減低碳排放,我 們主動於業務活動中執行節能的措施。

### 電能消耗

寧波奧克斯最主要的碳足印來自於電能消耗, 為配合物業管理業務與轄下管理的住宅屋苑的 發展,以及相關住宅屋苑的入住率的上升,寧 波奧克斯的電能消耗於二零一九/二零二零財 政年間較去年高出約一倍,如下圖所述:



In consideration of the energy use intensity, i.e., the energy consumption per residential estates under our management, the energy use intensity of Ningbo AUX in the fiscal years of 2019/2020 was 2,355,893 kWh<sup>7</sup> per residential estate, about doubled compared with the same period last year. Although the energy used in the residential estates are mainly consumed by property owners, yet Ningbo AUX will still be devoted to propaganda of electricity saving within the residential estates. Besides, Ningbo AUX equipped the residential estates with LED lightings for realising the objective of energy saving and further reducing energy consumption.

The electricity consumption of AUX in the financial year of 2019/2020 was 337,590 kWh, which is more than double of that for the previous financial year. The management of the Group believes that, the increase is attributable to the acquisition of three restaurants and bar outlets during this financial year with Mini Club being included in the disclosure area for the Group. The management remains committed to enhancing environmental awareness of our employees and placing more electricity saving labels, to further reduce the use of energy.

#### Water Resource Consumption

As drinking water is a very precious resource on the Earth, saving water is one of the important goals of the Group. The Group also makes efforts to reduce electricity consumption generated from water supply, thereby reducing the Group's carbon footprints.

The water resource consumption of Ningbo AUX in the financial year of 2019/2020 was approximately 1,681,808 tonnes, with the water consumption intensity of 44,848 tonnes/residential estate. Like energy use, water consumption in residential estates was totally attributable to use by property owners. Although Ningbo AUX does not directly reduce the water resource consumption, it will actively promote water conservation in residential estates and encourage the recycling of water resources, such as the use of used but relatively clean water for cleaning and the use of electrical appliances and household products which help reduce water consumption.

考慮能源使用密度,即平均每個管理住宅屋苑 的能源使用量,寧波奧克斯於二零一九/二零 二零財政年度的能源使用密度為每住宅屋苑 2,355,893千瓦時<sup>7</sup>,較去年同期上升約一倍。雖 然住宅屋苑的能源使用主要為業戶用量,寧波 奧克斯亦會盡力於住宅屋苑推廣,宣揚節約用 電。此外,寧波奧克斯亦通過於住宅屋苑安裝 LED燈以達到節能的目的,以進一步減低電量 的使用。

而奧克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度的用 電量為337,590千瓦時,較上一財政年度上升多 於一倍,集團之管理層相信是鑒於集團於本財 政年度收購三間餐廳酒吧Mini Club且併入集團 披露範圍所致。管理層將繼續致力於提高集團 內員工的環保意識,及增加節約用電的提示標 籤,以進一步降低能源使用。

#### 水資源消耗

由於食水是地球上非常珍貴的資源,珍惜用水 是本集團其中一個重要的目標,並達至減低供 水時所產生的電力消耗,從而降低本集團之碳 足印。

寧波奧克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度的 水資源消耗約為1,681,808噸, 耗水密度約為每 住宅屋苑44,848噸。住宅屋苑的耗水量跟能源 使用一樣,均是主要為業戶用量所致。雖然寧 波奧克斯不能直接減少有關水資源的消耗,但 仍會積極於住宅屋苑推廣節約用水,並鼓勵循 環使用水資源,例如可以使用用過但相對乾淨 的水進行衞生打掃,及使用節約用水的電器家 品等。

- The average number of residential estates under our management was 36 in the financial year of 2018/2019, while it was 37.5 in the financial year of 2019/2020.
- 7 二零一八/一九財政年度平均管理小區數量為36:二零一 九/二零財政年年度平均管理小區數量為37.5



Water resource consumption per residential estate under our management (tonne/residential estate)<sup>8</sup> 每個管理住宅屋苑的水資源消耗(噸/住宅屋苑)<sup>8</sup>

The water consumption of AUX in the financial year of 2019/2020 was approximately 2,378 tonnes, while it was approximately 142 in the financial year of 2018/2019. The management believes that, the increase is attributable to the acquisition of three restaurants and bar outlets during this financial year with Mini Club being included in the disclosure area for the Group. The management remains committed to raising our employees' awareness on water conservation initiatives in order to reduce the impact of our business on the environment.

奧克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度的用水 量約為2,378噸;而奧克斯於二零一八/二零一 九財政年度的用水量約為142噸。管理層相信奧 克斯本年度用水量的增加是鑒於集團於本財政 年度收購三間餐廳酒吧Mini Club且併入集團披 露範圍所致。管理層會繼續致力於增強集團員 工的節約用水的意識,務求減低其業務對環境 的影響。

8 二零一八/一九財政年度平均管理小區數量為36:二零一九/二零財政年年度平均管理小區數量為37.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The average number of residential estates under our management was 36 in the financial year of 2018/2019, while it was 37.5 in the financial year of 2019/2020.

#### **Packaging Materials**

In view of the Group's business focusing on entertainment services and property management services, our business activities do not involve any packaging materials used for finished products.

### Energy Use Efficiency Initiatives

Currently, the Group mainly uses the energy of electric energy and water resources. In the face of the increasingly severe environmental pollution, the Group, as a part of the community, is committed to implementing energy saving measures in different levels of routine operations, including:

#### 包裝物料

鑒於本集團的業務範疇以娛樂服務及物業管理 服務性質為主,我們在業務活動上並沒有用於 製成品的包裝物料。

#### 能源使用效益計劃

現時本集團主要的能源使用為電能及水資源, 面對環境污染日益嚴重,作為社區的一份子, 本集團致力在日常營運中的不同層面上實施節 能措施,包括:

Saving electricity 珍惜用電	We encourage employees to turn off the unnecessary power (e.g.: floor or corridor lights) 我們鼓勵員工把不必要的電源 (如:樓層走廊燈光)關掉	
Conserving water 珍惜用水	We encourage employees to save water consumption while using the washroom or conducting cleaning work 我們鼓勵員工在使用洗手間或 進行清洗清潔工作時,節省用水量	ALIX (INLAR

## The Environment and Natural Resources

#### **Residential Estate Greening**

Ningbo AUX of the Group delicately develops gardens and greening space in the residential estates for each project by virtue of professional greening management, such as planting diverse flowers, grasses and trees, which improves the microclimate in the community, enriches the landscaping in the community, and enables the property owners to experience the biodiversity of the nature. One of the residential estates has ever been honoured as the "most beautiful courtyard" by the government.

#### 環境及天然資源 *綠化社區*

本集團的寧波奧克斯通過專業綠化管理對每個 項目的住宅屋苑花園和綠化空間精心營造,如 栽種多樣化的花草樹木,改善社區微氣候,豐 富社區的園林景觀,為社區業戶帶來大自然生 物多樣性的體驗。我們管理的其中一個住宅屋 苑亦曾被政府選為「最美庭院」。







# SOCIAL

#### **Employment and Labour Standards**

The Group is aware of the fact that our business success depends on the cooperation and cohesion of our teams. Our teams are the most precious assets of the Group. Therefore, based on the people-oriented core values, we are committed to providing attractive remunerations, benefits and welfares for employees, arrange reasonable working hours and holidays, and ensure all employees enjoy equal opportunity. The Group also holds internal activities on a regular basis and encourage the employees' participation to increase the Group's cohesion, strengthen the employees' recognition of the Group, and reinforce their sense of belonging.

#### Employment

#### **Our Employees**

As at 31 March 2020, AUX and Ningbo AUX have recruited 1,304 employees in total, including 1,232 employees of Ningbo AUX and 72 employees of AUX.



# 社會

#### 僱傭及勞工常規

本集團明白業務上的成功取決於團隊的合作及 凝聚力,我們的團隊為本集團最寶貴的資產。 故此,我們本著以人為本的核心價值,致力為 員工提供優厚的薪酬、待遇及福利,合理的工 作時數及假期,並保障所有員工得到平等機會。 本集團亦會定期舉辦集團內部活動,歡迎員工 參與,增加本集團凝聚力及增進員工對本集團 的認識,加深員工的歸屬感。

# 僱傭

#### 我們的員工

截至二零二零年三月三十一日,奥克斯及寧波奥 克斯共聘用1,304名員工,包括寧波奥克斯旗下 的1,232名員工,及奥克斯所聘用的72名員工。





We deeply believe that a diversified, embraced and harmonious family can help us to have a better understanding about the demands of different customers. Up to 18% of the employees have served the Group for more than four years, which further proves that the Group's people-oriented concept has been passed on to every employee via practical experience.

#### **Employee Benefits and Assessment**

The Group deeply acknowledges that the Group's development and success indeed rely on the efforts and pains of all employees, so the Group provides competitive salaries to pay back the employees' efforts. In addition to providing attractive remunerations and benefits to employees, the Group not only offers performance bonuses according to the Group's business results and the employees' performance, but also distributes holiday benefits on traditional festivals every year. The Group also provides the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (MPF) for employees in accordance with the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, and pays endowment insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund for employees in accordance with the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China.



我們深信一個多元化而包容和諧的大家庭可幫助我們更瞭解不同顧客的需求,而集團約高達 18%的員工於本集團服務超過四年,更可證明 本集團以人為本的理念成功以實踐經歷傳遞給 每一位員工。

#### 員工福利及考核

本集團深知本集團的發展及成功實有賴所有員 工的付出與汗水,故本集團提供具競爭力的薪 資,讓員工的付出有所回報。本集團除了為員工 提供優厚薪酬待遇,或會按本集團業績及員工 表現提供績效獎金,亦會於每年傳統節日為員 工發放過節福利。本集團亦按香港的勞工法例 為員工的強制性公積金(強積金)供款,或按《中 華人民共和國勞動法》為員工繳納養老保險、醫 療保險、失業保險、工傷保險、生育保險及住 房公積金。 In order to reward hard-working employees more effectively, the Group has established a well-organised performance management system to efficiently motivate their sustainable development, help employees make planning for their career, realise talent inheritance, and enable the Group to develop toward the sustainable operation goal. The Group implements monthly, quarterly and yearly performance assessment to help employees establish definite, measurable, achievable, positionrelated and time-sensitive key performance indicators of their own, supervise their progress on a regular basis, and take appropriate improvement measures if applicable. The Group will adjust the remuneration for employees regularly by referring to their assessment results and comprehensive evaluation and by combining the Group's overall business performance, so as to ensure employees gain the best remunerations in proportion to their efforts.

#### A Harmonious Working Environment

The Group is devoted to creating a harmonious and embraced working environment for employees, and protect them from any harassment or discrimination. The Group treats fairly and equally the people regardless of their gender, sexual orientation, disability, age, nationality or ethnic origin, family status or other personal characteristics that are protected by law. Even as for our systems for recruitment, remunerations and benefits, holidays, trainings, assessment, promotion, etc., we evaluate the employees according to their abilities, skills, qualifications and performances.

#### Work and Life Balance

In order to ensure our employees achieve balance between work and life, and maintain a balanced and healthy lifestyle, our actual working time is eight to ten hours a day and five to six days a week, so that our employees can have sufficient time to rest. Our employees can enjoy annual leave of five to fifteen days as well as other statutory labour holidays according to their position level. In addition, employees also enjoy funeral leave, marital leave, maternity leave, etc. As for Ningbo AUX, an employee with a new-born baby under one year of age can further enjoy thirty-minute breastfeeding leave twice a day.

Moreover, Ningbo AUX provides a series of facilities for employees, including dining hall and dormitory, so as to improve their sense of belonging to the Group, help those employees who come to work far away from home to achieve the balance between work and life more easily, and alleviate their economic burdens.

AUX also organises employee activities on a regular basis to enable employees to relax and enhance their sense of belonging to the Group. 為更有效地獎勵努力付出的員工,本集團設有完善的績效管理制度,有效激勵員工持續發展,協助員工規劃職涯事業,達至人才傳承,使本 集團朝永續經營的目標進發。本集團設月度、 季度及年度績效考核,幫助員工更好地為自己訂 立明確、可衡量、可達成、與業務崗位相關及 具時效的關鍵績效指標,並定期監察進度,及 時作出適當的改善措施。本集團會按員工的考 核成績及綜合評估,結合本集團整體的業績, 定期為員工調整薪酬,以確保員工獲得與其付 出成正比、最好的待遇。

#### 和諧的工作環境

本集團致力為員工打造一個和諧包容的工作環 境,並確保員工不受任何騷擾或歧視。本集團 對於不同性別、性取向、殘疾、年齡、民族或 種族出身、家庭狀況或其他受到法律保護的個 人特徵之人士皆以公平、公正的方式對待,包 括在我們的招聘、薪酬和福利、假期、培訓、 考核及晉升等制度上,我們按員工的能力、技 能、資格和表現評估各員工。

#### 工作與生活平衡

為了確保所有員工可以於工作與生活上取得平 衡,並維持一個平衡健康的生活方式,我們的 實際工作時間為每天八至十小時,每週上班 至六天,以確保員工有充足的休息時間。奧克 斯會依照《僱傭條例》給予員工相關有薪假一。 寧波奧克斯員工按其職效階級享受由五天至 大的年假,及其他法定勞工假期。員工更另 外享有喪假、婚假及產假等。於寧波奧克斯, 初生嬰兒不足一周歲的員工更可享有一天兩次 各三十分鐘的哺乳假。

寧波奧克斯更為員工提供一系列員工設施,包括員工飯堂及員工宿舍等,以提高員工對本集團的歸屬感,更為遠離家鄉前來工作的員工, 使其可以更容易取得工作與生活的平衡,及減輕他們的經濟負擔。

奧克斯亦不定期舉辦員工活動,讓員工放鬆身 心,亦增強員工對集團的歸屬感。



# **Communication Channels for Employees**

The Group attaches importance to the opinions of employees, so all employees and the management are encouraged to use our diversified communication channels, such as: e-mail, forum or bulletin board, to realise horizontal or vertical communications. Generally when an employee has any complaint against his/her work, we'll arrange the department supervisor to have an interview with him/her, while the employee can also complain against the person or department concerned. If the person or department being complained against fails to provide satisfactory solutions, the complaint will be submitted to the superior department level by level, so as to ensure the employees can receive a clear feedback.

The Company encourages employees to raise reasonable suggestions about the Group. The HR Department is responsible for collecting suggestions of employees and guaranteeing their accurate delivery.

#### **Talent Retention**

The Group cherishes talents, and the above-mentioned HR management measures have successfully contributed to the employee retention rate of about 95% for the Group.



#### 員工溝通渠道

本集團重視員工的意見,故鼓勵所有員工及管 理層皆可利用多元溝通管道,如:電子郵件、座 談會或公佈欄等,進行橫向或垂直溝通。一般 員工對工作上有申訴,我們會安排部門主管與 其進行面談,員工亦可以向相關當事人或部門 提出投訴。如果被投訴人或被投訴部門無法提 供滿意的解決意見,投訴會被逐級提交,以確 保員工可以收到明確的反饋。

公司鼓勵員工對本集團提出合理的建議,人力 資源部負責收集員工的建議,並確保它們得到 準確的傳遞。

#### 人才挽留

本集團愛惜人才,以上的人力資源管理措施成 功為本集團帶來約95%的人員挽留率。



#### Health and Safety

Health and safety of the employees are of vital importance to the Group. The Group is committed to providing a safe working environment for employees, and guarantees to fully comply with all occupational health and safety regulations. The Group has increased information and rules about occupational health and workplace safety in the employee handbook, and has formulated policies about the safe working environment, such as Special Measures against Typhoon and Rainstorm, defining working procedures and evacuation issues in severe weather. Apart from this, the Group will invite fire protection equipment suppliers to give lectures about fire safety awareness on a regular basis and provide fire drills for employees to ensure that they are familiar with the necessary procedures if a fire breaks out.

Any employee suffering from work-related injuries is entitled to corresponding compensation benefits in accordance with relevant national regulations. In the case of Hong Kong employees, the Group will report the case to the Labour Department in accordance with Article 15 of the Employees' Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, and contact the insurance company for settlement of claims. In the meantime, the Group will also provide sufficient work-related injury leave to allow the employee sufficient rest.

#### **Development and Training**

The Group encourages employees to participate in all kinds of in-service training, and also provides employees with various internal and external training and development opportunities to help them maximise their business potentials.

The annual assessment results will be used to provide suitable trainings for employees, in an effort to continuously improve the Group's talent quality and working skills, motivate working enthusiasm of employees and stimulate them to face challenges. Apart from considering the Group's business vision and target needs, the training and development program also simultaneously evaluates employee performance and functional gap, coordinates with Group and the management in establishing the education and training framework, and makes plans for internal and external courses such as new employee training, professional training, training of various management levels, training relating to environmental protection, core values of the Group, etc. through physical or electronic learning methods, providing employees with all-round training, and enables the Group's employees to continue improving their professional and managerial competence, find out the platforms where they can show their abilities, grow together with the Group, and establish a steady cooperative relationship.

#### 健康與安全

員工的健康與安全對本集團至關重要,本集團 致力為員工提供一個安全的工作環境,並確保 完全遵守所有職業健康和安全相關規定。本集 團已於《員工手冊》內加入有關職業健康及工作 間安全的資訊及守則,並制定了有關安全工作 環境的政策,如《颱風及暴雨特別措施》釐定惡 劣天氣下的工作程序與疏散事項。此外,本集 團會與防火設備供應商定期進行火警安全意識 講座,及對員工進行火警演習,以確保所有員 工熟悉發生火警時的必要應對措施。

如任何員工因工受傷,均可按照國家相關規定 享受補償福利。就香港員工的個案而言,本集 團會依從《僱員補償條例(經修訂)》第15條,按 規定將有關個案通報到勞工處,並聯絡保險公 司進行理賠。同時,本集團亦會提供足夠的工 傷假期予員工使其得到充分的休息。

#### 發展及培訓

本集團鼓勵員工參加各種在職培訓,也為員工 提供各類內部及外部的培訓與發展機會,以幫 助他們發揮最大的業務潛能。

員工的年度考核結果均會用以為員工提供合適 的培訓,以不斷提升本集團人力素質與工作技 能,並激發員工工作熱忱並迎接挑戰。訓練發 展規劃除了考慮本集團經營願景及目標需求外, 亦同步評估員工績效與職能缺口,配合本集團 與管理體系建立教育訓練架構,規劃新人訓練、 專業訓練、各階層管理訓練、環境保護的相關 訓練及本集團核心價值等內外部課程,透過實 體或電子化學習的方式,提供員工全方位的培 訓,讓本集團員工能不斷提升其專業與管理能 力,找到自己發揮之舞臺,與本集團共同成長 並建立穩定之合作關係。 The Group arranges new employees to receive on-boarding training, aiming to make the employees know about the Group, master the codes of practice, techniques and methods for handling business, and adapt to the new environment and new job quickly. In addition, the Group also provides training on safety knowledge and environmental protection knowledge for employees, which helps establish their awareness of safety and environmental protection. Apart from the training on technical procedures, employees can also participate on fire training so as to enhance their awareness of fire prevention.

The percentage of employees trained in Ningbo AUX is 83%. In the fiscal year of 2019/2020, Ningbo AUX has provided approximately 5,621 hours of trainings for employees, with an average of 5 training hours received by each trained employee.

The percentage of employees trained in AUX is 64%. In the fiscal year of 2019/2020, AUX has provided approximately 80 hours of trainings for employees, with an average of 2 training hours received by each trained employee.

### Labour Standards

The Group has established an employment and welfare policy in compliance with the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong and the labour laws of the PRC, and strictly prohibited the recruitment of any candidate under the age of 18 to avoid any child labour. The Group will never recruit any child labour under the age restricted by local laws, and the Group's HR Department will require the job candidates provide valid identification certificates to confirm their actual age at time of interview. Once any misuse of child labour is found, the Group will immediately suspend his/her work, send the child labour back to his/her original residence, and deliver to his/her parent or legal guardian, for which the Group will bear the required transportation and accommodation expenses, and pay the salary due for his/her actual work.

### **Operating Practices**

#### Supply Chain Management

The Group attaches great importance to procurement principles. In the procurement of materials and services, the Group has established procurement policies and procedures to promote fair and open competition. We ensure that we are able to meet the best economic benefits in terms of price, quality, delivery period and service when purchasing materials and hiring services. As a responsible organisation, the Group abides by the spirit of contract and complies with the principles, objectives and contents of the contract signed between us and the suppliers. 本集團安排新入職員工接受入職培訓,旨在使 員工瞭解本集團,並掌握處理業務的守則、技 術及方法,令他們更快適應新環境、新工作。 另外,本集團亦為員工提供安全知識培訓及環 保知識培訓,建立其安全及環保意識。除了技 術程序培訓之外,員工亦須參加消防相關培訓, 以提高員工防火意識。

寧波奧克斯已接受培訓僱員的百分比為83%。 寧波奧克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度, 已提供共約5,621小時的培訓予員工,平均每位 受訓員工共接受約5小時的培訓。

而奧克斯已接受培訓僱員的百分比為64%。奧 克斯於二零一九/二零二零財政年度,已提供 共約80小時的培訓予員工,平均每位受訓員工 共接受約2小時的培訓。

#### 勞工準則

本集團訂立的僱傭及福利政策,一概遵循香港 《僱傭條例》及中國勞動法例,並嚴禁僱用任何 未滿十八歲的應徵者,以防止童工的招聘。本 集團絕不招募年齡低於當地法規限制的童工, 本集團人力資源部於面試時會要求職者提供有 效的身分證明文件以確認其實際年齡。一旦發 現誤用童工,本集團將立刻暫停該童工的工作, 並將該童工送回原居住地交付其父母或其法定 監護人監護,所需交通和食宿費用均由本集團 承擔,並支付其實際工作的工資。

### 營運慣例

供應鏈管理

本集團非常注重採購原則,在採購物料和服務 方面,本集團以既定的採購政策及程序提倡公 平及公開的競爭,以確保在採購物料和僱用服 務時,無論在價格、質量、交貨期及服務等方 面,均符合最佳的經濟效益。作為負責任的機 構,本集團恪守合約精神,遵守我們與供應商 所訂合約的原則、目的及內容。

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The Group has the responsibility to ensure that procurement of materials and services is conducted in a highly professional manner and complies with the established code of ethics, so that the resources are used properly, and the suppliers will have the confidence in continuing doing business with the Group. We must ensure that the suppliers understand and comply with the Code of Conduct and the procurement policies formulated by the Group. The Group has established a list of selected suppliers. Before any supplier is approved to enter this name list, we will review their company backgrounds (including the recognitions, qualifications and licenses they have obtained), product pricing and supply terms. In order to standardise relevant systems and processes, the Group has formulated relevant work guidelines and standardised contract forms, and conduct comprehensive evaluation on the products and services of suppliers on a regular basis to guarantee their compliance with the Group's strict standards.

The list of selected suppliers will be reviewed at the end of each year. Such review involves the evaluation on whether a supplier's pricing, product and service quality, efficiency, reliability, the ability to deliver goods on schedule, license update and technical capability are still in compliance with the Group's requirements and standards.

The Group selects reputable and reliable suppliers to provide high-quality, affordable and sustainable products and services. The Group has a transparent and independent procurement process, with an aim to promoting competitiveness. This move will also serve the benefits for our shareholders and other stakeholders. The Group expects to establish a vertically integrated supply chain management system by integrating the procurement resources and developing the supplier selection and management mechanism, thereby actively providing comprehensive solutions and satisfying customer needs.

Meanwhile, the Group encourages suppliers to promote corporate social responsibility activities and abide by corporate social responsibility rules. All business transactions shall maintain high-standard ethics; bribery or other illegitimate benefits must not be provided or accepted; information relating to business activities, structure, financial status and performance shall be disclosed on a regular basis in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. 本集團有責任確保物料和服務的採購以高度專 業方式進行,並符合所定的道德準則,以確保 資源用得其所,並額供應商有信心與本集團持 續往來業務。我們必須確保供應商明白及遵從 本集團所訂立的行為守則及採購政策。本集團 已設立一份選定供應商名單,在供應商獲批准 納入名單前,我們將會審閱其公司背景(包括彼 等已取得的認可、資格及許可證)、產品定價以 擬定了相關的工作指引及標準化合約格式,並 定期對供應商的產品及服務等表現進行綜合評 估,以確保彼等符合本集團的嚴格標準。

選定供應商名單會於每年年底予以審閱。該審 閱涉及有關彼等在定價、產品與服務質量、效 能、可靠性、準時交付貨物的能力、許可證更 新、技術能力方面是否仍然符合本集團要求及 標準的評估。

本集團選擇信譽良好可靠的供應商以提供優質、 價格合理及可持續的產品和服務。本集團設有 一個透明及獨立的採購流程,目標是促進競爭 力,此舉同時亦為我們的股東和其他權益者的 利益服務。本集團期望透過整合採購資源、推 動供應商篩選與管理機制,以建立垂直整合之 供應鏈管理體系,主動提供全面解決方案,滿 足客戶需求。

本集團同時鼓勵供應商促進企業社會責任活動 和遵守企業社會責任守則。所有商業交易應保 持高標準的道德;賄賂或其他不正當的利益均 不能提供或接受;根據適用的法律法規,應定 期披露有關的商業活動、結構、財務狀況和績 效的信息。

#### **Product Liability**

Customers are the cornerstone for the Group to achieve sustainable development and a source of power to promote product innovation. The Group strictly requires that our products and services must conform to public interests, and handle inquires and opinions of customers in a timely manner.

#### Ningbo AUX

Ningbo AUX adopts the whole process customer service concept in project positioning, planning and management of its property management business in the mainland China, covers the customer satisfaction indicator of related operation units in all regions into the scope of performance evaluation on these operation units, and constantly improves our services from the interest of customers.

#### 產品責任

客戶是本集團實現可持續發展的根基、產品創 新的動力之源。本集團嚴格要求自身提供的產 品及服務符合公眾利益,並及時處理客戶的查 詢及意見。

#### 寧波奧克斯

寧波奧克斯於中國內地的物業管理業務實行從 項目定位、規劃、管理的全過程客戶服務理念, 並將所有地區有關營運單位的客戶滿意度指標 列入對該營運單位的績效考核範疇,從客戶利 益出發,持續不斷改進服務。

Management according to law 依法管理	The Group conducts lawful management and operation in accordance with the requirements in government laws, regulations and policies, so as to ensure our property safety and value increase. By virtue of normative approaches and with the goal of pursuing satisfaction of property owners, the Group provides efficient and superior services for the property owners, and satisfies their requirements honestly without fraud. 根據政府法律、法規、政策要求,依法管理,合法經營,確保本集團財產安全與增值。借 助規範的手段,以業戶滿意為追求的目標,向業戶提供高效、優質的服務,滿足業戶要求, 誠信無欺。
Superior services 優質服務	The Group develops business earnestly, makes unremitting pursuits and improves the details to strive for perfection. The Group also makes full use of the internal and external information about quality environment, occupational health and safety, and customer feedback, constantly improves the quality, environmental and occupational health and safety management system, keeps such systems always in effect, and pursues endlessly a higher level of management and performance. 在業務上刻苦鑽研,不懈追求,完善細節,力求盡善盡美;充分利用內外部的質量環境、職業健康安全信息及顧客的反饋,持續改進質量、環境及職業健康安全管理體系並保證其始終有效,不斷追求管理和績效的更高層次。
minite innovation 無限創新	The Group will focus on infinite innovation, and uphold the spirit of infinite innovation from business levels to management approaches. Employees of the Group shall have the spirit of loving and respecting their jobs and being ready for innovation, and attempt to achieve the synchronous development of both individual and corporate values. 本集團將著力無限的創新,從業務層面上至管理手段,都具備無限創新的精神,本集團員工要有愛崗敬業、樂於創新的精神,實現個人價值與企業的同步發展。
Sustainable development 持續發展	Standardised management is crucial to the Group's development. To achieve development, the Group must attach importance to standardised management, establish and improve its quality, environmental and occupational health and safety systems, establish effective inspection and implementation mechanism, and guarantee the Group's steady and sustainable development. 規範管理是集團發展的關鍵,集團要發展必須注重集團的規範管理,建立和完善集團的質量、環境和職業健康安全制度,建立有效的檢查和落實機制,確保企業穩定和持續發展。

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The Customer Service Department of Ningbo AUX is responsible for caring about customers initiatively, handling and managing customer complaints, systematising and refining customer relationship management, standardising the complaint handling work, and enabling all the complaints made by property owners to be solved timely and reasonably.

In order to standardise and regulate the customer services of operation units in various regions, the Group has formulated normative documents such as Property Owner's Complaints Handling Flow Sheet, Standard Operating Procedures for Property Owner's Complaints Handling, etc. to constantly improve its customer relationship management level. 寧波奧克斯的客戶服務部負責主動關懷客戶、 處理業戶投訴及管理工作,推動客戶關係管理工 作系統化與精細化,並規範投訴處理工作,確 保業戶的各類投訴能及時、合理地得到解決。

為了使各地區營運單位的客戶服務工作標準化 及規範化,集團制定出《業戶投訴處理流程單》 及《業戶投訴處理標準作業規程》等制度文件, 持續提升其客戶關係管理水平。



Complaint	<ul> <li>Upon receipt of the complaint from a property owner, the property butler will firstly show sympathy for what the property owner is suffering from on behalf of the department being complained, and keep detailed records in the Logs of Customer Service Department immediately. In case of a minor complaint, it may be submitted to the department being complained in the form of Work Contact Sheet.</li></ul>	
channels	當接到業戶投訴時,物業管家首先代表被投訴部門向業戶的遭遇表示同情,並立即在《客戶服務部日誌》中作好詳細記錄,若屬輕微投訴可以《工作聯繫單》的形式發送到被投訴部門。 <li>Complaint channels for property owners include:</li>	
投訴渠道	業戶投訴渠道包括: <li>Reception desk switchboard 單位前台總機</li> <li>Customer service receptionist 客服前台</li> <li>Official micro-blog and WeChat account 官方微博及微信號</li>	
Satisfaction survey 滿意度調查	survey on satisfaction of the property owner customer opinions and suggestions about to to constantly improve the Group's custo quality. Moreover, Ningbo AUX listens to customer opinions, rapidly responds to custo improving the customer service via channer owners' forum, social media, etc. 寧波奧克斯從高中學校聘請學生作臨時工 並對寧波奧克斯的日常服務進行客戶意見 平及物業管理品質。此外,寧波奧克斯更到	chools as temporary staff to conduct sampling rs about our products and services, and collect he daily services of Ningbo AUX, in an attempt mer service level and property management o the voices of customers, actively collects tomer needs, and devotes itself to continuously ls such as hotline, written suggestion, property , 對業戶進行產品和服務滿意度的抽樣調查, 與建議的收集,以不斷提升集團的客戶服務水 通過熱線電話、書面建議、業戶論壇、社交媒 意見,迅速回應客戶需要,致力於持續改進客

# AUX

AUX is committed to providing the best customer service experience, safeguarding relevant intellectual property rights of the software used in clubs, protecting customer privacy, guaranteeing the security in clubs, and preventing drug abuse. AUX has formulated relevant systems to regulate relevant operations of employees as follows:

# 奧克斯

奧克斯致力為顧客提供最佳客戶服務體驗、保 護店內使用軟件的相關知識產權、保護顧客私 隱、確保會所內的安全及防止濫藥。奧克斯已 設有相關制度規範員工相關操作如下:

Complaint handling 投訴處理	<ul> <li>AUX is committed to providing customers with an efficient complaint handling mechanism and taking the following approaches to achieve this goal:</li> <li>奧克斯致力為顧客提供一個有效率的投訴處理機制,並採取下列方法以實踐此目標:</li> <li>All employees deal with customer complaints in an objective and positive manner; 所有員工以客觀和積極的態度處理客戶的投訴;</li> <li>Actively contact customers to follow up or resolve complaints in a real-time manner; 主動聯繫客戶跟進情況或即時解決投訴;</li> <li>Investigate the cause of the complaint in a real-time manner and provide remedial</li> </ul>
	measures; 即時調查投訴原因,並提供解決的補救措施; • Record the details of all complaints and record the contact information of the complainant in daily log for investigation and follow-up; and 記錄全部投訴細節,並將投訴人的聯繫記錄在每日日誌中以供調查和跟進;及 • Periodically review the progress of unresolved cases. 定期檢視未解決個案進度。
Safeguarding intellectual property rights 維護知識產權	<ul> <li>AUX has formulated intellectual property policies and procedures to manage, protect and monitor the copyright usage:</li> <li>奧克斯設有知識產權政策及程序以管理、保護及監察版權的使用:</li> <li>Prohibit the use of unauthorised software or the reproduction of any object of intellectual property rights;</li> <li>禁止使用未經授權的軟件或複製任何知識產權的物件:</li> <li>Before using a third party material, ensure that a license has been granted; 在使用第三方材料前,確保已授予許可:</li> <li>Educate and remind all employees to comply with copyright laws via email or intranet;</li> <li>通過電子郵件或內部網絡教育並提醒所有員工遵守版權法:</li> <li>Retain lawyers to verify copyright owners, buy public performance licenses and deal with other copyright problems; and 聘請律師核實版權人、購買公開播放牌照和處理其他版權問題:及</li> <li>Establish the List of Licensed Songs according to the public performance licenses already bought.</li> <li>根據已購買之公開播放牌照設立《已獲許可之歌單》。</li> </ul>
Protecting customer privacy 保護顧客私隱	AUX has established a membership system to provide more convenience and benefits for membership customers. All membership data are kept and encrypted by the membership database manager to avoid unauthorised access to the sensitive data of the members. 奧克斯的會所業務設有會員制度,為加入了會籍的顧客提供更多的便利與優惠。所有已 入會的會員資料均由會員經理保管並進行加密,確保沒有人在未經許可的情況下參閱會 員的敏感資料。

	AUX is committed to providing customers with a safe and orderly environment within the club, to ensure that customers have a wonderful time there: 奧克斯致力為顧客於會所內提供一個安全有秩序的環境,確保顧客於會所內盡情享受:
Safety in the club 確保會所安全	<ul> <li>Professional security personnel are hired to maintain the order within the club; 外聘專業保安維持會所內的秩序:</li> <li>Ensure all the hired security personnel hold valid security certificates and pass the drug test; 確保所有受聘的保安均持有有效的保安證書及通過藥品測試:</li> <li>Closed-circuit television operates in the form of 24/7 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week), and in the event of an accident, we will view relevant records for follow-up; 閉路電視以24/7(一天24小時,一週7天)形式運作,發生意外時可觀看相關記錄以作跟進:</li> <li>Strictly control the flow of club patrons; 嚴格控制會所顧客人流:</li> <li>Check the identification certificate of any customer suspicious of being under 18; and 檢查懷疑未滿十八歲人士的身份證明文件;及</li> <li>If we find any customer under 18 or uncooperative, the employees shall ask that customer to leave the club. If necessary, we will inform the police for assistance. 在發現未滿十八歲顧客或有相關顧客不合作的情況下,職員應要求有關顧客離開會所。如有需要,或會通知警方協助。</li> </ul>
Prevention against drug abuse 防止濫藥	<ul> <li>AUX has established rules to prevent drug abuse: 奥克斯已訂立防止濫藥的規則:</li> <li>All the new employees must pass the drug test before recruited; 所有新入職之員工必須通過藥品測驗才獲聘用:</li> <li>The Group carries out conventional drug test every month in the clubs, and choose random employees to receive sample test; 奥克斯每月於會所進行常規藥物測試,並隨機挑選工作人員進行樣本測試;</li> <li>Any employee who is suspected of taking any prohibited drugs can be directly reported to his/her department supervisor; 如懷疑任何員工服用違例藥物,可直接向其部門主管報告;</li> <li>Our security personnel will request any person suspicious of dealing or taking any prohibited drugs to leave the club; 如懷疑任何人交易或服用違例藥物,保安人員會立即要求該人員離開;</li> <li>If any specific evidence is found to prove any person dealing or taking any prohibited drugs, the club manager will call the police immediately; and 如發現具體證據證明交易或服用違例藥物,會所經理會立即報警處理;及</li> <li>AUX will arrange Caritas Lok Heep Club to provide lectures with respect to drugs, mental health and other healthy lifestyle to employees. 奥克斯定期安排明愛樂協會提供關於毒品、心理健康和其他健康生活的講座予員工。</li> </ul>

#### Anti-Corruption

The Group prohibits any act of corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering. The good moral integrity and anticorruption mechanism ensures the Group's acts in all work be professional, honest and fair.

The Group strictly abides by the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance, and requires all employees sign the Employee Anti-Corruption Commitment Letter, making the commitments as follows: while engaged in business practices, an employee must not directly or indirectly provide, undertake, require or accept any illegitimate benefits, or carry out other dishonest acts in breach of good faith, law or national regulations, including criminal offences including corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering, and other acts such as providing illegal political contributions, improper charitable donations or sponsorships, providing or accepting unreasonable gifts, entertainments or other illegitimate benefits, infringing business secrets, trademark rights, patent rights, copyrights and other intellectual property rights, engaged in unfair competition, etc. The Group requires that employees must report any benefits received, for which the Group will make the final decision on disposal.

During the fiscal year of 2019/2020, neither the Group nor its employees were prosecuted for corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering.

#### Whistle-Blowing Channel and Policy

The complaint whistleblower shall truthfully report the situation to the Administration Center. Upon receipt of the whistleblowing matter, the Administration Center will investigate the complaint. The Administration Center will keep the whistleblower's personal information confidential, and will submit the case to the competent external agency for disposal when necessary. The whistleblower will undertake corresponding legal liability for fabricating facts, falsifying evidence, or conducting false charge or frame-up by whistleblowing.

### 反貪污

本集團嚴禁任何賄賂、勒索、欺詐或洗黑錢的 行為,良好的道德誠信與反貪腐的機制確保集 團所有工作中的行為都是專業、誠實、公平的。

本集團嚴格依從《防止賄賂條例》,並要求員工 簽定《員工廉政承諾書》,承諾於從事商業行為 的過程中,不得直接或間接提供、承諾、要求 或收受任何不正當利益,或做出其他違反誠信、 不法或違反國家規定等不誠信行為,包括行賄 及受賄、勒索、欺詐、洗黑錢等刑事犯罪結 及受賄、勤索、欺詐、洗黑錢等一個 了為如提供非法政治獻金、不當慈考 人人。 一、著作權及其他智慧財產權、從事不公平競 爭之行為等。本集團作最後定奪及處置。

於二零一九/二零二零財政年度,本集團及其員 工均沒有發生因貪污、受賄、勒索、欺詐或洗 黑錢而被起訴的案件訴訟記錄。

#### 舉報管道及政策

投訴舉報人可向行政管理中心如實提供情況, 當接受舉報事項後,行政管理中心會對其投訴 內容展開調查。行政管理中心會把舉報人相關 個人資料保密,並於有需要的情況下,把個案 轉交相關外部機構處理。如舉報人捏造事實、 偽造證據,或利用舉報誣告陷害他人,舉報人 則需承擔相應法律責任。

#### **Community Investment**

The Group insists on the philosophy of giving back to the society. Apart from the continual and robust operation of business development, the Group will make active efforts to show the service spirit of our core corporate values, integrate the ideas of community concern and participation, and continue devoting to all kinds of education, cultural and social welfare activities.

#### **Volunteer Services**

The Group is committed to performing its corporate civic responsibility, of which volunteer service is an important part. In view of this, the Group has particularly set up a volunteer team, to cooperate with the Agency for Volunteer Service in charity work and return to the society. During the financial year of 2019/2020, the Group arranged volunteers to provide gratuitous treatment to residents. At different festivals, the Group also gives carnations to mothers and books to children, and offer laba congee, moon cakes and congee with mungbean to improve neighborly and community relations. During the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group donated medical supplies to the Hong Kong Medical Association and Agency for Volunteer Service, as part of the contribution to fighting epidemic.

In the coming year, the Group will input more resources in various education, cultural and social welfare activities, actively participate in community activities, and express the Group's concern of and return to local society.

## **Regulatory Compliance**

The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to emissions, employment, health and safety, labour standards, product responsibility and anti-corruption during the fiscal year of 2019/2020.

#### 社區投資

本集團秉持回饋社會的理念,除持續穩健經營 企業發展外,積極展現企業核心價值的服務精 神,融入社區關懷以及社區參與的思維,持續 傾力於各項教育文化及社會公益活動。

#### 義工服務

本集團致力於履行公民責任,而義工服務亦是 當中重要的一部份。有見及此,集團特意成立 義工團隊,與義務工作發展局合作參與慈善工 作,回饋社會。本集團於二零一九/二零二零 財政年度曾安排義工為住戶提供免費義診的服 務。於不同的節日,本集團亦贈送康乃馨予 親、為兒童贈送書籍、派發臘八粥、月餅、綠 豆湯等,促進鄰里及社區關係。新冠肺炎疫情 期間,集團亦捐贈了醫療物資予香港醫學會及 義務工作發展局,為對抗疫情出一份力。

本集團在未來一年將於各項教育文化及社會公 益活動投放更多資源,積極參與社區活動,表 達本集團對當地社會的關心與回饋。

#### 合規監管

於二零一九/二零二零財政年度,本集團並不知 悉任何因未遵守有關排放物、僱傭、健康與安 全、勞工常規、產品責任及反貪污的法律及規 例而對本集團有重大影響的情況。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治報告指南和參考 REPORTING GUIDE AND REFERENCE

A. Environmental A. 環境	Reference in the Report 本報告參考
A1. Emissions A1. 排放物	Page# 頁數#
The policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例。	38–41
KPI A1.1 The types of emissions and respective emissions data. KPI A1.1排放物種類及相關排放數據	N/A 不適用
KPI A1.2 Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). KPI A1.2溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	38-40
KPI A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). KPI A1.3所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施 計算)。	N/A 不適用
KPI A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). KPI A1.4所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施 計算)。	40-41
KPI A1.5 Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved. KPI A1.5描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。	38-40
KPI A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved. KPI A1.6描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所得成果。	40-41

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A2. Use of Resources	Page#
A2. 資源使用	「age# 頁數#
Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	42-44
KPI A2.1 Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). KPI A2.1按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦 時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	42
KPI A2.2 Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). KPI A2.2總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	43-44
KPI A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved. KPI A2.3描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。	42, 44
KPI A2.4 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. KPI A2.4描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成 果。	43–44
KPI A2.5 Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. KPI A2.5製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	N/A (44) 不適用
A3. The Environment and Natural Resources A3. 環境及天然資源	Page# 頁數#
Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	38–45
KPI A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. KPI A3.1描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的 行動。	38–45

B. Social B. 社會 B1. Employment B1. 僱傭	Reference in the Report 本報告參考 Page# 頁數#
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	47–49
KPI B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. KPI B1.1按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	47
KPI B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. KPI B1.2按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	49
B2. Health and Safety B2. 健康與安全	Page# 頁數#
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	49
KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities. KPI B2.1因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	N/A 不適用
KPI B2.2 Lost days due to work injury. KPI B2.2因工傷損失工作日數。	N/A 不適用
KPI B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. KPI B2.3描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	49

B3. Development and Training B3. 發展及培訓	Page# 頁數#
Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	49–50
KPI B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). KPI B3.1按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層等)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	49–50
KPI B3.2 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. KPI B3.2按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	49–50
B4. Labour Standards B4. 勞工準則	Page# 頁數#
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.	50
有關防止童工或強制勞工的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	
KPI B4.1 Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. KPI B4.1描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	50
KPI B4.2 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. KPI B4.2描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	50
B5. Supply Chain Management B5. 供應鏈管理	Page# 頁數#
Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	51
KPI B5.1 Number of suppliers by geographical region. KPI B5.1按地區劃分的供應商數目。	N/A 不適用
KPI B5.2 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored. KPI B5.2描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有	N/A 不適用
關價例的執行及監察方法。	

B6. Product Responsibility B6. 產品責任	Page# 頁數#
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的 政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	52–55
KPI B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. KPI B6.1已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	N/A 不適用
KPI B6.2 Number of products and services related complaints received and how they are dealt with. KPI B6.2接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	N/A 不適用
KPI B6.3 Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. KPI B6.3描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	54
KPI B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. KPI B6.4描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	N/A 不適用
KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. KPI B6.5描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	54
B7. Anti-corruption B7. 反貪污	Page# 頁數#
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	55–56
KPI B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. KPI B7.1於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴 訟結果。	55
KPI B7.2 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored. KPI B7.2描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	55–56

B8. Community Investment B8. 社區投資	Page# 頁數#
Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	56
KPI B8.1 Focus areas of contribution (e. g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). KPI B8.1專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	56
KPI B8.2 Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. KPI B8.2在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	N/A 不適用

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Directors submit herewith their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

# **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the Group's business during the financial year, which includes a fair review of the Group's business, a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, an analysis of the Group's financial key performance, particulars of important events affecting the Group during the financial year and after the end of the financial year, and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 8 to 16 and the Group's environmental policies and performance can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 33 to 67 of this annual report. The contents of the abovementioned sections form parts of the business review as contained in this report of the Directors.

#### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

To the best of the knowledge of the Board and the management, the Group complied with the relevant laws and regulations which may have a material impact on the business and operation of the Company and its subsidiaries in all material respects during the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group recognises that employees are one of the significant assets of the Group. The Group aims to continue establishing a caring environment to employees and emphasised the personal development of its employees.

The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers and suppliers. The Group aims to continually provide quality services and consumption experiences to its customers and establish cooperation strategy with its suppliers. 董事謹此提呈截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

# 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司主要附 屬公司之業務載於財務報表附註15。

#### 業務回顧

本集團於財政年度內的業務回顧包括本集團所 面對的本集團業務的公平審閱、主要風險及不 明朗因素的討論、本集團主要財務表現分析、 財政年度內及財政年末後影響本集團的重大事 件的具體資訊以及本集團業務之未來可能發展 的展望,此業務回顧已列示於本年報第8至16頁 的管理層討論與分析,而環境、社會及管治報 告中本集團的環境政策及績效則列於本年報第 33至67頁。上述章節之內容構成董事會報告所 載業務回顧的一部分。

#### 遵守法律及法規

據董事會及管理層所知,於截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度,本集團在所有重要方面已 遵守或會對本公司及其附屬公司業務及營運產 生重大影響的相關法律及法規。

#### 與員工、客戶及供應商的重要關係

本集團確認員工為本集團的重要資產之一,並 以繼續建立關愛的環境為目標,重視員工的個 人發展。

本集團與客戶及供應商保持良好關係,並繼續 以向客戶提供優質服務及消費體驗以及與供應 商訂立合作策略為目標。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### **Environmental Policies**

The Group is committed to building an environmentally-friendly corporate environment that pays close attention to conserving natural resources. The Group strives to minimise its impact on the environment by reducing its electricity consumption and encouraging recycling of office supplies and other materials. For further details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 33 to 67 of this annual report.

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 92 to 195.

# **TRANSFER TO RESERVES**

Profit attributable to shareholders, before dividends, of HK\$13,213,000 (2019: Loss attributable to shareholders before dividends: HK\$9,635,000) have been transferred to reserves. Other movements in reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2020, the reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$85,481,000 (2019: HK\$100,207,000).

# **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets, equity and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 196 of this annual report.

# **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movement in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

# **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of share capital of the Company are set out in note 24(b) to the financial statements, in which there were no movements during the year.

#### 環境政策

本集團致力創造環保的企業環境,珍惜天然資源,透過減省電力消耗及鼓勵回收辦公室用品及其他物料減低對環境造成的影響。進一步詳情,請參閱本年報第33頁至第67頁所載之環境、 社會及管治報告。

# 財務報表

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之 業績以及本公司及本集團截至該日之事務狀況 載於財務報表第92至195頁。

# 轉撥至儲備

股東應佔除股息前溢利13,213,000港元(二零一 九年股東應佔除股息前虧損:9,635,000港元)已 轉撥至儲備。儲備之其他變動載於綜合權益變 動表。

董事不建議就截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度派付末期股息(二零一九年:無)。

# 可分派儲備

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司根據開曼群 島公司法(二零一三年修訂本)計算之可分派予 股東之儲備約為85,481,000港元(二零一九年: 100,207,000港元)。

# 財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產、權 益及負債概要載於本年報第196頁。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

年內物業、廠房及設備變動之詳情載於財務報 表附註12。

# 股本

本公司股本之詳情載於財務報表附註24(b),於 年內並無發生任何變動。 There were no purchases, sales or redemptions of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2020.

# **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a prorata basis to existing shareholders.

# TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers represent less than 30% of the Group's total revenue.

The information in respect of the Group's purchases from the major suppliers during the year ended 31 March 2020 is as follows:

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司 上市證券。

# 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法律概無有關 優先購買權之條文,致使本公司須按比例向現 有股東提呈發售新股份。

## 税項減免

董事並不知悉股東因持有本公司證券而獲得任 何税項減免。

## 主要顧客及供應商

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團五 大顧客之總收益佔本集團總收益少於30%。

主要供應商於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度內佔本集團採購之資料如下:

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		Percentage of the Group's total purchases 佔本集團 採購總額百分比
The largest supplier	最大供應商	63%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合共	85%

During the year, other than Ningbo AUX Real Estate Co., Ltd (which accounted for approximately 9.7% of the total sales for the year ended 31 March 2020) in which Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang and Mr. Zheng Jiang indirectly hold 85.0% interests and 10.0% interests respectively and Ningbo Mingzhou Hospital which is an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of a 30%-controlled company held by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang (which accounted for approximately 3.6% of the total sales for the year ended 31 March 2020), none of the Directors, their close associates or Shareholders who to the best knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company has any beneficial interest in any of the Group's 5 largest suppliers or customers.

年內,除鄭堅江先生和鄭江先生分別間接持有寧 波奧克斯置業有限公司(約佔截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度銷售總額9.7%)85.0%和10.0% 的權益和寧波明州醫院為鄭堅江先生持有30% 受控公司的間接全資附屬公司(約佔截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度銷售總額的3.6%)外, 概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或據董事深知任何擁 有本公司已發行股份數目5%以上的股東於本集 團五大供應商及客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Jingguo Mr. Zheng Jiang Mr. Chan Hon Ki Ms. Shen Guoying

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Bau Siu Fung Ms. Lou Aidong

Pursuant to Article 108 of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation.

By virtue of Article 108 of the Articles, Mr. Chan Hon Ki, Ms. Shen Guoying and Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok and will retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"). All Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

# DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 15 to 17 of this annual report.

# DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# 董事

於本財政年度及截至本報告日期間,董事為:

## **執行董事** 張靜國先生 鄭 江先生 陳漢淇先生 沈國英女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

潘昭國先生 鮑小豐先生 婁愛東女士

根據細則第108條,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事將輪流退任。

根據細則第108條,陳漢淇先生、沈國英女士及 潘昭國先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會(「股 東週年大會」)上退任。所有董事均符合資格, 並願意重選連任。

# 董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載 於本年報第15至17頁。

# 董事之服務合約

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事 訂立不可於一年內由本公司或其任何附屬公司 予以終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之未 屆滿服務合約。
#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of the then Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (the "SFO"), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and chief executive were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register therein, or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

#### 董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債權證中之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司當時董事及 最高行政人員於本公司及其任何相聯法團(定義 見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部) 之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯 交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須載入該條所述之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或 根據上市規則所載標準守則須知會本公司及聯 交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of	於本公司相聯法團之股份及相關股份之好倉
associated corporation of the Company	

Name of Directors	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Number and class of shares	Approximately Percentage of the issued share capital 已發行股本之
董事姓名	身份/權益性質	股份數目及類別	概約百分比
Zheng Jiang	Interest in a controlled	0.1 ordinary shares	10%
鄭江	受控法團權益	普通股	
Zheng Jiang 鄭 江	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	1,000 ordinary shares 普通股	10%
	Directors 董事姓名 Zheng Jiang 鄭 江 Zheng Jiang	Directors     Nature of interest       董事姓名     身份/權益性質       Zheng Jiang     Interest in a controlled corporation       鄭 江     受控法團權益       Zheng Jiang     Interest in a controlled corporation	DirectorsNature of interestclass of shares董事姓名身份 / 權益性質股份數目及類別Zheng JiangInterest in a controlled corporation0.1 ordinary shares鄭 江受控法團權益普通股Zheng JiangInterest in a controlled corporation1,000 ordinary shares

#### Note:

 Ze Hong Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Zheng Jiang, was interested in (i) 10% of the issued share capital of Huiri Limited, being the holding company of the Company; and (ii) 10% of the issued share capital of China Prosper Enterprise Holding Co., Ltd., being a fellow subsidiary of Huiri Limited. Mr. Zheng Jiang was deemed to be interested in the shares of Huiri Limited and China Prosper Enterprise Holding Co., Ltd. as held by Ze Hong Limited by virtue of the SFO.

Apart from the foregoing, no other interests and short positions required to be recorded in the register kept under section 352 of the SFO have been notified to the Company.

#### 附註:

1.

鄭江先生全資擁有的公司澤宏有限公司於(i)本公司 的控股公司匯日控股有限公司已發行股本的10%:及 (ii)匯日控股有限公司的同系附屬公司China Prosper Enterprise Holding Co., Ltd.已發行股本的10%中擁有 權益。根據證券及期貨條例,鄭江先生被視為於澤 宏有限公司持有的匯日控股有限公司及China Prosper Enterprise Holding Co., Ltd. 的股份中擁有權益。

除上述者外,本公司並不知悉其他須記錄於根 據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置的登記冊內 之權益及淡倉。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of persons other than the chief executive of the Company who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

## 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年三月三十一日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士(本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有須根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第2及3分部條文向本公司及聯交所披露 之權益及淡倉如下:

Name of shareholder	Capacity/ Nature of Interest	Long position in ordinary shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital (approximately) (Note 1) 已發行股本
股東姓名	身份/權益性質	持有普通股 之好倉	百分比(概約) <i>(附註1)</i>
Zheng Jian Jiang <i>(Note 2)</i> 鄭堅江 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	219,950,000	58.66%
Ze Hui Limited <i>(Note 2)</i> 澤惠有限公司 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	219,950,000	58.66%
Huiri Limited <i>(Note 2)</i> 匯日控股有限公司 <i>(附註2)</i>	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	219,950,000	58.66%
He Yi Ju <i>(Note 3)</i> 何意菊 <i>(附註3)</i>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	219,950,000	58.66%
Xu Xingen 徐信根	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	32,400,000	8.64%
Chen Yongan 陳永安	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	21,600,000	5.76%
Notes:	附註:		

1.

1. On the basis of 374,984,000 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2020.

基於本公司於二零二零年三月三十一日已發行 374,984,000股股份。

- 2. Huiri Limited is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability which is owned as to 90% by Ze Hui Limited (which is in turn wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang) and 10% by Ze Hong Limited (which is in turn wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Zheng Jiang, a current executive Director). Each of Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang and Ze Hui Limited is deemed to be interested in all the Shares in which Huiri Limited is interested by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. He Yi Ju is the spouse of Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang. Under the SFO, Ms. He Yi Ju was taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang was interested.

Apart from the foregoing, no other interests and short positions required to be recorded in the register kept under section 336 of the SFO have been notified to the Company.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Other than those transactions disclosed in the paragraph "Continuing Connected Transactions", no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its controlling shareholders or their subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with a Director or a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 March 2020 or at any time during the year.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACT**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

## DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the section headed "Share Option Scheme" disclosed below, at no time during the year, the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party to any arrangements which would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or its subsidiaries. Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 was granted any right to subscribe for the shares or debentures of the Company or its subsidiaries or had exercised any such right.

- 2. 匯日控股有限公司為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立 的有限公司,由澤惠有限公司(由鄭堅江先生全資實 益擁有)及澤宏有限公司(由現時執行董事鄭江先生 全資實益擁有)分別擁有90%及10% 權益。根據證券 及期貨條例,鄭堅江先生及澤惠有限公司各自被視 為於匯日控股有限公司擁有權益的所有股份中擁有 權益。
- 何意菊女士為鄭堅江先生的配偶。根據證券及期貨 條例,何意菊女士被視為於鄭堅江先生擁有權益的 相同數目股份中擁有權益。

除上述者外,本公司並不知悉其他須記錄於根 據證券及期貨條例第336條所存置之登記冊內 之權益及淡倉。

#### 董事於合約之權益

除「持續關連交易」一段所披露的交易外,本公 司或其任何附屬公司,或其任何控股股東或彼 等的附屬公司概無訂立本公司董事或與董事有 關之實體或控股股東或其任何附屬公司擁有重 大權益(直接或間接),且於截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年末或年內任何時間仍然生效之 交易、安排或合約。

#### 管理層合約

年內概無訂立或存在涉及本公司全部或任何重 要部分業務管理及行政之合約。

#### 董事收購股份或債權證之權利

除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司、 其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無於年內任何 時間訂立任何安排,使董事得以透過收購本公 司或其附屬公司之股份或債權證獲利。除本報 告所披露者外,董事或任何彼等之配偶或十八 歲以下之子女概無獲授任何權利以認購本公司 或其附屬公司股份或債權證或已行使任何該等 權利。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING 董事於競爭業務之權益 BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 March 2020 the Board is not aware of any business or interests of the then Directors and their respective associates that had competed or might compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interests which any such person had or might have with the Group.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Board on the basis of their merit, qualifications, competence and job nature.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee and are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results and individual performance.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to Directors, employees and other eligible persons.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

Details of the retirement schemes of the Group are set out in note 2(p) to the financial statements.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事會 並不知悉當時董事及彼等各自之聯繫人之任何 業務或權益對本集團業務造成競爭或可能造成 競爭,或該等人士與本集團存在或可能存在之 任何其他利益衝突。

#### 薪酬政策

董事會按本集團僱員之表現、資格、能力及工 作性質制定其薪酬政策。

薪酬委員會就董事薪酬提出建議,董事薪酬由 董事會經考慮本集團經營業績及個別人士表現 決定。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為董事、僱員及 其他合資格人士之獎勵。

#### 退休計劃

本集團退休計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註2(p)。

#### 公眾持股量充足

根據本公司可獲取之公開資料及就本公司董事 所知悉,截至本年報日期,本公司已維持上市 規則訂明之公眾持股量。

#### 獨立性確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條就獨立性發出之年度確認,並認為所有 獨立非執行董事確屬獨立人士。

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

The net proceeds from the IPO amounted to approximately HK\$105.6 million, among which approximately HK\$103.7 million had been utilised as at 31 March 2020. As mentioned in the announcement of the Company dated 22 June 2017, as at 31 March 2017, the Group had used approximately HK\$19.5 million for the decoration and other opening costs for Zentral and approximately HK\$10.4 million for additional working capital and other general corporate purposes, which were designated uses as disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 13 January 2014. During the year ended 31 March 2020, parts of the remaining net proceeds from the IPO had been utilised in accordance with the revised allocation plan as set out in the announcements of the Company dated 22 June 2017 and 31 March 2020, and the unutilised portion remain deposited with licensed financial institutions in Hong Kong. This is summarised as follows:

#### 所得款項之用途

首次公開發售的所得款項淨額約為105.6百萬港 元,於二零二零年三月三十一日,其中約103.7百 萬港元已被動用。誠如本公司日期為二零一七 年六月二十二日的公告所述,於二零一七年三 月三十一日,本集團已使用約19.5百萬港元作為 Zentral的裝修及其他開業成本以及約10.4百萬 港元用作額外營運資金及其他一般公司用途, 該等用途為本公司日期為二零一四年一月十三日 的招股章程披露的指定用途。截至二零二零日 与三十一日止年度,根據本公司日期為二零一 七年六月二十二日及二零年三月三十一日的 公告所載之經修訂分配計劃,餘下的首次公開 發售所得款項淨額的其中一部分未動用款項仍 存於香港持牌金融機構,該等信息概括如下:

				tproceedsutilis。 動用所得款項淨額		
		Proposed use of unutilised net proceeds from the IPO as set out in the announcement dated	As at	During the year ended	As at 31 March 2020	Unutilised net proceeds as at 21 March 2020
Use of proceeds	所得款項用途	1     22     30116     2017       日期為二零一七     年六月二十二日之     公告所載列之       広公開發售之     未動用所得款項       淨額之建議用途       HK\$'million       百萬港元	於 二零一九年 三月三十一日 HK\$'million 百萬港元	截至 二零二零年 三月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	於 二零二零年 三月三十一日 HK\$'million 百萬港元	於       二零二零年       三月三十一日       之尚未動用       所得款項淨額       HK\$'million       百萬港元
<ul> <li>(i) settlement of consideration payable for acquisition of Ningbo AUX</li> <li>(ii) research of business expansion including but not limited to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(i) 清償收購寧波奧克斯之應 付代價</li> <li>(ii) 業務拓展研究,包括但不 限於會所業務及物業管理</li> </ul>	57.0	57.0		57.0	-
clubbing business and property management business, and general corporate purposes (iii) capital expenditures, working capital, other capital requirements and other general corporate purposes	業務及一般公司用途 (iii)資本開支、營運資金、其 他資本需求及其他一般公 司用途	10.7	3.2	5.6	8.8	1.9
		75.7	68.2	5.6	73.8	1.9

The net proceeds from the IPO which remained unutilised as at 31 March 2020 are expected to be applied for the designated purposes by 31 March 2021.

The net proceeds from the Placing of new shares of the Company were approximately HK\$54.1 million, which had been used in the manner as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 10 July 2017. As at 31 March 2020, the Group had utilised all such net proceeds for working capital and the acquisition of Mini Club.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 3 January 2014 which shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from that date, subject to early termination by the Company in a general meeting or by the Board. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives to Eligible Participants (as defined below) and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions the Eligible Participants have had or may have made to the Group. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may offer to grant an option to the following persons ("Eligible Participants"):

- (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives, or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (ii) any Directors (including any non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents to the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and
- such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group, the assessment criteria of which are:
  - contribution to the development and performance of the Group;
  - (2) quality of work performed for the Group;
  - (3) initiative and commitment in performing his/her duties; and
  - (4) length of service or contribution to the Group.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,未動用之首次公開 發售所得款項淨額預期於二零二一年三月三十 一日前作若干指定用途。

本公司配售新股份之所得款項淨額約為54.1百 萬港元,已按本公司日期為二零一七年七月十 日的公告披露之方式動用。於二零二零年三月 三十一日,本集團已將該等所得款項淨額之全 數作營運資金之用及收購Mini Club。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一四年一月三日採納購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),由當日起計有效期為十年,並 可由本公司於股東大會或董事會提早終止。購 股權計劃旨在向合資格參與者(定義見下文)提 供獎勵,以肯定及表揚合資格參與者對本集團 已作出或可能作出之貢獻。董事會可根據購股 權計劃向以下人士(「合資格參與者」)授出購股 權:

- (i) 本公司或其任何附屬公司任何全職或兼職 僱員、行政人員或高級職員;
- (ii) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事);
- (iii) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何顧問、諮 詢顧問、供應商、客戶及代理;及
- (iv) 董事會全權認為將會或已對本集團作出貢 獻的其他人士,評估標準為:
  - (1) 對本集團的發展及表現的貢獻;
  - (2) 為本集團工作表現的質素;
  - (3) 履行職責的主動性及承擔;及
  - (4) 於本集團服務或貢獻之年期。

The Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. The maximum number of Shares available for issue under options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue immediately following completion of the IPO (but taking no account of any Shares which may be allotted or issued pursuant to the exercise of the Over-allotment Option (as defined in the Prospectus)), being 30,000,000 Shares. The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to an Eligible Participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the number of Shares in issue as at the date of grant unless approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting.

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board provided that it shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant on or before the relevant acceptance date. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.

The Share Option Scheme shall expire on 2 January 2024.

Up to the year ended 31 March 2020, 2,745,000 options had been granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme.

As at 1 April 2019 and throughout the year ended 31 March 2020, there was no option outstanding under the Share Option Scheme.

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 授出及有待行使之所有未行使購股權獲行使時 可予發行之股份,在任何時候不得超過不時已 發行股份30%。根據購股權計劃或本公司採納 之其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股權而可供發 行之股份總數最高不得超過緊隨首次公開發售 完成後已發行股份10%(惟不計及因超額配股權 (定義見招股章程)獲行使而可能配發或發行之 任何股份),即30,000,000股股份。除非獲本 同股東於股東大會批准,否則,於任何12個月 期間,根據購股權計劃向合資格參與者授出之 購股權獲行使時已發行及可能發行之股份總數 不得超過於授出日期已發行股份數目1%。

根據購股權計劃授出之任何特定購股權之股份 認購價須由董事會釐定,惟不得少於下列最高 者:(i)於授出日期(當日須為交易日),聯交所每 日報價列表所報之股份收市價;(ii)緊接授出日 期前五個交易日內聯交所每日報價列表所報之 股份平均收市價;及(iii) 股份之面值。

於接納購股權後,承授人須向本公司支付1港 元作為於相關接納日期或之前獲授購股權之代 價。購股權可按購股權計劃之條款於購股權視 為已授出並獲接納當日起至該日起計10年屆滿 前期間隨時行使。購股權之行使期由董事會至 權酌情釐定,惟不得超過授出後10年。

購股權計劃將於二零二四年一月二日屆滿。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司根 據購股權計劃已授出2,745,000份購股權。

於二零一九年四月一日及截至二零二零年三月三 十一日止整個年度,購股權計劃項下並無任何 尚未行使之購股權。

As at the date of this annual report, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was 27,316,000 Shares representing 7.28% of the issued share capital of the Company.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Under the Articles of the Company, the Company had a permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Companies Ordinance) in force for the benefit of the Directors throughout the year ended 31 March 2020 and as at the date of approval of this report of the Directors, pursuant to which the Company shall indemnify the Directors against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which any of them may incur by reason of any act done in execution of their duty in their respective offices, except such as they shall incur through their own fraud or dishonesty. The Company has maintained insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors arising out of corporate activities.

#### **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The following transactions between certain connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company and the Group were conducted during the year on a continuing basis for which relevant announcements had been made by the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Continuing Connected Transactions (as disclosed in (a) the Company's circular dated 11 December 2018) On 15 October 2018, Ningbo AUX and Ningbo AUX Real Estate Co., Ltd ("Ningbo AUX Real Estate") (for itself and as trustee for the benefit of its subsidiaries from time to time) entered into an agreement (the "2018 Supplemental Agreement") to amend certain terms of the framework agreement entered into on 7 November 2016 for the provision of various types of residential property management services by Ningbo AUX Property to Ningbo AUX Real Estate (the "2016 Framework Agreement"). Furthermore, Ningbo AUX entered into a property management services framework agreement (the "2018 Framework Agreement I") with AUX Group Company Limited ("AUX Group") (for itself and as trustee for the benefit of its subsidiaries from time to time) and a property management services framework agreement (the "2018 Framework Agreement II") with Ningbo Sanxing Medical Electric Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo Sanxing Medical") (for itself and as trustee for the benefit of its

於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃可供發行之股份總數為27,316,000股,佔本公司已發行股本7.28%。

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司細則,於截至二零二零年三月三十 一日止整個年度及本董事會報告獲批准日期, 本公司一直為董事的利益訂有有效的獲准許的 彌償條文(定義見公司條例第469條),據此,倘 任何董事因履行其職責時所進行的任何行動而 產生任何訴訟、成本、費用、損失、損害及開 支,本公司須向其作出全部彌償(惟董事須對其 欺詐或不誠實行為承擔責任)。本公司已就因公 司活動而引致的針對董事的法律行動投購董事 及高級職員責任保險。

#### 持續關連交易

以下為若干本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則) 與本集團於年內按持續基準所訂立之本公司已 根據上市規則就其作出相關公告之交易。

## (a) 持續關連交易(誠如本公司日期為二零一八年十二月十一日的通函所披露)

於二零一八年十月十五日,寧波奧克斯與 寧波奧克斯置業有限公司(「寧波奧克斯置 業」)(為其本身及其不時附屬公司的利益 之受託人)訂立一份協議(「二零一八年補 充協議」),以修訂於二零一六年十一月七 日所訂立有關寧波奧克斯物業向寧波奧 克斯置業提供多種住宅物業管理服務的 框架協議(「二零一六年框架協議」)的若干 條款。此外,寧波奧克斯於二零一八年十 月十五日與奧克斯集團有限公司(「奧克斯 集團」)(為其本身及其不時附屬公司的利 益之受託人)訂立一份物業管理服務框架 協議(「二零一八年框架協議一」)及與寧波 三星醫療電氣股份有限公司(「寧波三星醫 療」)(為其本身及其不時附屬公司的利益 之受託人)訂立一份物業管理服務框架協 議(「二零一八年框架協議二」),內容有關 寧波奧克斯提供辦公室、停車位及/或

subsidiaries from time to time) respectively on 15 October 2018 for the provision by Ningbo AUX of maintenance and cleaning services for offices, car park units and/ or commercial properties. As at the date of the above agreements, Ningbo AUX Real Estate and AUX Group were companies each held as to 85% by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang, a controlling shareholder of the Company indirectly holding approximately 58.66% of the total number of issued shares of the Company, and Ningbo Sanxing was a 30%-controlled company held by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang. As such, Ningbo AUX Real Estate, AUX Group and Ningbo Sanxing were associates of Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang and connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. Therefore, the transactions contemplated under the 2016 Framework Agreement as amended by the 2018 Supplemental Agreement (the "Amended 2016 Framework Agreement"), the 2018 Framework Agreement I and the 2018 Framework Agreement II constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Details of the Amended 2016 Framework Agreement, the 2018 Framework Agreement I and the 2018 Framework Agreement II are disclosed below:

#### (i) Amended 2016 Framework Agreement

Under the Amended 2016 Framework Agreement, Ningbo AUX shall provide management and maintenance services in respect of residential properties and facilities of property development projects of Ningbo AUX Real Estate before delivery, sales offices management services, unsold residential units property management services and vacant retail shop property management services to Ningbo AUX Real Estate for a term commencing on 1 January 2017, and ending on 31 December 2020. The above transactions shall be subject to the annual cap of RMB34.0 million, RMB30.0 million, RMB47.7 million and RMB55.6 million for the years ended 31 December 2017, 2018 and 2019 and the year ending 31 December 2020 respectively. 商用物業的維護及清潔服務。於上述協 議日期,寧波奧克斯置業及奧克斯集團 為各由本公司控股股東鄭堅江先生(間接 持有本公司已發行股份總數約58.66%)持 有85% 權益的公司。寧波三星為一家由鄭 堅江先生持有30%的受控公司。因此,根 握上市規則,寧波奧克斯置業、奧克斯集 國及寧波三星為鄭堅江先生的聯繫人及本 公司的關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第 14A章,二零一六年框架協議(經二零一八 年補充協議修訂)(「經修訂二零一六年框 架協議」)、二零一八年框架協議一及二零 一八年框架協議二項下擬進行的交易構成 本公司的持續關連交易。

有關經修訂二零一六年框架協議、二零一 八年框架協議一及二零一八年框架協議二 的詳情披露如下:

(i) 經修訂二零一六年框架協議

根據經修訂二零一六年框架協議, 寧波奧克斯須於交付前向寧波奧克 斯置業提供寧波奧克斯置業物業發 展項目的住宅物業及設施的管理及 維護服務、銷售辦事處管理服務、 未售住宅單位物業管理服務及空置 零售店舖物業管理服務,有效期為 二零一七年一月一日起至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止。截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止年度、二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度、二零一九年 及截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,上述交易的年度上限分別為 人民幣34.0百萬元、人民幣30.0百萬 元、人民幣47.7百萬元及人民幣55.6 百萬元。

#### (ii) 2018 Framework Agreement I

Pursuant to the 2018 Framework Agreement I, Ningbo AUX shall provide office and commercial property management services and car park management services to the AUX Group for a term commencing on the date of approval by the independent shareholders at the EGM, i.e. 27 December 2018, and ending on 31 December 2020. The annual cap in respect of the above transactions is RMB0.3 million, RMB3.7 million and RMB3.7 million for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2019 and the year ending 31 December 2020 respectively.

#### (iii) 2018 Framework Agreement II

In accordance with the 2018 Framework Agreement II, Ningbo AUX shall provide office property management services and car park management services to Ningbo Sanxing for a term commencing on the date of approval by the independent shareholders at the EGM, i.e. 27 December 2018, and ending on 31 December 2020. The annual cap in respect of the above transactions is RMB0.04 million, RMB0.4 million and RMB0.4 million for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2019 and the year ending 31 December 2020 respectively.

## (b) Continuing Connected Transactions (as disclosed in the Company's circular dated 10 April 2018)

On 14 February 2018, Ningbo AUX as supplier and Ningbo Mingzhou Hospital Company Limited ("Ningbo Mingzhou Hospital"), an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of a 30%-controlled company held indirectly by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang, a controlling shareholder of the Company, as customer entered into a framework service agreement (the "Framework Service Agreement") in relation to the provision of property housekeeping, transportation and other ancillary services by Ningbo AUX to Ningbo Mingzhou Hospital and/or its subsidiaries from time to time for a term of three years from 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2021. The annual cap in respect of the fees under the Framework Service Agreement is RMB21 million for the year ended 31 March 2019, RMB26 million for the year ended 31 March 2020 and RMB27 million for the year ending 31 March 2021.

#### (ii) 二零一八年框架協議一

根據二零一八年框架協議一,寧波 奧克斯須向奧克斯集團提供辦公及 商用物業管理服務以及停車場管理 服務,有效期為自獨立股東於股東 特別大會上批准的日期(即二零一八 年十二月二十七日)起至二零二零年 十二月三十一日。截至二零一八年十 二月三十一日止年度以及截至二零一 九年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,上述交易的年度上限分別為 人民幣0.3百萬元、人民幣3.7百萬元 及人民幣3.7百萬元。

#### (iii) 二零一八年框架協議二

根據二零一八年框架協議二,寧波 奧克斯須向寧波三星提供辦公室物 業管理服務及停車場管理服務,有 效期為自獨立股東於股東特別大會 上批准的日期(即二零一八年十二月 二十七日)起至二零二零年十二月三 十一日。截至二零一八年十二月三十 一日止年度以及截至二零一九年及 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 上述交易的年度上限分別為人民幣 0.04百萬元、人民幣0.4百萬元及人 民幣0.4百萬元。

#### (b) 持續關連交易(誠如本公司日期為二零一八 年四月十日的通函所披露)

The independent non-executive directors of the Company had reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the transactions were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms or better and according to the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter to the board of directors of the Company containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group and confirming the matters set out in rule 14A.56 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the material related party transactions undertaken by the Group in its normal course of business are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company has complied with all applicable disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of those related party transactions which constituted non-exempt continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules, which are set out in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 79 to 82. The other related party transactions set out therein constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are exempt from the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. 本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交 易並確認該等交易乃於本集團一般日常業務過 程中按一般商業條款或更佳條款,並根據公平 合理之條款及符合本公司股東整體利益之相關 協議訂立。

本公司核數師獲委聘根據香港核證委聘準則第 3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務資料以 外之核證委聘」,並參照香港會計師公會頒佈之 實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續 關連交易的核數師函件」就本集團之持續關連 交易作出報告。核數師已向本公司董事會發出 無保留意見函件,當中載列其就本集團所披露 持續關連交易得出之結果及結論並確認香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第 14A.56條所載事項。本公司已向聯交所提供核 數師函件之副本。

#### 關聯方交易

本集團於日常業務過程中進行之重大關聯方交 易之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28內。本公司 已就根據上市規則構成非豁免持續關連交易的 該等關聯方交易根據上市規則第14A章遵守所 有適用披露規定(載於第79至第82頁的「持續關 連交易」一節)。如本集團綜合財務報表附註28 所披露,其中所載的若干其他關聯方交易構成 本公司之關連交易或持續關連交易(定義見上市 規則第14A章),該等交易獲豁免遵守上市規則 第14A章的披露規定。

#### **AUDITORS**

KPMG will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

By order of the board

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所將於應屆股東週年大會結 束時退任,並符合資格接受續聘。應屆股東週 年大會上將提呈決議案,以續聘畢馬威會計師 事務所為本公司核數師。

承董事會命

#### Mr. Zhang Jingguo

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 June 2020

#### 張靜國先生

主席

香港,二零二零年六月二十九日



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of AUX International Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of AUX International Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 92 to 195, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2020 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for *Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 致奧克斯國際控股有限公司各股東之獨立核數 師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第92至 195頁的奧克斯國際控股有限公司及其附屬公司 (以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務 報表包括於二零二零年三月三十一日的綜合財 務狀況表、與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、 綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露 要求妥為擬備。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等 準則下承擔的責任已在本報告核數師就審計綜 合財務報表承擔的責任部分中作進一步闡述。 根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)以及與我們對開曼群 島 宗合財務報表的審計相關的道德要求,我們 對 開中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所 獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計 意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment

評估物業、廠房及設備之減值

Refer to accounting policy note 2(i)(ii) and note 12 to the consolidated financial statements

請參閱會計政策附註2(i)(ii)及綜合財務報表附註12

#### The key audit matter

#### 關鍵審計事項

Among the Group's business are a club and three restaurant and bar outlets in Hong Kong.

貴集團之業務乃於香港經營一間會所,三間餐廳及酒吧門 店。

At 31 March 2020, the net book value of the Group's property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets arising from leased properties, amounted to HK\$17.8 million, HK\$12.7 million of which related to the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets.

於二零二零年三月三十一日, 貴集團的物業、廠房及設備 (包括由租賃物業產生的使用權資產)的賬面淨值為17.8百萬 港元,其中12.7百萬港元與經營會所、餐廳及酒吧門店業務 有關。

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group recorded a segment loss of HK\$9.2 million in respect of the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets. The current economic environment and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic since early 2020 and hence weak consumer sentiment in the clubbing and catering sectors have created uncertainties in relation to the financial performance of the Group's operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets. Consequently, management considered that impairment indicators of property, plant and equipment existed as at 31 March 2020.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團於香港經營 會所、餐廳及酒吧門店業務錄得分部虧損9.2百萬港元。香 港目前的經濟環境以及自二零二零年初新冠病毒疫情爆發, 使消費者於會所及餐飲業信心疲弱,導致 貴集團的會所、 餐廳及酒吧門店業務的財務表現帶來不確定性。因此,管理 層認為,物業、廠房及設備於二零二零年三月三十一日存在 減值跡象。

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess impairment of property, plant and equipment included the following:

我們評估物業、廠房及設備之減值的審計程序 包括下列各項:

- evaluating management's identification of CGUs and the allocation of property, plant and equipment to each CGU;
- 評價管理層就現金產生單位的確認以及物業、廠房及設備分配至各現金產生單位的情況;
- assessing and challenging management's impairment assessment models, which included evaluating the impairment indicators identified by management and assessing the impairment assessment methodology adopted with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- 評估並質疑管理層的減值評估模型,包括 參照現行會計準則的要求,對管理層識別 的減值跡象及採用的減值評估方法進行評 價;
- obtaining and inspecting the value in use calculations prepared by management and on which the directors' impairment assessments of the property, plant and equipment were based;
- 獲取並檢查管理層所編製且董事在對物業、 廠房及設備進行減值評估時以此為據的使 用價值計算表;

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment (continued)

評估物業、廠房及設備之減值(*續*)

Refer to accounting policy note 2(i)(ii) and note 12 to the consolidated financial statements

請參閱會計政策附註2(i)(ii)及綜合財務報表附註12

# The key audit matterHow the matter was addressed in our audit關鍵審計事項我們的審計如何處理該事項Management performed impairment assessments of<br/>property, plant and equipment for each separately• challenging the key assumptions and<br/>estimates adopted by management in

property, plant and equipment for each separately identifiable cash-generating unit ("CGU") with indication of impairment using the value in use model and compared the aggregate carrying values of the respective CGUs, to which the property, plant and equipment had been allocated, with the net present values of the cash flow forecasts for each CGU being assessed. Based on the impairment assessments, impairment losses of HK\$1.8 million were recognised for the year.

管理層已採用使用價值模型對有減值跡象的各可識別現金 產生單位(「現金產生單位」)的物業、廠房及設備進行減值評 估,並將物業、廠房及設備獲分配的相關現金產生單位的總 賬面值與評估的各現金產生單位現金流量預測的淨現值進行 比較。根據減值評估,本年度確認減值虧損1.8百萬港元。

The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts involves the exercise of significant management judgement, in particular in estimating future revenue, future operating costs, the growth rate and the discount rate applied. 折現現金流量預測的編製涉及管理層的重大判斷,尤其在估 計未來收入、未來經營成本、增長率及所採用的折現率。

- challenging the key assumptions and estimates adopted by management in the discounted cash flow forecasts by comparing the significant inputs, which included future revenue, future operating costs and the growth rate with historical performance, and externally derived data, which included projected inflation rates published by external research institutes;
- 透過比較重大輸入數據,包括未來收入、 未來經營成本、過往經營表現的增長率及外 部可得數據,包括外部研究機構發佈的預 計通賬率,對管理層在預測折現現金流量 時所採用的關鍵假設與估計提出質疑;
- assessing the discount rate applied in the discounted cashflow forecasts by benchmarking against those of other similar companies in the same industry;
- 參照同行業其他類似企業,評估在預測折
   現現金流量時所採用的折現率;

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)**

關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment (continued)

評估物業、廠房及設備之減值(*續*)

Refer to accounting policy note 2(i)(ii) and note 12 to the consolidated financial statements

請參閱會計政策附註2(i)(ii)及綜合財務報表附註12

#### The key audit matter

#### 關鍵審計事項

We identified assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because of the significant management judgement required in making assumptions and estimations, which can be inherently uncertain and subject to management bias.

我們將評估物業、廠房及設備之減值確定為關鍵審計事項, 乃由於在作出假設及估計時涉及管理層的重大判斷,相關判 斷存在固有不確定性及可能受管理層之偏好所影響。

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- evaluating the historical accuracy of management's value in use calculations by comparing the forecasts at the end of the previous financial year for revenue, operating costs and the growth rate with the actual outcomes in the current year and investigating reasons for any significant differences between the forecasts and actual results; and
- 透過將管理層在上個財政年度末對收入、經營成本及增長率的預測與當年實際經營結果進行對比,評估管理層過往所計算的使用價值的準確性,並調查預測與實際結果之間出現任何重大差異的原因;及
- performing sensitivity analyses on both the discount rates and future revenue assumptions and considering the resulting impact on the impairment assessments and whether there were any indicators of management bias in the selection of assumptions.
- 對折現率及未來收入進行敏感度分析,並 考慮其對減值評估產生的影響,以及於甄 選假設時是否有任何管理層偏見的跡象。

#### INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE 綜合! CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND 息 AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的信 息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於 年報內的全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信 息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財 務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求擬備真 實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜 合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審計委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財務 報告過程的責任。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得 合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。 我們是僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,我們的 報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的 內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香 港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳 述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯 誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可 能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作 出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重 大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計 及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲 取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見 的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制 之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE 核數師就 AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL *(續)* STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 *(續)*

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定 性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營 能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中 提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關 披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當 發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核 數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而, 未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持 續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的 所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 相關的防範措施。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Felix Kwo Hang Lee.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝 通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是李 果行。

**KPMG** *Certified Public Accountants* 

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

29 June 2020

**畢馬威會計師事務所** 執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二零年六月二十九日

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(以港元表示)

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	4	339,972	317,568
Other revenue	其他收益	5	11,088	6,742
Other net income	其他收入淨額	6	12,616	6,979
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本		(12,594)	(18,791)
Property cleaning expenses	物業清潔開支		(59,582)	(44,049)
Staff costs	員工成本	7(b)	(156,096)	(144,284)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	7(c)	(24,612)	(17,899)
Property rentals and related expenses	物業租金及相關開支		(9,438)	(27,204)
Provision for onerous contracts	虧損合約撥備	7(c)	—	(3,924)
Impairment losses on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值			
plant and equipment	虧損	7(c)	(1,823)	(4,255)
Advertising and marketing expenses	廣告及營銷開支		(4,198)	(10,704)
Utilities expenses	水電費		(12,300)	(13,205)
Repair and maintenance expenses	維修及維護開支		(17,096)	(11,243)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(33,815)	(36,129)
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營產生溢利/(虧損)		32,122	(398)
Finance costs	融資成本	7(a)	(2,956)	(2,346)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	7	29,166	(2,744)
Income tax	所得税	8(a)	(15,953)	(6,891)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	13,213	(9,635)
Profit/(loss) per share	每股溢利/(虧損)	11		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤蓮		3.5 cents港仙	(2.6) cents港仙

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,比 較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 99 to 195 form part of these financial statements.

第99至195頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部 分。

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(以港元表示)

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
			(Note)
			(附註)
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	******	••••••
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	13,213	(9,635)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to	其後可能重新分類至損益之		
profit or loss:	<i>項目:</i>		
Exchange differences on translation of the	換算附屬公司之財務報表之		
financial statements of subsidiaries	匯兑差額(不受税務影響)		
(with nil tax effect)		(15,087)	(11,927)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	(1,874)	(21,562)

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,比 較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 99 to 195 form part of these financial statements.

第99至195頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部 分。

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零二零年三月三十一日(以港元表示)

NET ASSETS	資產淨值		128,374	130,248
			127,056	132,501
Loan from the controlling shareholder Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	米日径 放 放 采 員 示 租 賃 負 債 遞 延 税 項 負 債	22 21 23(b)	1,075 16,816	116,720 450 15,331
Non-current liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 來自控股股東貸款	22	109,165	116 700
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		255,430	262,749
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		124,816	133,866
			177,764	164,989
shareholder Current taxation	即期税項	22 23(a)	2,435 8,239	192 6,979
Trade and other payables Contract liabilities Lease liabilities Amount due to the controlling	貿易及其他應付款項 合約負債 租賃負債 應付控股股東款項	19 20 21	100,687 45,349 21,054	104,592 53,058 168
Current liabilities	流動負債			
			302,580	298,855
Inventories Trade and other receivables Restricted bank deposits Cash at bank and in hand	存貨 貿易及其他應收款項 受限制銀行存款 銀行存款及手頭現金	16 17 18 18	927 92,332 2,586 206,735	3,520 98,041 2,439 194,855
Current assets	流動資產			
			130,614	128,883
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Prepayments Deferred tax assets	物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 商譽 預付款項 遞延税項資產	12 13 14 17 23(b)	17,824 50,261 60,432  2,097	8,913 61,326 56,850 100 1,694
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千港元	<i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> \$′000 千港元
******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零二零年三月三十一日(以港元表示)

	***************************************		2020	2019
			 二零二零年	二零一九年
			$-\overline{z}-\overline{z}$ $\top$	(Note)
				(附註)
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		TH [1]		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	24(b)	3,750	3,750
Reserves	儲備	21(0)	124,624	126,498
	т ни			120,470
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		128,374	130,248

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 June 2020.

於二零二零年六月二十九日經董事會批准及授 權刊發。

Chan Hon Ki	Shen Guoying
陳漢淇	沈國英
Director	Director
	董事
<i>Vote:</i> The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the	<i>附註:</i> 本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

註: 本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,比較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 99 to 195 form part of these financial statements.

第99至195頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部 分。

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity** 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(以港元表示)

***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Share capital 股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Capital reserve 資本儲備	Statutory reserve 法定儲備	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total equity 權益總額
		\$′000 千港元	\$′000 千港元	\$′000 千港元	\$′000 千港元	\$′000 千港元	\$'000 千港元	\$′000 千港元
		⊤池兀		十泡兀 ********	〒泡兀	〒池兀	〒泡元	〒/砲兀
Balance at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日之結餘	3,750	177,000	2,500	_	10,537	(41,977)	151,810
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2019:	截至二零一九年三月三十一日 止年度之權益變動:							
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(9,635)	(9,635
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益	_	_	_	_	(11,927)	_	(11,927
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	_			_	(11,927)	(9,635)	(21,562
Transferred to statutory reserve	轉入法定儲備		_		2,213	_	(2,213)	_
Balance at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日及 二零一九年四月一日之結餘	3,750	177,000	2,500	2,213	(1,390)	(53,825)	130,248
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020:	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度 之權益變動:							
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益	-	_	-	-	-	13,213	13,213
for the year		-		_	_	(15,087)	_	(15,087
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	_	_	_	_	(15,087)	13,213	(1,874
Transferred to statutory reserve	轉入法定儲備	_	_	_	5,063	_	(5,063)	
Balance at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日之 結餘	3,750	177,000	2,500	7,276	(16,477)	(45,675)	128,374

Note: The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the 附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首次 modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,比較 資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 99 to 195 form part of these financial 第99至195頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部 statements.

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## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(以港元表示)

			<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年 <i>(Note)</i>
		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千港元	(Note) (附註) \$'000 千港元
Operating activities	經營活動		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)		29,166	(2,744)
Adjustments for: Bank interest income Finance costs Depreciation Amortisation Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on termination of lease agreement Impairment losses on trade receivables Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment Net foreign exchange gain	就下列各項作出調整: 銀行利息收入 融資 着 難銷 出售物業 出售物業 虧損 因租賃協議終止而產 之收益 貿易應、廠房及設備 減值 物業 虧損 物業 資 員 應、廠房及設備減值 物業 虧損 置 近 之 收 之 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、	5 7(a) 7(c) 7(c) 6 7(c) 7(c) 7(c)	(6,694) 2,956 17,322 7,290 (5,000) 544 (19) 2,751 1,823 (8,204)	(4,604) 2,346 10,300 7,599 — 42  2,314 4,255 (7,130)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Decrease/(increase) in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables Decrease in amount due from a related party (Increase)/decrease in restricted bank deposits (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables (Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities	存貨減少/(増加) 貿易及其他應收款項増加 應收一名關聯方款項減少 受限制銀行存款(増加) /減少 貿易及其他應付款項 (減少)/増加 合約負債(減少)/増加		2,751 (547) — (313) (102) (4,495)	(530) (35,110) 540 130 16,130 7,951
Cash generated from operations	經營產生現金		39,229	1,489
The People's Republic of China ("the PRC") Corporate Income Tax paid	已付中華人民共和國 (「中國」)企業所得税		(12,376)	(5,345)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動產生/(所用) 現金淨額		26,853	(3,856)

## Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(以港元表示)

			<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千港元	\$′000 千港元
Investing activities	投資活動			
Decrease in pledged bank deposits Payment for the purchase of property,	已抵押銀行存款減少 購買物業、廠房及設備付款		—	1,000
plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property,	出售物業、廠房及		(2,660)	(2,828)
plant and equipment Net cash outflow from acquisition of subsidiaries	設備所得款項 收購附屬公司之		428	13
' Prepayment for acquisition of subsidiaries Net cash inflow from disposal of	現金流出淨額 收購附屬公司之預付款項 出售附屬公司之	25	(6,901)	(100)
a subsidiary Interest received	現金流入淨額 已收利息		5,000 6,694	4,604
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資活動產生現金淨額		2,561	2,689
Financing activities	融資活動			
Interest on loan from the controlling shareholder paid	已付控股股東貸款之利息	18(b)	_	(2,127)
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的本金部分 已付租賃租金的利息部分	18(b) 18(b)	(5,022) (713)	(161) (27)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用的現金淨額		(5,735)	(2,315)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加/ (減少)淨額		23,679	(3,482)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		194,855	206,788
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響		(11,799)	(8,451)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	年末現金及現金等價物		206,735	194,855

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Previously, cash payments under operating leases made by the Group as a lessee of \$23,145,000 were classified as operating activities in the consolidated cash flow statement. Under HKFRS 16, except for short-term lease payments, payments for leases of low value assets and variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities, all other rentals paid on leases are now split into capital element and interest element (see note 18(b)) and classified as financing cash outflows. Under the modified retrospective approach, the comparative information is not restated. Further details on the impact of the transition to HKFRS 16 are set out in note 2(c).

The notes on pages 99 to 195 form part of these financial statements.

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告 準則第16號並對二零一九年四月一日之期初結餘進行 調整,以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營 租賃之租賃確認為使用權資產及租賃負債。先前,本 集團作為承租人在經營租賃下的現金付款23,145,000 港元在綜合現金流量表中分類為經營活動。根據香 港財務報告準則第16號,除短期租賃付款、低價值資 產租賃付款及未計入租賃負債計量的可變租賃付款 外,就租賃支付的所有其他租金現分為本金部分及利 息部分(見附註18(b)),並分類為融資現金流量。根 據經修訂追溯法,比較資料不予重列。過渡至香港 財務報告準則第16號之影響的進一步詳情載列於附 註2(c)。

第99至195頁的附註構成該等財務報表的一部 分。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

AUX International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 14 January 2013 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) (as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands (the "Cayman Companies Law"). The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") is principally engaged in operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets and provision of property management services.

#### **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

#### 1 一般資料

奧克斯國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)於二 零一三年一月十四日根據開曼群島公司法 (二零一三年修訂本)(經綜合及修訂)(「開 曼群島公司法」)在開曼群島註冊成立為一 間獲豁免有限公司。本公司及其附屬公司 (下文統稱「本集團」)主要從事經營會所、 餐廳及酒吧門店業務及提供物業管理服 務。

#### 2 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明 該等財務報表已遵照香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有適 用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」,包括所有適用之個別香港 財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會 計原則及香港公司條例之披露規定 編製。該等財務報表亦符合香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)之適用披露條文。本集團 採用之重大會計政策披露如下。

> 香港會計師公會已頒佈多項新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則,並於本 集團當前之會計期間首次生效或可供 提早採用。初始應用該等變動所引 致本集團當前及過往會計期間之任 何會計政策變動已於該等財務報表 內反映,有關資料載列於附註2(c)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 編製財務報表基準 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附 屬公司。

> 財務報表以歷史成本作為編製所用 之計量基準。

> 按照香港財務報告準則編製財務報 表要求管理層須作出判斷、估計及 假設,而該等判斷、估計及假設會 影響政策的應用和所呈報的資產、 負債、收入及開支金額。該等估計 及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及在具 體情況下認為合理的各項其他因素 作出,而所得結果構成用作判斷未 有於其他來源明確顯示的資產及負 **債賬面值的基準。實際結果或有別** 於該等估計。

> 該等估計及相關假設會持續予以審 閱。倘會計估計的修訂僅對作出修 訂的期間產生影響,則有關修訂於 該期間內確認;倘會計估計的修訂 對現時及未來期間均產生影響,則 會在作出該修訂期間及未來期間內 確認。

> 管理層應用香港財務報告準則時所 作出對財務報表有重大影響的判斷, 以及估計不確定性的主要來源載於 附註3。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued a new HKFRS, HKFRS 16, Leases, and a number of amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

Except for HKFRS 16, Leases, none of the developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

#### **HKFRS 16, Leases**

HKFRS 16 replaces HKAS 17, Leases, and the related interpretations, HK(IFRIC) 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease, HK(SIC) 15, Operating leases — incentives, and HK(SIC) 27, Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease. It introduces a single accounting model for lessees, which requires a lessee to recognise a rightof-use asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less ("short-term leases") and leases of low-value assets. The lessor accounting requirements are brought forward from HKAS 17 and remain substantially unchanged.

HKFRS 16 also introduces additional qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 as from 1 April 2019. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach and has therefore recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance at 1 April 2019. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 17.

(c)

會計政策變動 香港會計師公會已頒佈於本集團的 本會計期間首次生效的一項新香港 財務報告準則,香港財務報告準則 第16號,*租賃*,及若干香港財務報告 準則修訂本。

除香港財務報告準則第16號, 租賃 外,概無任何發展對本集團編製或 呈列於目前的會計期間或過往期間 的業績及財務狀況有重大影響。本 集團尚未應用任何在目前會計期間 尚未生效的新準則或詮釋。

#### 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會 計準則第17號,*租賃*,及相關詮釋、 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮 釋第4號, <br />
<br 香港(準則詮釋委員會)詮釋第15號, 經營租賃-優惠,及香港(準則詮釋 委員會) 詮釋第27號, 評估涉及租賃 法律形式交易之内容。其就承租人 引入單一會計模式,並要求承租人 就所有租賃確認使用權資產及租賃 負債,惟租期為12個月或以下的租賃 (「短期租賃」)及低價值資產租賃除 外。出租人會計規定乃轉承自香港 會計準則第17號及其大致上維持不 戀。

香港財務報告準則第16號亦引入額 外定性及定量披露規定,旨在讓財 務報表使用者能夠評估租賃對實體 財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量的 影響。

本集團自二零一九年四月一日起首次 應用香港財務報告準則第16號。本 集團已選用經修訂追溯法,並因此 確認初始應用之累計影響為於二零 一九年四月一日期初結餘之調整。 比較資料並未重報並繼續按照香港 會計準則第17號呈列。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition options applied are set out below:

#### a. New definition of a lease

The change in the definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. HKFRS 16 defines a lease on the basis of whether a customer controls the use of an identified asset for a period of time, which may be determined by a defined amount of use. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group applies the new definition of a lease in HKFRS 16 only to contracts that were entered into or changed on or after 1 April 2019. For contracts entered into before 1 April 2019, the Group has used the transitional practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are or contain leases. Accordingly, contracts that were previously assessed as leases under HKAS 17 continue to be accounted for as leases under HKFRS 16 and contracts previously assessed as non-lease service arrangements continue to be accounted for as executory contracts.

#### 重大會計政策*(續)*

#### (c) 會計政策變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續) 有關過往會計政策變動的性質和影

響及所採用的過渡性選擇的進一步 詳情載列如下:

- a. 租賃的新定義
  - 租賃定義的變動主要與控制權 的概念有關。香港財務報告準 則第16號根據客戶是否在某一 時段內控制已識別資產的使用 (其可由指定使用量釐定)而對 租賃作出定義。當客戶有權指 示可識別資產的用途以及從該 用途中獲得絕大部分經濟利益 時,即表示擁有控制權。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)
  - b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact

HKFRS 16 eliminates the requirement for a lessee to classify leases as either operating leases or finance leases, as was previously required by HKAS 17. Instead, the Group is required to capitalise all leases when it is the lessee, including leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, other than those short-term leases and leases of low-value assets which are exempt. As far as the Group is concerned, these newly capitalised leases are primarily in relation to property, plant and equipment as disclosed in note 27. For an explanation of how the Group applies lessee accounting, see note 2(h).

At the date of transition to HKFRS 16 (i.e. 1 April 2019), the Group determined the length of the remaining lease terms and measured the lease liabilities for the leases previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the relevant incremental borrowing rates at 1 April 2019. The weighted average of the incremental borrowing rates used for determination of the present value of the remaining lease payments was 6.5%. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (c) 會計政策變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續)
  - b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡影響

於過渡至香港財務報告準則第 16號當日(即二零一九年四月一 日),本集團就先前分類為經營 租賃的租賃按餘下租賃付款現 值釐定餘下租期及計量租賃付 意定餘下租期及計量租賃負 ,並已使用二零一九年四月 一日之相關增量借款利率進行 貼現。用於釐定餘下租賃付款 現值的增量借款利率的加權平 均數為6.5%。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)
  - b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact *(continued)*

To ease the transition to HKFRS 16, the Group applied the following recognition exemption and practical expedients at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16:

- (i) the Group elected not to apply the requirements of HKFRS 16 in respect of the recognition of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets to leases for which the remaining lease term ends within 12 months from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, i.e. where the lease term ends on or before 31 March 2020;
- (ii) when measuring the lease liabilities at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics (such as leases with a similar remaining lease term for a similar class of underlying asset in a similar economic environment); and
- (iii) when measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the Group relied on the previous assessment for onerous contract provisions as at 31 March 2019 as an alternative to performing an impairment review.

重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (c) 會計政策變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續)
  - b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡影響(續)

為順利過渡至香港財務報告準 則第16號,本集團於首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號當日 已採用下列確認豁免及可行權 宜方法:

- (i) 本集團選擇不應用香港 財務報告準則第16號有關 確認餘下租賃期於首次 應用香港財務報告準則 第16號當日起計12個月內 屆滿(即租賃期於二零二 零年三月三十一日或之前 屆滿)之租賃之租賃負債 及使用權資產之規定;
- (ii) 於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號當日計量租賃負債時,本集團已就具有合理類似特徵之租賃組合(例如於相似經濟環境下之類似相關資產類別且餘下租期相若租賃)應用單一貼現率;及
- (iii) 於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號當日計量使用權資產時,本集團倚賴先前於二零一九年三月三十一日對虧損性合約之撥備作出之評估,以取代進行減值審閱。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 重大會計政策(續) 2 2 (CONTINUED)

Changes in accounting policies (continued) (c) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)

liabilities.

Lessee accounting and transitional impact b. (continued)

> The following table reconciles the operating lease commitments as disclosed in note 27 as at 31 March 2019 to the opening balance for lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019:

- 會計政策變動(續) (c) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續)
  - 承租人會計處理方法及過渡影 b. 響(續)

下表為於二零一九年三月三十 一日附註27所披露之經營租賃 承擔與於二零一九年四月一日 確認之租賃負債年初結餘之對 賬:

		<b>1 April</b> 2019 二零一九年 四月一日 \$'000 千港元
Operating lease commitments at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日之 經營租賃承擔	15,443
Less: commitments relating to short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or before 31 March 2020 exempt from capitalisation	減:短期租賃及其他餘下租期 於二零二零年三月三十一 日或之前屆滿且獲確認 豁免資本化的租賃相關 承擔	(14,171)
Less: total future interest expenses	減:未來利息費用總額	1,272 (128)
Present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at 1 April 2019 Add: finance lease liabilities recognised as at 31 March 2019	剩餘租賃付款之現值, 使用二零一九年四月一日 之增量借款利率折現 加:於二零一九年三月三十一日 確認之融資租賃負債	1,144 618
Total lease liabilities recognised at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日確認之 租賃負債總額	1,762
The right-of-use assets in relation to leases previously classified as operating leases have been recognised at an amount equal to the amount recognised for the remaining lease	有關之使用權資	<sup>經營租</sup> 賃之租賃 資產已按就剩餘 認金額相等的金

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)
  - b. Lessee accounting and transitional impact *(continued)*

So far as the impact of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on leases previously classified as finance leases is concerned, the Group is not required to make any adjustments at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, other than changing the captions for the balances. Accordingly, instead of "obligations under finance leases", these amounts are included within "lease liabilities", and the depreciated carrying amount of the corresponding leased assets is identified as right-of-use assets. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity.

The following table summarises the impacts of the adoption of HKFRS 16 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position: 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (c) 會計政策變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續)
  - b. 承租人會計處理方法及過渡影響(續)

就採納香港財務報告準則第16 號對先前分類為融資租賃的租 賃的影響而言,本集團毋須於 首次應用香港財務報告準則第 16號當日作出任何調整,惟改 變有關結餘説明除外。因此, 該等金額計入「租賃負債」內而 非「融資租賃承擔」內,且相應 租賃資產的折舊賬面值確認為 使用權資產。其對期初權益結 餘並無影響。

下表概述採納香港財務報告準 則第16號對本集團綜合財務狀 況表的影響:

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Carrying amount at 31 March 2019 於二零一九年 三月三十一日 之賬面值 \$'000 千港元	Capitalisation of operating lease contracts 資本化之 經營租賃合約 \$'000 干港元	Carrying amount at 1 April 2019 於二零一九年 四月一日 之賬面值 \$'000 千港元
Line items in the consolidated statement of financial position impacted by the adoption of HKFRS 16:	採納香港財務報告準則 第16號影響綜合財務 狀況表的項目:			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	8,913	1,144	10,057
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	128,883	1,144	130,027
Lease liabilities (current)	租賃負債(流動)	168	846	1,014
Current liabilities	流動負債	164,989	846	165,835
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	133,866	(846)	133,020
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	262,749	298	263,047
Lease liabilities (non-current)	租賃負債(非流動)	450	298	748
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	132,501	298	132,799
Net assets	資產淨值	130,248	_	130,248

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued) HKFRS 16, Leases (continued)
  - c. Impact on the financial result, segment results and cash flows of the Group After the initial recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the cash flow statement, the Group as a lessee is required to split rentals paid under capitalised leases into their capital element and interest element (see note 18(b)). These elements are classified as financing cash outflows, similar to how leases previously classified as finance leases under HKAS 17 were treated, rather than as operating cash outflows, as was the case for operating leases under HKAS 17. Although total cash flows are unaffected, the adoption of HKFRS 16 therefore results in a significant change in presentation of cash flows within the cash flow statement (see note 18(c)).

#### (d) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (c) 會計政策變動(續) 香港財務報告準則第16號,租賃 (續)
  - c. 對本集團財務業績、分部業績 及現金流量的影響 於二零一九年四月一日初步確

於一零一九年四月一日初步確 認使用權資產及租賃負債後, 本集團(作為承租人)須確認租 賃負債未償還結餘所產生的利 息開支及使用權資產折舊,而 非過往政策於租期內按直線基 準確認根據經營租賃所產生的 租賃開支。

於現金流量表中,本集團(作為 承租人)須將資本化租賃項下已 付租金分為其資本部分及利息 部分(見附註18(b))。該等與利 分類為融資現金流出(與先前 根香港會計準則第17號將租 賃分類為融資租賃的處流出( 類似),而非經營現金流出(與 香港會計準則第17號項下經 看 置的情況類似)。儘管現納 著 助 橋石受影響,但採納 要 現金流量表內現金流量的呈列 發生重大變化(見附註18(c))。

(d) 附屬公司 附屬公司指本集團控制的實體。倘 本集團可透過其與一間實體的關係 獲得或有權獲得可變回報並有能力 通過其對有關實體的權力影響該等 回報,則擁有該實體的控制權。在 評估本集團有否權力時,僅會考慮 (本集團及其他人士持有的)實質權 利。
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Subsidiaries (continued)

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less any impairment losses (see note 2(i)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale.

(d) 附屬公司(續) 本公司於附屬公司的投資自控制開 始當日至控制終止當日於綜合財務 報表內綜合入賬。集團內公司間的 結餘、交易及現金流量及集團內公 司間的交易所產生的任何未變現溢 利於編製綜合財務報表時予以悉數 對銷。集團內公司間的交易所產生 的未變現虧損則僅在並無出現減值 證據的情況下以與未變現收益相同 的方法予以抵销。

> 倘本集團於附屬公司之權益變動不 會導致喪失控制權,則作為股權交 易入賬,據此於綜合權益內之控股 及非控股權益金額會作出調整,以 反映相關權益轉變,惟不會確認收 益或虧損。

> 當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權, 將按出售於該附屬公司之全部權益 入賬,而所產生之收益或虧損於損 益中確認。任何在喪失控制權之日 仍保留之該前附屬公司的權益按公 平值確認,而此金額被視為初步確 認金融資產之公平值,或(如適用) 初步確認於聯營公司或合營公司之 投資之成本。

> 除非於附屬公司的投資獲分類為持 作出售,否則本公司財務狀況表所 載之於附屬公司的投資按成本減任 何減值虧損列賬(見附註2(i)(ii))。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

### (e) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit ("CGU"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(i)(ii)).

On disposal of a CGU during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

## (f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including right-ofuse assets arising from leases of underlying property, plant and equipment (see note 2(h)), are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(i)(ii)). (e) 商譽

商譽指以下差額

- (i) 已轉讓代價、於被收購方的非 控股權益金額及本集團先前持 有被收購方股本權益的公平值 總額;超越
- (ii) 於收購日期,被收購方之可識別資產及負債之公平值淨值。

當(ii)值比(i)值高時,該差額會即時 在損益確認為優惠收購所得收益。

商譽乃按成本減經累計減值虧損呈 列。由業務合併產生之商譽獲分配 至各個現金產生單位(「現金產生單 位」)或現金產生單位組別,其預期 將由合併之協同效益獲益並每年就 減值進行測試(見附註2(i)(ii))。

年內出售現金產生單位時,應佔已 收購商譽的任何金額會計入出售損 益。

(f) 物業、廠房及設備 物業、廠房及設備(包括相關物業、 廠房及設備租賃所產生的使用權資 產(見附註2(h)))按成本減累計折舊 及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(i)(ii))。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

(f)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

**Property, plant and equipment (continued)** Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows: (f) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 折舊乃採用直線法按估計可使用年 期撤銷物業、廠房及設備項目的成 本並扣除其估計剩餘價值(如有)計

算,如下所示:

— Properties leased for own use	Over the shorter of their economic useful life or terms of the leases	— 作自用的 租賃物業	經濟效用年限與 租賃期限之 較短者
— Leasehold improvements	Over the unexpired term of lease or 2 years	— 租賃物業 裝修	租賃年期未屆滿 之前或2年
— Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2 to 10 years	— 傢具、裝置 及設備	2至10年
— Motor vehicles	3 to 5 years	— 汽車	3至5年

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. 倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的 可使用年期不同,該項目的成本按 合理基準於各部分之間分配,且每 部分單獨計提折舊。資產的可使用 年期及其剩餘價值(如有)每年進行 檢討。

從物業、廠房及設備項目的報廢或 出售而產生的收益或虧損乃釐定為 出售所得款項淨額與該項目賬面值 的差額,並於報廢或出售日期於損 益內確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (g)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 2(i)(ii)). Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

- Customer relationships 4 years (clubbing business)
- Property management contracts 10 years and related customer relationships

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

#### Leased assets (h)

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

無形資產(商譽除外) (g) 本集團所收購的無形資產按成本減 累計攤銷(倘估計可使用年期為有限) 及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(i)(ii))。內 部產生商譽及品牌的開支於產生期 間確認為開支。

> 具有有限可使用年期的無形資產攤 銷按資產估計可使用年期以直線法 在損益中扣除。以下為自無形資產 可動用日期起攤銷之有限年期無形 資產及其估計可使用年期:

— 客戶關係 4年 (會所業務) 一 物業管理合約及 10年

相關客戶關係

(h)

攤銷期及攤銷方法每年進行檢討。

租賃資產 在合約開始時,本集團評定該合約 是否屬於租賃或包含租賃。倘合約 在協定期限內通過換取代價而獲得 控制已識別資產之使用權,則該合 約屬於租賃或包含租賃。倘客戶既 有權指示已識別資產之使用並獲得 其絕大部份之經濟利益,則控制權 已被轉移。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

### (h) Leased assets (continued)

(A) Policy applicable from 1 April 2019

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 2(f) and 2(i)(ii)).

重大會計政策*(續)* 

(h) 租賃資產(續)
(A) 自二零一九年四月一日適用之 政策

在租賃開始日,本集團確認使 用權資產及租賃負債,惟租期 為十二個月或以下之短期租賃 及低價值資產之租賃除外。當 本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃 時,本集團會決定租賃方式是 否以資本化租賃。未資本化之 租賃付款在租賃期內會以有系 統的基準確認為支出。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

### (h) Leased assets (continued)

(A) Policy applicable from 1 April 2019 (continued)

> The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

> The Group presents right-of-use assets in "property, plant and equipment" and presents lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## (B) Policy applicable prior to 1 April 2019

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified leases as finance leases if the leases transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. Leases which did not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group were classified as operating leases. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

(h) 租賃資產(續)

(A) 自二零一九年四月一日適用之 政策(續)

本集團於「物業、廠房及設備」 呈列使用權資產並於綜合財務 狀況表單獨呈報租賃負債。

(B) 二零一九年四月一日前適用之 政策

> 於比較期間,倘租賃將擁有權 之絕大部分風險及回報轉歸本 集團所有時,本集團作為承租 人將有關租賃分類為融資租 賃。倘租賃未令擁有權之絕大 部分風險及回報轉歸本集團所 有,則分類為經營租賃。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

### (h) Leased assets (continued)

(B) Policy applicable prior to 1 April 2019 (continued)

> Where the Group acquired the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset, or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, of such assets were recognised as property, plant and equipment and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, were recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation was provided at rates which wrote off the cost or valuation of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it was likely the Group would obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note 2(f). Impairment losses were accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2(i)(ii). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments were charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

> Where the Group had the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases were charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis was more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received were recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made.

### (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables).

## 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃資產(續)

(B) 二零一九年四月一日前適用之 政策(續)

> 倘本集團以融資租賃獲得資產 的使用權,會將相當於相賃資 產公平值或最低租賃付款額的 現值(如為較低的數額)確認為 物業、廠房及設備及相應負債 扣除融資費用後則列為融資租 賃承擔。折舊是在相關的租賃 期或資產的可用期限(本集團可 能取得資產的所有權)內沖銷 資產成本或估值的比率計提; 有關的資產可用期限載列於附 註2(f)。減值虧損按照附註2(i) (ii)所載的會計政策入賬。租賃 付款內含的融資費用會於租賃 期內的損益表中扣除,使每個 會計期間的融資費用佔承擔餘 額的比率大致相同。

> 倘本集團是以經營租賃獲得資 產的使用權,其租賃的支出於 損益表中根據其租賃期所涵 方會計期間,等額扣除。如有 其他基準能更清晰地反映則能 了資產所產生的收益模式 加 。租賃所涉及的鼓勵措施的 收入均在損益表中確認為租 淨付款總額的組成部分。

(i) 信貸虧損及資產減值

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損 本集團對按攤銷成本計量之金 融資產(包括現金及現金等價 物以及貿易及其他應收款項) 的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)確認虧損撥備。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會 (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

### **Measurement of ECLs**

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof; and
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續)

### 預期信貸虧損之計量

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損概率 加權估計值。信貸虧損以所有 預期現金不足額(即本集團根 據合約應得的現金流量與本集 團預期收到的現金流量之間的 差額)之現值計量。

倘若貼現的影響重大,則使用 以下貼現率貼現預期現金不足 額:

- 一 定息金融資產、貿易及 其他應收款項及合約資 產:初始確認時確定的實 際利率或其近似值;及
- 一 浮動利率金融資產:當前 實際利率。

估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的最 長期限為本集團面臨信貸風險 的最長合約期。

在計量預期信貸虧損時,本集 團會考慮毋須耗費過多的成 本或努力即可獲得之合理且有 理據之信息,包括有關過去事 件、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況 預測之信息。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

### Measurement of ECLs (continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

## 重大會計政策(*續*)

- (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損之計量(續) 預期信貸虧損乃採用以下基準 計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧損:該
   等虧損為在報告日期後12
   個月內可能發生之違約事
   件預期產生之虧損:及
- 一 全期預期信貸虧損:該等 虧損為在預期信貸虧損 模式適用的項目之預期 壽命內可能發生之所有 違約事件預期產生之虧 損。

貿易應收款項之虧損撥備按照 相當於全期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量。該等金融資產之預期 信貸虧損使用基於本集團之歷 史信貸虧損經驗的撥備矩陣之 行估算,並根據債務人特有的 因素及對報告日期的當前及預 測的一般經濟狀況作出的評估 進行調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本 集團確認的虧損撥備相等於12 個月預期信貸虧損,除非自初 始確認以來金融工具的信貸風 險大幅增加,於此情況下,虧 損撥備按相等於全期預期信貸 虧損的金額計量。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

### Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days or 360 days past due depending on whether the financial asset is related to clubbing and restaurant and bar outlets operations or property management services. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續)

### 信貸風險顯著增加

在評估金融工具的信貸風險自 初始確認以來是否顯著增加 時,本集團會比較報告日期與 初始確認日期評估的金融工具 違約風險。在作出重新評估 時,當(i)借款人在本集團不採 取追索行動(如變現抵押品(如 持有))的情況下不大可能全額 支付其對本集團的信貸義務; 或(ii)金融資產逾期90或360天 (取決於金融資產是否與會所、 餐廳及酒吧門店業務或物業管 理服務相關)時,本集團將視 為發生違約事件。本集團考慮 合理且有理據的定量及定性信 息,包括毋須耗費過多的成本 或努力即可獲得之歷史經驗及 前瞻性信息。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 2 (CONTINUED)

- Credit losses and impairment of assets (i) (continued)
  - Credit losses from financial instruments (i) (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available):
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

## 重大會計政策(續)

- 信貸虧損及資產減值(續) (i)
  - 金融工具信貸虧損(續) (i)
    - 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

在評估信貸風險自初始確認以 來是否顯著增加時會特別考慮 以下信息:

- 未能在合約到期日支付本 金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信 貸評級(如有)實際或預 期顯著下滑;
- 債務人的經營業績實際 或預期將出現重大惡化; 及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境的現有或預測變 化,以致對債務人履行 其對本集團義務的能力 產生重大不利影響。

取決於金融工具的性質,本集 團會按照單獨或共同基準評估 信貸風險是否顯著增加。當按 共同基準進行評估時,金融工 具將按照共有之信貸風險特徵 進行分組,例如過期狀況及信 貸風險評級。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

## Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2(s)(v) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續)

### 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

預期信貸虧損在各報告日期重 新計量,以反映自初始確認後 金融工具信貸風險之變化。 期信貸虧損金額之任何變動增 在損益中確認為減值收益或虧 損。本集團確認所有金融工具 之減值收益或虧損時,透過虧 損撥備賬對其賬面值進行相應 調整。

## 利息收入之計算基準

根據附註2(s)(v)確認之利息收 入根據金融資產之總賬面值計 算,惟金融資產為信貸減值之 情況除外,於此情況下,利息 收入根據金融資產之攤銷成 本(即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計 算。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金 融資產是否出現信貸減值。當 發生一項或多項對金融資產估 計未來現金流量有不利影響之 事件時,則金融資產出現信貸 減值。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

- Credit losses and impairment of assets (i) (continued)
  - Credit losses from financial instruments (i) (continued)

## Basis of calculation of interest income (continued)

Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

- 信貸虧損及資產減值(續) (i)
  - 金融工具信貸虧損(續) (i)
    - 利息收入之計算基準(續)

金融資產信貸減值的證據包括 以下可觀察事件:

- 違約,如拖欠或未能償 還利息或本金;
- 借款人可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;
- 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境出現重大變動而 對債務人造成不利影響; 或
- 由於發行人出現財務 困難,證券活躍市場消 失。

### 撇銷政策

若日後實際上不可收回款項, 本集團則會撇銷(部分或全部) 金融資產之總賬面值。該情況 通常出現在本集團確定債務人 並無資產或可產生足夠現金流 量之收入來源以償還應撇銷之 余額。

隨後收回先前撇銷之資產於收 回期間在損益內確認為減值撥 □ ∘

120

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 2 (CONTINUED)

- Credit losses and impairment of assets (i) (continued)
  - Impairment of other assets *(ii)*

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

## Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a CGU).

重大會計政策(續)

信貸虧損及資產減值(續) (i)

### (ii) 其他資產減值 於各報告期末審閱內部及外界 所得資料,以識別有否跡象顯 示下列資產可能出現減值(商 譽除外),以往確認的減值虧 損是否不再存在或可能已經減 小:

- 物業、廠房及設備,包 括使用權資產;
- 無形資產;
- 商譽;及
- 本公司財務狀況表中的 於附屬公司的投資。

倘出現任何該等跡象,則會估 計資產的可收回金額。此外, 就商譽而言,無論是否存在減 值跡象,本公司每年估計其可 收回金額。

計算可收回金額 資產的可收回金額為其公 平值減出售成本及使用價 值兩者間的較高者。於 評估使用價值時,估計 的未來現金流量乃利用 反映資金時值及資產特 定風險的現時市場評估 的除税前折現率折現至 其現值。倘資產並未能 在大致獨立於其他資產 的情況下產生現金流入, 則釐定可獨立產生現金 流入的最小資產組別(即 現金產生單位)的可收回 余額。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 I (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
    - Recognition of impairment losses
       An impairment loss is recognised in profit

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the CGU to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

### - Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (ii) 其他資產減值(續)

確認減值虧損 倘資產或其所屬現金產 牛單位的賬面值超過其 可收回金額時,則於損 益表中確認減值虧損。 就現金產生單位確認的 減值虧損予以分配,首先 減少分配至現金產生單 位(或單位組別)的任何 商譽賬面值,其後以按 比例減少該單位(或單位 組別)內其他資產的賬面 值,惟某資產的賬面值 不會減至低於其個別公 平值减去出售成本(如能 計量)或使用價值(如能 釐定)的金額。

一撥回減值虧損 就商譽以外之資產而言, 倘用於釐定可收回金額 的估計出現有利變動, 則撥回減值虧損。商譽 的減值虧損不可撥回。

> 減值虧損的撥回以有關 資產過往年度如並無確 認任何減值虧損而原應 釐定的賬面值為限。減 值虧損的撥回於確認撥 回的年度計入損益內。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會 (CONTINUED)

- (i) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)* 
  - (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 2(i)(i) and 2(i)(ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

## (j) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. 重大會計政策*(續)* 

- (i) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (iii) 中期財務報告及減值 根據上市規則,本集團須根據 香港會計準則第34號,中期財 務報告,就財政年度的首六個 月編製中期財務報告。本集團 於中期期末採用的減值測試、 確認和轉回的有關準則與於 財政年末採用的準則並無不同 (見附註2(i)(i)及2(i)(ii))。

於中期期間就商譽確認之減值 虧損不可於其後期間轉回。即 使減值評估僅於與中期期間相 關之財政年末進行,而該評估 並無導致虧損或導致較少虧 損,在此情況下亦不可轉回已 確認之減值虧損。

(j) 存貨

存貨指於日常業務過程中持有以作 銷售,或在生產過程或提供服務過 程中耗用的材料或物料形式持有的 資產。

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低 者列賬。

成本以先進先出成本方程式計算, 並包括所有採購成本及將存貨運往 其現時地點及達至現狀時產生的其 他成本。

可變現淨值是指日常業務過程中的 估計售價減完成交易的估計成本及 進行銷售所需的估計成本。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

### (j) Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the writedown or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

## (k) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 2(s)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(i)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 2(l)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(s)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(l)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis. (j) 存貨(續) 倘存貨被出售,則該等存貨的賬面 值在相關收益獲確認的期間內確認 為支出。

> 任何存貨撇減至可變現淨值的金額 及存貨的所有虧損均在出現撇減或 虧損的期間內確認為支出。存貨的 任何撇減撥回金額均在出現撥回的 期間內確認為已確認為支出的存貨 金額減少。

(k) 合約資產及合約負債 合約資產乃於本集團根據合約所載 的付款條款無條件有權獲得代價前 確認收益(見附註2(s))時確認。合約 資產根據附註2(i)(i)所載政策評估預 期信貸虧損,並於代價權利成為無 條件時重新分類至應收款項(見附 註2(l))。

> 合約負債乃於客戶在本集團確認相 關收益前支付不可退還代價時確認 (見附註2(s))。倘本集團於本集團確 認相關收益前有無條件收取不可退 還代價的權利,則合約負債亦將予 以確認。於此情況下,相應的應收 款項亦將予以確認(見附註2(l))。

> 就與客戶的單一合約而言,合約淨 資產或合約淨負債予以呈列。就多 份合約而言,不相關合約的合約資 產及合約負債不按淨額基準呈列。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### Trade and other receivables **()**

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 2(k)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2(i)(i)).

### (m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2(u)).

#### Trade and other payables (n)

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### Cash and cash equivalents (o)

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(i)(i).

(I)

貿易及其他應收款項 應收款項於本集團有無條件權利收 取代價時予以確認。倘代價僅隨時 間推移即會成為到期應付,則收取 代價的權利為無條件。倘收益於本 集團有無條件權利收取代價前已確 認,則該金額按合約資產呈列(見附 註2(k))。

應收款項按攤銷成本採用實際利率 法減信貸虧損撥備列賬(見附註2(i) (i)) 。

- (m) 計息借款 計息借款初步按公平值減應佔交易 成本計算。初步確認後,計息借款 使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。 利息開支根據本集團會計政策就借 款成本確認(見附註2(u))。
- 貿易及其他應付款項 (n) 貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值 確認,其後則按攤銷成本列賬,折 現影響並不重大則作別論,在該情 況下,則按成本列賬。
- 現金及現金等價物 (o) 現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及 現金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構 的活期存款,以及短期和流動性極 高的投資項目。該等投資項目可以 隨時轉換為已知數額的現金且所須 承受的價值變動風險甚小,並在購 入後三個月內到期。現金及現金等 價物根據附註2(i)(i)所載政策評估預 期信貸虧損。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### **Employee benefits** (p)

Short term employee benefits *(i)* 

> Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### **Retirement benefits** (ii)

Retirement benefits are provided by the Group under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme as defined contribution retirement plan in respect of the operations in Hong Kong. The employer's monthly contributions to the scheme are at a maximum of 5% of each employee's monthly salary, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$30,000.

Contribution relating to the staff in the PRC are made to the PRC local retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC.

The cost of all these schemes is charged to profit or loss of the Group for the years concerned and the assets of all these schemes are held separately from those of the Group.

#### Income tax (q)

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

僱員福利 (p)

- (i) 短期僱員福利 薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假及 非貨幣利益的成本乃於僱員 提供相關服務的年度內應計。 倘延期付款或結算而影響屬 重大,則有關金額按其現值列 睛。
- (ii) 退休福利 就香港營運而言,本集團根據 強制性公積金計劃提供退休福 利作為界定供款退休計劃。僱 主每月向計劃作出供款最多為 各僱員月薪的5%,以每月相關 收入30,000港元為上限。

與中國員工有關的供款乃根據 中國相關勞動規則及規定向中 國地方退休計劃作出。

所有該等計劃的成本於本集團 相關年度內的損益中扣除,而 所有該等計劃的資產與本集團 的資產分開持有。

- (q) 所得税
  - 年內所得税包括即期税項及遞延税 項資產與負債的變動。即期税項及 遞延税項資產與負債的變動均於損 益內確認, 惟與於其他全面收益中 或直接於權益內確認的項目有關者 則除外,在此情況下,有關税項款 項分別於其他全面收益中或直接於 權益內確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

### (q) Income tax (continued)

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

(q) 所得税(續) 即期税項為就年內應課税收入採用 於報告期末已生效或實質已生效的 税率計算的預期應付税項,及就過 往年度的應付税項所作出的任何調 整。

> 遞延税項資產及負債分別自可扣税 及應課税的暫時差額產生,即就財 務報告而言資產及負債的賬面值與 其税基之間的差額。遞延税項資產 亦可由未經使用的税項虧損及未經 使用税項抵免所產生。

> 除少數例外情況外,所有遞延税項 負債及所有遞延税項資產(以未來很 可能有應課税溢利致使該等資產可 動用作抵扣為限)均會予以確認。容 許確認自可扣税暫時差額所產生的 遞延税項資產的未來應課税溢利包 括因撥回現有應課税暫時差額而產 生的金額,惟此等差額與同一税務 機關及同一應課税實體有關,並預 期在可扣税暫時差額預計撥回的同 一期間或遞延税項資產所產生税項 虧損可承後或承前結轉的期間內撥 回。在釐定現有應課税暫時差額是 否支持確認自未動用税項虧損及抵 免產生的遞延税項資產時,採用同 一準則,即該等差額若與同一税務 機關及同一應課税實體有關,並預 期在税項虧損或抵免可動用的期間 內撥回,則予以考慮。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### (q) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available

所得税(續) (q) 確認遞延税項資產及負債的少數例 外情況為不可在税務方面獲得扣減 的商譽所產生的暫時差額、初步確 認不影響會計或應課税溢利(如屬業 務合併的一部分則除外)的資產或負 **債**,以及有關投資於附屬公司的暫 時差額,而倘屬應課税差額,則以 本集團可控制撥回時間,且於可見 將來不大可能撥回差額為限,或倘 屬可扣税差額,則以有關差額很可 能會於日後撥回為限。

> 確認的遞延税項金額按照資產與負 **債賬面值的預期變現或償還方式**, 並採用於報告期末已頒佈或實質已 頒佈的税率計算。遞延税項資產與 負債均不作折現。

> 遞延税項資產的賬面值會於各報告 期末予以審閱。倘預計不再可能獲 得足夠應課税溢利用以抵銷有關税 務利益,則遞延税項資產的賬面值 會相應減少。倘可能有足夠應課税 溢利,則減少金額將予以撥回。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

### (q) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- (i) in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- (ii) in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(q) 所得税(續) 即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及 有關變動均獨立呈列,且不予抵銷。 倘本公司或本集團具備可依法強制

间平公可或平集團具備可依法強制 執行的權利將即期税項資產與即期 税項負債抵銷,且符合以下額外條 件,則即期税項資產與即期税項負 債相抵銷,而遞延税項資產則與遞 延税項負債相抵銷:

- (i) 就即期税項資產及負債而言,
   本公司或本集團擬按淨值基準
   結算或同時變現資產及清償負債;或
- (ii) 就遞延税項資產及負債而言, 倘該等資產及負債與相同税務 機構就以下其中一項所徵收的 所得税有關:
  - 一 相同應課税實體;或
  - 如屬不同應課税實體, 該等實體計劃在清償或 收回遞延税項負債或項 產重大金額的各未準變現 即期税項資產及清償 即期税項負債,或同時 變現該資產及清償該負 債。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

- Provisions, contingent liabilities and onerous (r) contracts
  - (i) **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### *(ii)* Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract.

## 重大會計政策(續)

- 撥備、或然負債及虧損性合約 (r)
  - (i) 撥備及或然負債 當本集團或本公司因過去事件 須承擔法定或推定責任,而履 行該責任很可能需要經濟利益 流出且其可可靠估計時,則就 未確定時間或金額的負債確認 撥備。倘貨幣的時間價值重 大,則撥備會以履行該等責任 預期支出的現值列賬。

倘需要經濟利益流出的可能性 不大,其金額不能可靠估計, 則將該責任披露為或然負債, 惟倘需要經濟利益流出的可能 性極低則除外。須視平一件或 多件未來事件是否發生方能確 定存在與否的潛在責任,亦會 披露為或然負債,惟倘需要經 濟利益流出的可能性極低者則 除外。

(ii) 虧損性合約 當本集團為履行合約規定之義 務所產生不可避免的成本超過 預期因該合約可獲取的經濟效 益時,便存在虧損性合約。虧 損性合約的撥備按終止合約的 預期成本與合約的持續成本淨 額的現值較低者計算。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue and other income (s)

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods or the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

收益及其他收入 (s) 本集團將其日常業務過程中銷售貨 品或提供服務所產生的收入分類為 收益。

> 當產品或服務的控制權按本集團預 期有權獲取的承諾代價數額(不包括 代表第三方收取的金額)轉移至客戶 時,收益予以確認。收益不包括增 值税或其他銷售税,並經扣除任何 貿易折扣。

> 倘合約中包含為客戶提供超過12個月 的重大融資利益的融資部分,則收 益按應收金額的現值計量,並使用 與客戶的單獨融資交易中反映的貼 現率貼現,而利息收入按實際利率 法單獨計量。倘合約中包含為本集 團提供重大融資利益的融資部分, 則根據該合約確認的收益包括按實 際利率法計算的合約負債所產生的 利息開支。本集團運用香港財務報 告準則第15號第63段的實際權宜方 法,當融資期限為12個月或以下時, 則不會就重大融資部分的任何影響 調整代價。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 2 (CONTINUED)

### Revenue and other income (continued) (s) Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

Sale of food and beverages and tobacco *(i)* products

> Revenue from sale of food and beverages and tobacco products is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products.

> Prepayments from customers in respect of the membership schemes operated by the Group which are considered to be unearned at the reporting date are shown as contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## (ii) Revenue from club operations

Revenue from club operations (including entrance fees, cloakroom fees and event rental income) is recognised when the services have been provided to the customers.

### (iii) Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income is recognised when:

- the promotion events have been held; or
- the services have been rendered, and it is probable that sponsorship income will be granted.

### (iv) Property management services income

Revenue from the provision of property management services is recognised over the period of services provided to the property occupants/owners.

## 重大會計政策(續)

- 收益及其他收入(續) (s) 有關本集團收益及其他收入確認政 策的進一步詳情如下:
  - 銷售食物及飲品以及煙草產品 (i)

銷售食物及飲品以及煙草產品 的收益於客戶擁有並接收產品 時確認。

本集團運營的會籍計劃的客戶 預付款項於報告日期被視為尚 未賺取金額,於綜合財務狀況 表內呈列為合約負債。

(ii) 會所經營收益 會所經營收益(包括入場費、衣 帽間費用及活動租金收入)於 向顧客提供服務時確認。

- (iii) 贊助費收入 贊助費收入於:
  - 推廣活動後;或
  - 已提供服務且有可能獲 授贊助費收入。
- (iv) 物業管理服務收入 提供物業管理服務之收益於提 供服務予物業住戶/業主的期 間內確認。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue and other income (continued) (s)

#### (v)Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 2(i)(i)).

## (vi) Commission income

Commission income is recognised when the relevant services are rendered.

## (vii) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

#### Translation of foreign currencies (t)

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 收益及其他收入(續) (s)

- 利息收入  $(\mathbf{v})$ 利息收入於其產生時按實際利 率法確認。就並無信貸減值之 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而 言, 實際利率應用於資產總賬 面值。就出現信貸減值的金融 資產而言,實際利率應用於資 產的攤銷成本(即總賬面值減 虧損撥備)(見附註2(i)(i))。
- (vi) 佣金收入 佣金收入在提供相關服務時予 以確認。
- (vii) 政府補助
  - 倘可合理保證可收取政府補助 金且本集團可符合有關條件, 則政府補助金會首先於綜合財 務狀況表確認。補償本集團所 涉開支之補助金於相關開支產 生之相同期間按系統性基準於 損益內確認為收入。補償本集 團資產成本之補助金於資產賬 面值中扣減,並其後按照資產 之使用壽命以已扣減折舊開支 於損益內進行實際確認。
- 外幣換算 (t) 年內外幣交易按交易日的匯率換算。 以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債則按 報告期末的匯率換算。外幣匯兑的 收益及虧損於損益確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

Translation of foreign currencies (continued) (t) Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill arising on consolidation of foreign operations acquired are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

#### (u) **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

## 重大會計政策(續)

外幣換算(續) (t) 以外幣按歷史成本計量的非貨幣資 產及負債,使用交易日的匯率換算。

> 海外業務的業績乃按與交易日的匯 率相若的匯率換算為港元。財務狀 況表的項目(包括收購的外國業務綜 合列賬而產生的商譽)按報告期末的 收市外幣匯率換算為港元。所產生 的匯兑差額在其他全面收益確認並 個別在外匯儲備的權益部分累計。

(u) 借款成本 收購、建設或生產一項需要相當長 時間方可作擬定用途或銷售的資產 百接應佔的借款成本資本化為該資 產成本的一部分。其他借款成本於 產生期間支銷。

> 當合資格資產產生開支、產生借款 成本及準備資產作擬定用途或銷售 所需的活動進行時,開始將借款成 本資本化為該資產成本的一部分。 當準備合資格資產作擬定用途或銷 售所需的絕大部分活動中止或完成 時,借款成本將會暫停或終止資本 11.0

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 重大會計政策(續) (CONTINUED)

## (v) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

- (v) 關聯方

   (a) 倘符合下列一項,該人士或其 直系親屬成員即視為與本集團 有關聯:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團發揮重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理層人員。
  - (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,該實體 即視為與本集團有關聯:
    - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一 集團的成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系附 屬公司與彼此相關聯)。
    - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的 聯營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體所屬集團旗下 成員公司的聯營公司或合 營公司)。
    - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三 方的合營公司。
    - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 的合營公司,而另一實體 為該第三方實體的聯營 公司。
    - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本 集團有關聯的實體為僱 員福利而設立的離職後 福利計劃。
    - (vi) 該實體受(a)所指人士控 制或共同控制。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (CONTINUED)

#### Related parties (continued) (v)

- An entity is related to the Group if any of the (b) following conditions applies: (continued)
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

### (w) Segment reporting

Operating segments are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executives for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's different lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

## 重大會計政策(續)

關聯方(續) (v) (b)

- 倘符合下列任何條件,該實體 即視為與本集團有關聯:(續)
  - (vii) (a)(i)所指人士對實體有重 大影響力或屬該實體(或 該實體的母公司)的主要 管理層人員。
  - (viii) 向本集團或本集團母公 司提供主要管理人員服 務之實體或其所屬集團 之任何成員公司。

有關人士的百系親屬成員為預期買 賣實體時將影響該人士或受該人士 影響的家庭成員。

(w) 分部報告 經營分部乃從為向本集團各業務線 及地理位置分配資源及評估其業績 而定期向本集團最高行政人員提供 的財務資料當中識別出來。

> 個別重大營運分部不會於財務報告 中彙總,惟該等分部的經濟特性、 產品及服務性質、生產流程性質、 客戶類型或級別、分銷產品或提供 服務的方法及監管環境屬性均類似 則作別論。倘非個別重大的營運分 部符合上述絕大部分標準,則可匯 總處理。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## **3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES**

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

### (a) Impairment of non-current assets

If circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a non-current asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered impaired, and an impairment loss may be recognised in profit or loss. These noncurrent assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable, except for goodwill which is tested on an annual basis. When a decline of the assets' recoverable amounts below the carrying amounts has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. It is difficult to precisely estimate fair value less costs of disposal because quoted market prices for the Group's assets are not readily available. In determining value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to level of sales volume and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of sales volume and amount of operating costs.

## 會計判斷及估計

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判斷及估計會以過往經驗及其他因素(包括因應當時情況認為屬對未來事件的合理 預期)為基準持續評估。

估計不明朗因素的主要來源如下:

## (a) 非流動資產減值

倘情況顯示非流動資產的賬面值可 能無法收回,則該資產可被視為已 減值,並可能於損益確認減值虧損。 當有事件或情況變動顯示其記錄賬 面值可能無法收回時,則就該等非 流動資產進行減值測試,惟商譽將 每年進行減值測試。倘資產的可收 回金額低於賬面值,則賬面值會減 至可收回金額。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

### (b) Impairment of trade and other receivables

In measuring ECLs for trade and other receivables, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions.

## (c) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary deductible differences and unused tax losses. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary deductible differences and the unused tax losses can be utilised, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management reassess these estimates at the end of each reporting period. Additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

## 會計判斷及估計(續)

3

- (b) 貿易及其他應收款項減值 於計量貿易及其他應收款項之預期 信貸虧損時,本集團考慮無須過多 成本或努力即可獲得的合理及可支 持資料,包括過往事件資料、當前 情況及未來經濟情況預測。預期信 貸虧損金額受情況變動及經濟情況 預測影響。
- (c) 遞延税項資產 遞延税項資產就暫時可抵扣差額及 未動用税項虧損進行確認。由於該 等遞延税項資產僅限於很可能獲得 能利用暫時可抵扣差額及未動用税 項虧損抵免抵扣的未來應課税溢利 時才會確認,故需要管理層的判斷 以評估獲得未來應課税溢利的可能 性。管理層於各報告期末重估該等 估計。倘日後很可能取得應課税溢 利以收回遞延税項資產,則會確認 額外的遞延税項資產。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

(d) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Group determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation/amortisation charges for the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of similar nature and functions, taking into account anticipated technological and other changes. It could change as a result of change in market demand for the service output of the asset, expected usage of the asset, expected wear and tear and the care and maintenance of the asset. Management will increase the depreciation/amortisation charge where useful lives are shorter than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down commercially obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

## (a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets and provision of property management services.

Revenue represents the amount received or receivable from the sale of food and beverages and tobacco products, revenue from other club operations (including entrance fees, cloakroom fees and event rental income), sponsorship income and income arising from provision of property management services.

Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 4(b).

## 會計判斷及估計(續)

3

物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產之 (d) 可使用年期 本集團釐定物業、廠房及設備以及 無形資產之可使用年期及相關折舊/ 攤銷費。計及預期技術變動及其他 變動,該估計乃根據具有類似性質 及功能之物業廠房及設備以及無形 資產之實際可使用年期之過往經驗 進行。該估計因市場對該資產的產 品或服務的需求改變、資產預期用 途、預期耗損及損壞、資產維修及 保養而發生變動。管理層將於可使 用年期短於之前估計之年期時調整 折舊/攤銷費,或其亦會撇銷或撇 減已報廢或出售之技術過時或非策 略性資產。

## 4 收益及分部報告

(a) 收益 本集團之主要業務為會所業務及餐 廳以及酒吧門店營運及提供物業管 理服務。

收益指銷售食物及飲品以及煙草產品的已收或應收款項、會所經營收益(包括入場費、衣帽間費用及活動租金收入)、贊助費收入以及提供物業管理服務收入。

有關本集團主要業務之進一步詳情於附註4(b)內披露。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 收益及分部報告(續) 4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4** (CONTINUED)

(a)	Rev( (i)	enue (continued) (a) Disaggregation of revenue Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by service lines and geographical location of customers is as follows:		•••	<b>☆益<i>(續)</i> ) 分析收益</b> 按服務線及客戶地理位置劃分 的來自客戶合約之收入分拆如 下:		
					<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元	
		Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則 第 <b>15</b> 號範圍內的 來自客戶合約之收2	λ			
		Revenue from club and restaurant operations — Hong Kong Revenue from property management contracts — the PRC	會所及餐廳經營收益 — 香港 物業管理合約收益 — 中國		51,970 288,002	83,431 234,137	
					339,972	317,568	
		The Group's customer base is di no individual customer had trans exceeded 10% of the Group's re	actions which		至二零二零	5戶群多元化,於截 5年及二零一九年三 止年度並無與個別	

(ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

For property management services, the Group recognises revenue as the services are provided that correspond directly with the value of performance completed. The Group has applied the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 to its revenue from property management contracts for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts as these contracts do not have a fixed term.

客戶進行的交易金額超過本集 團收益的10%。

## (ii) 預期將於日後確認於報告日期 現有客戶合約所產生之收益

就物業管理服務而言,本集團 於提供與已完成履約的價值直 接對應的服務時確認收益。本 集團已將香港財務報告準則第 15號之可行權宜方法應用於物 業管理合約之收益,由於該等 合約並無固定年期,故並無披 露本集團現有合約項下之剩餘 履約義務。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4 收益及分部報告(續) (CONTINUED)

## (b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by business line and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the most senior executives of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments. (b) 分部報告 本集團透過不同分部管理其業務, 以業務線及地理位置劃分。按照向 本集團最高行政人員為資源分配以 及表現評估而進行的內部資料報告 的一致方式,本集團已確認兩個可 報告分部。概無合併經營分部以組 成以下可報告分部。

Segment	Business	分部	業務		
Lifestyle entertainment — Hong Kong	Sales of food and beverages and tobacco products from operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets	生活娛樂 — 香港	於會所、餐廳及 酒吧門市經營 中銷售食物及 飲品以及 煙草產品		
Property management — the PRC	Provision of property management services	物業管理 — 中國	提供物業 管理服務		

## (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executives monitor the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible, intangible assets and current assets with the exception of deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables attributable to the sales activities of the individual segments and borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. (i) 分部業績、資產及負債 為評估分部表現及分部間分配 資源使用,本集團最高行政人 員按以下基礎監控各可報告分 部之業績、資產及負債:

> 分部資產包括所有有形、無形 資產及流動資產,惟於遞延 税項資產及其他企業資產除 外。分部負債包括個別分部之 銷售活動應佔之貿易及其他應 付款項及借款,由各分部直接 管理。

> 收益及支出乃經參考該等分部 產生之銷售額及支出(該等分 部應佔之折舊或攤銷資產產生 之支出除外)分配予可報告分 部。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4 (CONTINUED)

### (b) Segment reporting *(continued)*

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "interest" is regarded as including investment income and "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on noncurrent assets. To arrive at adjusted EBITDA the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditors' remuneration and other head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBITDA, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue, interest income from cash balances and interest expense from borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations. 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)
 (i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

用於可報告分部溢利的方法為 「經調整EBITDA」,即「扣除利 息、税項、折舊及攤銷前之經 調整盈利」,其中「利息」包括投 資收入,而「折舊及攤銷」包括 非流動資產之減值虧損。為達 到經調整EBITDA,本集團之盈 利乃對並未指定屬於個別分部 之項目作出進一步調整,如董 事及核數師之酬金及總部或企 業行政開支。

收到有關經調整EBITDA之分部 資料除外,管理層獲提供有關 收益、來自分部直接管理之現 金結餘之利息收入及借款之利 息支出、分部於彼等營運中使 用之非流動分部資產的折舊、 攤銷及減值虧損以及添置的分 部資料。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4 收益及分部報告(續) (CONTINUED)

### (b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the most senior executives of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 is set out below.

(b) 分部報告(續)
 (i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

就截至二零二零年及二零一九 年三月三十一日止年度之資源 分配及分部表現評估向本集團 最高行政人員提供有關本集團 可報告分部之資料載於下文。

***************************************	Example of the state of the sta						******
		— Hong 生活	g Kong 娛樂	— the 物業	PRC 管理	Tot	al
		— 香港		— 中國		總計	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
		二零二零年 \$'000	二零一九年 \$'000	二零二零年 \$'000	二零一九年 \$'000	二零二零年 \$'000	二零一九年 \$'000
		\$000 千港元	\$000 千港元	<b>\$000</b> 千港元	\$000 千港元	\$000 千港元	\$000 千港元
Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue	從外部客戶所取得收益 及可報告分部之 收益	51,970	83,431	288,002	234,137	339,972	317,568
Reportable segment (loss)/ profit (adjusted EBITDA)	可報告分部(虧損)/ 溢利(經調整 EBITDA)	(9.221)	(12,932)	49.986	29,432	40.765	16.500
******	~~~~~~~	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	4	6	6,616	4,625	6,620	4,631
Interest expenses	利息支出	(595)	(27)	(9)	_	(604)	(27)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(15,200)	(9,508)	(8,296)	(8,380)	(23,496)	(17,888)
Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及 設備減值虧損	(1,823)	(4,255)	_	_	(1,823)	(4,255)
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	31,805	27,113	395,616	365,480	427,421	392,593
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year (note (ii))	年內添置非流動 分部資產 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	35,821	6,444	647	2,798	36,468	9,242
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	28,067	26,157	136,577	129,551	164,644	155,708
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 收益及分部報告(續) **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4** 4 (CONTINUED)

- Segment reporting (continued) (b) (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued) Notes:
  - (i) The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).
  - (ii) Additions to non-current segment assets consist of additions to property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill, including additions arising from the acquisition of Mini Club Hong Kong Limited ("Mini Club") (see note 25).

(b) 分部報告(*續*) 分部業績、資產及負債(續) (i)

附註:

- (i) 本集團於二零一九年四月一日採 用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港 財務報告準則第16號。根據此 方法,比較資料不予重列。見 附註2(c)。
- 添置非流動分部資產包括添置 (ii) 物業、廠房及設備、無形資產 及商譽,包括收購Mini Club Hong Kong Limited ([Mini Club」)產生之添置(見附註 25) °

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 收益及分部報告(續) **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** 4 4 (CONTINUED)

分部報告*(續)* Segment reporting (continued) (b) (b) (ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment (ii) 可報告分部收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之對賬 revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities 2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千港元 收益 Revenue 可報告分部收益及 Reportable segment revenue and 綜合收益(*附註4(a)*) consolidated revenue (note 4(a)) 339,972

Profit or loss	溢利或虧損		
Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers Other revenue Other net income Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	來自本集團外部客戶 之可報告分部溢利 其他收入淨額 折習資本 額業設備配總 大分配 設備配總 大分 業開支	40,765 11,088 12,616 (24,612) (2,956) (1,823) (5,912)	16,500 6,742 6,979 (17,899) (2,346) (4,255) (8,465)
Consolidated profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前綜合溢利/ (虧損)	29,166	(2,744)
Assets	資產		
Reportable segment assets Deferred tax assets Unallocated head office and	可報告分部資產 遞延税項資產 未分配總部及	427,421 2,097	392,593 1,694
corporate assets	企業資產	2 / 7/	
'	正术真庄	3,676	33,451
Consolidated total assets	综合資產總額	433,194	33,451 427,738
	綜合資產總額 *******		

2019

\$'000 千港元

317.568

二零一九年

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING 4 (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Segment reporting (continued)

- (ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)
  - Note: The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

### (iii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, goodwill and non-current portion of prepayments ("specified noncurrent assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property, plant and equipment, the location of the operation to which they are allocated, in the case of intangible assets, goodwill and non-current portion of prepayment.

# 收益及分部報告*(續)*

(b) 分部報告(*續*)

- (ii) 可報告分部收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之對賬(續)
  - 附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採 用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港 財務報告準則第16號。根據此 方法,比較資料不予重列。見 附註2(c)。

#### (iii) 地域資料

下表列載有關(i)本集團從外部 客戶所取得收益及(ii)本集團從外部 業、廠房及設備、無形資產、 商譽及預付款項的非即期部分 (「特定非流動資產」)所在地區 之資料。客戶所在地區按所 提供服務或貨物送達所在地 劃分。就物業、廠房及設備而 言,特定非流動資產之地點,就 影資產、商譽及預付款項的非 即期部分而言,位於向其分配 之經營地點。

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		Revenu	e from	Specified		
		external customers		non-current assets		
		從外部客戶	所取得收益	特定非流	〔動資產	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
******		»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»			~~~~~~	
Hong Kong	香港(所屬地)					
(place of domicile)		51,970	83,431	21,280	5,276	
Mainland China	中國內地	288,002	234,137	107,237	121,913	
		339,972	317,568	128,517	127,189	

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **5 OTHER REVENUE**

其他收益

5

6

			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			~~~~~~~
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	6,694	4,604
Government grants <i>(note)</i>	政府補助(附註)	3,240	1,583
Others	其他	1,154	555
		11,088	6,742
*****	*****	***	

*Note:* Government grants mainly represent unconditional discretionary financial support from local municipal government authorities.

*附註:* 政府補助主要指地方市政府機關提供的無條 件酌情財務支持。

# **6 OTHER NET INCOME**

#### 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 \$'000 \$'000 千港元 千港元 出售物業、廠房及 Loss on disposal of property, 設備虧損 plant and equipment (42) (544) Gain on disposal of a subsidiary 出售一間附屬公司收益 5,000 9 Net foreign exchange gain 匯兑收益淨額 7,483 7,012 Reversal of provision for reinstatement costs 撥回復收成本撥備 677 12,616 6,979

# 7 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

7 除税前溢利/(虧損)

其他收入淨額

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

除税前溢利/(虧損)經扣除/計入下列各 項:

00000	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>		>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
				2020	2019
				二零二零年	二零一九年
				\$'000	\$'000
				千港元	千港元
00000		>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
(a)	Finance costs	(a)	融資成本		
	Interest on loan from the controlling		來自控股股東貸款之利息		
	shareholder			2,243	2,319
	Interest on lease liabilities		租賃負債之利息	713	27
				2,956	2,346
00000	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c). 附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯 法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據 此方法,比較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。



(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 7 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION 7 除税前溢利/(虧損)(續) (CONTINUED)

~~~~~		~~~~~		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
(b)	<b>Staff costs</b> Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	(b)	<b>員工成本</b> 界定供款退休計劃供款	20,470	19,716
	Salaries, wages and other benefits		薪金、工資及其他福利	135,626	124,568
000000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	156,096	144,284
(c)	Other items Depreciation charge (note 12) — owned property, plant and equipment* — right-of-use assets*	(c)	<b>其他項目</b> 折舊支出 <i>(附註12)</i> ── 自有物業、廠房 及設備* ── 使用權資產*	5,657 11,665	10,049 251
	<u> </u>			17,322	10,300
	Amortisation Impairment losses on trade receivables <sup>#</sup> Impairment losses on property, plant		攤銷 貿易應收款項減值虧損# 物業、廠房及設備	7,290 2,751	7,599 2,314
	and equipment Auditors' remuneration#		減值虧損 核數師薪酬#	1,823	4,255
	<ul> <li>audit services</li> <li>non-audit services</li> <li>Total minimum lease payments for leases previously classified as</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>一審核服務</li> <li>一非審核服務</li> <li>先前根據香港會計準則</li> <li>第17號分類為經營租賃</li> </ul>	2,580 26	2,500 25
	operating leases under HKAS 17* Cost of inventories sold <i>(note 16)</i> Provision for onerous contracts <i>(note 19)</i>		的最低租賃款項總額* 已售存貨成本 <i>(附註16)</i> 虧損合約撥備 <i>(附註19)</i>	 12,594	23,145 18,791 3,924
	Gain on termination of lease agreement		因租賃協議終止而產生 之收益	(19)	5,724
	Office expenses <sup>#</sup> Entertainment expenses <sup>#</sup> Travelling expenses <sup>#</sup>		デステム 辦工費# 業務招待費# 差旅費#	2,234 2,805 2,357	2,566 2,588 3,078
	Legal and professional fees <sup>#</sup> Security costs <sup>#</sup> Gardening costs <sup>#</sup>		法律和專業費用# 保安費# 綠化養護費#	2,626 2,313 3,148	3,355 5,353 2,104
	Government surcharges <sup>#</sup> Bank charges and credit card commissions <sup>#</sup>		政府附加費# 銀行手續費及信用卡佣金#	1,810 1,498	1,263 2,189
	Community event costs <sup>#</sup>		社區活動費用#	1,525	1,178

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 7 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION 7 除税前溢利/(虧損)(續) (CONTINUED)

- The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The depreciated carrying amount of the finance lease assets which were previously included in property, plant and equipment is also identified as a right-of-use asset. After initial recognition of rightof-use assets at 1 April 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise the depreciation of right-of-use assets, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).
- These items are included in "other operating expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# 8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 8 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

- \* 本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整,以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃之租賃確認為使用權資產。先前計入物業、廠房及設備之融資租賃資產折舊賬面值亦已識別為使用權資產。於二零一九年四月一日首次確認使用權資產後,本集團(作為承租人)須確認使用權資產折舊,而非根據於租賃期內按直線法確認經營租賃項下產生之租金開支之先前政策。 在此等方法下,比較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。
  - 此等項目計入綜合損益表之「其他經營開支」 內。

綜合損益表中的所得税

#### (a) 綜合損益表中的所得税指:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		<b>\$′000</b> 千港元	\$'000 千港元
Current tax	即期税項		
— Hong Kong Profits Tax	— 香港利得税		
Provision for the year	年度撥備	_	1,432
Over-provision in respect of prior years		(410)	
		(410)	1,432
		(410)	1,432
Current tax	即期税項		
— PRC Corporate Income Tax	一中國企業所得税		
Provision for the year	年度撥備	14,461	7,617
		14.051	9,049
		14,001	7,047
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of	暫時差額產生及撥回		
temporary differences		1,902	(2,158
		45.050	( 0.01
		15,953	6,891

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 8 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

 (a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (continued)

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, as the subsidiaries of the Group in Hong Kong either sustain a loss for taxation purpose or do not generate any assessable income.

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year ended 31 March 2019 was calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for the year.

According to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, the PRC's statutory income tax rate is 25%.

Among the branches of Ningbo AUX Property Management Services Co., Ltd ("Ningbo AUX") in the PRC, the Chengdu Branch was entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% under the Enterprise Income Tax Preference Policies for the Western Development. The directors are of the view that it is highly probable that the Chengdu Branch will be entitled to the same preferential tax rate and 15% is adopted in estimating the tax provision for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Pursuant to the current rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in these jurisdictions.

At 31 March 2019, no deferred tax liabilities had been recognised in respect of temporary differences relating to undistributed profits of the Company's subsidiaries, which would be payable on the distribution of these profits, as it had been determined that these profits would not be distributed in the foreseeable future. During the year ended 31 March 2020, management reassess the dividend policy of the Company's subsidiaries and consider that the retained profits of these subsidiaries may be distributed in the foreseeable future. Consequently, deferred tax liabilities of \$4,251,000 for temporary differences relating to undistributed profits of subsidiaries are recognised as at 31 March 2020.

# 綜合損益表中的所得税(續)

#### (a) 綜合損益表中的所得税指: (續)

由於本集團於香港的附屬公司就税 項目的而言錄得虧損,或無產生任 何應課税收入,故截至二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度並未於綜合財 務報表內就香港利得税作出撥備。

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年 度,香港利得税撥備乃按年內估計 應課税溢利的16.5%計算。

根據中國企業所得税法,中國法定 所得税税率為25%。

就寧波奧克斯物業服務有限公司(「寧 波奧克斯」)於中國之分公司中,成 都分公司根據西部大開發的企業所 得税優惠政策有權享有15%的優惠 税率。董事認為成都分公司很有可 能將享有同樣優惠税率並採用15% 以預測截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度之税項撥備。

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島(「英 屬處女群島」)的現時規則及法規, 本集團毋須於該等司法權區繳納任 何所得税。

於二零一九年三月三十一日,本集團 概無就有關本公司附屬公司之未須 派溢利之暫時差額而確認應一一一 前 遞延税項負債,原可見未項 會 於截至二零一一日。於截至二零一一日 附屬公司的股息附屬公司 利。因此,於二零一一日 ,就有關附屬公司未分派 為 利。因此,於二零一一一一 ,就有關附屬公司未分派 為 4,251,000港元。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 8 STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

綜合損益表中的所得税(續)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit/(loss) at applicable tax rates:

# (b) 按適用税率計算的税項開支及會計 溢利/(虧損)對賬如下:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	29,166	(2,744)
Notional tax on profit/(loss) before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits/(losses) in the jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	除税前溢利/(虧損)的 名義税項(按相關司法 權區溢利/(虧損)的 適用税率計算) 不可扣税開支的税務影響	9,223 1,797	1,775 2,472
Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised in prior years but	非課税收入的税務影響 年內動用以往年度未確認 的未動用税項虧損的	(2,194)	(1,287)
utilised during the year Tax effect of unrecognised temporary differences	税務影響 未確認暫時差額的 税務影響	(374)	(7) 1,625
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised Tax effect of profits subject to	未確認未動用税項虧損的 税務影響 享受中國優惠税率之	4,651	4,050
Tax effect of pionts subject to preferential tax rate in the PRC Tax effect of withholding tax on undistributed profits of	送利的税務影響 預提所得税對中國附屬 公司未分派溢利的	(991)	(1,737)
PRC subsidiaries Over-provision in prior years	税務影響 過往年度超額撥備	4,251 (410)	
Actual tax expense	實際税項開支	15,953	6,891

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed with reference to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

# 9 董事薪酬

參照香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(披露 董事利益資料)規例第2部披露的董事薪酬 如下所示:

				<b>2020</b> 二零二零年		
		Directors'		Discretionary	Retirement scheme	
		fees	and benefits 薪金、津貼	bonuses 酌情	<b>contributions</b> 退休計劃	Total
		董事袍金	新亚·库加 及福利	花紅	返 小 山 劃 供款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Chairman and executive director	主席兼執行董事					
Zhang Jingguo	張靜國	-	-	-	-	-
Executive directors	執行董事					
Zheng Jiang	鄭江	1,998	—	—	—	1,998
Chan Hon Ki	陳漢淇	-	1,625	—	18	1,643
Shen Guoying	沈國英	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Poon Chiu Kwok	潘昭國	250	_	_	_	250
Bau Siu Fung	鮑小豐	250	_	_	_	250
Lou Aidong	婁愛東	250	-	-	-	250
Total	總計	2,748	1,625	_	18	4,391

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

9 董事薪酬(*續*)

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2019 二零一九年				
	_	Directors'	Salaries, allowances	Discretionary	Retirement scheme	
		fees	and benefits 薪金、津貼	bonuses 酌情	contributions 退休計劃	Total
		董事袍金 \$′000 千港元	及福利 \$'000 千港元	花紅 \$′000 千港元	供款 \$′000 千港元	總計 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元
Chairman and executive director	主席兼執行董事					
Zheng Jiang (resigned from the position of chairman on 1 February 2019)	鄭江(於二零一九年 二月一日辭任 主席)	1,998	_	_	_	1,998
Zhang Jingguo (appointed on 1 February 2019)	張靜國(於二零一九年 二月一日獲委任)		_	_	_	
Executive directors	執行董事					
Chan Hon Ki Chen Huajuan (resigned on	陳漢淇 陳華娟(於二零一九年	_	1,500	_	18	1,518
1 February 2019) Shen Guoying	二月一日辭任) 沈國英	_	_	_		_
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Poon Chiu Kwok	潘昭國	250	—	—	—	250
Bau Siu Fung	鮑小豐	250	—	_	—	250
Lou Aidong	婁愛東	250				250
Total	總計	2,748	1,500	_	18	4,266

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 10 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS 10 最高薪

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two of them (2019: two) was a director whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of other three (2019: three) individuals are as follows: 10 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士中兩名人士(二零一九 年:兩名)為董事,其薪酬於附註9中披 露。其他三名(二零一九年:三名)人士的 薪酬總額如下:

	~~~~~~		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	******
Salaries and other emoluments	薪金及其他酬金	4,882	7,205
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	—	—
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	73	54
		4,955	7,259
	*****		

The emoluments of the three (2019: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

三名(二零一九年:三名)最高薪酬人士的 薪酬在以下範圍內:

	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	×~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
		人數	人數
	*****	ו••••••	*****
\$1,000,001 to \$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	—
\$1,500,001 to \$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	2
\$2,000,001 to \$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	—
\$4,000,001 to \$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	—	1
			~~~~~~~

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 11 PROFIT/(LOSS) PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic profit/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic profit/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of \$13,213,000 (2019: loss attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of \$9,635,000) and the weighted average number of 374,984,000 (2019: 374,984,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

### (b) Diluted profit/(loss) per share

The diluted profit/(loss) per share is the same as basic profit/(loss) per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

# 11 每股溢利/(虧損)

- (a) 每股基本溢利/(虧損) 每股基本溢利/(虧損)乃基於本公司 普通股權益股東應佔溢利13,213,000 港元(二零一九年:本公司普通股權 益股東應佔虧損9,635,000港元), 以及年內已發行普通股加權平均 股數374,984,000股(二零一九年: 374,984,000股)計算所得。
- (b) 每股攤薄溢利/(虧損) 每股攤薄溢利/(虧損)與每股基本 溢利/(虧損)相同,此乃由於截至 二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十 一日止年度概不存在潛在攤薄普通 股。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 12 物業、廠房及設備

# (a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

(a) 賬面值對賬

***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Properties leased for	Furniture, fixtures and	Leasehold	Motor	Construction in	~~~~~~
		own use 作自用的	equipment 傢具 <sup>、</sup> 裝置	improvements 租賃物業	vehicles	progress	Total
		租賃物業	及設備	裝修	汽車	在建工程	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	千港元 ※*******	千港元 ∞∞∞∞∞∞∞∞∞∞∞	千港元	千港元	千港元 *******	千港元
Cost:	成本:						
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日 首次應用香港財務報告準則	-	17,532	35,510	2,106	-	55,148
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 16 (note)	自从應用省池則勝報苦华則 第16號的影響(附註)	1,144	-	-	-	-	1,144
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,144	17,532	35,510	2,106	_	56,292
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 25)	收購附屬公司( <i>附註25</i> )	7,339				_	7,339
Additions	添置	18,565	1,999	1,278	30	_	21,872
Disposals	出售	(738)	(263)	(773)	(2,042)	_	(3,816)
Lease modification	租賃修訂	(585)	(200)	(770)	(2,042)	_	(585)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(19)	(309)	(18)	(4)	_	(350)
		(17)	(00)/	(10)			(000)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	25,706	18,959	35,997	90	-	80,752
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:	累計折舊及減值虧損:						
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	-	12,706	32,598	931	-	46,235
Charge for the year	年內開支	11,665	2,078	3,300	279	_	17,322
Impairment losses (note 12(b))	減值虧損( <i>附註12(b)</i> )	944	297	582	_	_	1,823
Written back on disposals	出售時撇減	(246)	(167)	(773)	(1,165)	_	(2,351)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(2)	(79)	(18)	(2)		(101)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	12,361	14,835	35,689	43	_	62,928
Net book value:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 ******	13,345	4,124	308 	47	-	17,824
Cost:	成本:						
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	_	15,192	28,910	2,110	178	46,390
Additions	添置	_	2,803	_	_	6,440	9,243
Disposals	出售	_	(330)	_	_	_	(330)
Transfer from construction in progress	轉自在建工程	_	_	6,618	_	(6,618)	_
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	(133)	(18)	(4)		(155)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	_	17,532	35,510	2,106	_	55,148
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:	累計折舊及減值虧損:						
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	_	10,814	20,882	299	_	31,995
Charge for the year	年內開支	-	2,192	7,476	632	_	10,300
Impairment losses (note 12(b))	減值虧損( <i>附註12(b)</i> )	_	_	4,255	_	_	4,255
Written back on disposals	出售時撤減	_	(272)	_	_	_	(272)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	(28)	(15)	_		(43)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	_	12,706	32,598	931	_	46,235
Net book value:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日		4,826	2,912	1,175		8,913

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. See note 2(c).

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號並對於二零 一九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整, 以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃之租賃確認為使用權資 產。見附註2(c)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12 物業、廠房及設備(續) (CONTINUED)

### (b) Impairment losses

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets continued to be loss-making. The segment loss (i.e. adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation) of the clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets amounted to \$9.221.000 (2019: \$12.932.000) in 2020 and the Group has assessed the recoverable amount of the relevant property, plant and equipment. As a result, impairment losses of \$1,823,000 (2019: \$4,255,000) were recognised as "impairment losses on property, plant and equipment" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss to reduce the carrying amount of these property, plant and equipment to their recoverable amount of \$12,699,000 (2019: \$4,039,000). The estimates of recoverable amount were based on the value-in-use model, in which the cash flows were discounted using discount rates of 11% to 13% (2019: 11%). The discount rate used was pre-tax and reflected specific risks relating to the operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets.

#### (c) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

(b) 減值虧損

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,會所業務、餐廳及酒吧門店經 營繼續產生虧損。會所業務、餐廳 及酒吧門店分部於二零二零年的分 部虧損(即未計利息、税項、折舊及 攤銷前之經調整盈利)為9,776,000港 元(二零一九年:12.932.000港元), 本集團並已評估相關物業、廠房 及設備的可收回金額。因此,減值 虧 損1,823,000港 元(二零一九年: 4,255,000港元)已於綜合損益表內確 認為「物業、廠房及設備減值虧損」 以減少該等物業、廠房及設備的賬 面值至其可收回金額12,699,000港元 (二零一九年:4,039,000港元)。可收 回金額的估計乃根據使用價值模型 計算,其中的現金流量按11%至13% 的折現率(二零一九年:11%)折現。 所用折現率均為税前且反映與經營 會所業務、餐廳及酒吧門店相關的 特定風險。

(c) 使用權資產 使用權資產按相關資產類別所作的 賬面淨值分析如下:

***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	31 March	1 A
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 April
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		三月三十一日	四月一日
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******	••••••
Properties leased for own use,	作自用的租賃物業按折舊		
carried at depreciated cost	成本列賬	13,345	1.144
Motor vehicles, carried at	汽車按折舊成本列賬		.,
depreciated cost		—	564

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12** 物業、廠房及設備(續) (CONTINUED)

- Right-of-use assets (continued) (c) The analysis of expense items in relation to leases
  - (c) recognised in profit or loss is as follows:
- 使用權資產(續) 在損益中確認的與租賃有關的支出 項目分析如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
			(Note)
			(附註)
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
******	******	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:	使用權資產按相關資產類別 的折舊費用:		
Properties leased for own use	作自用的租賃物業	11,665	—
Motor vehicles	汽車	—	251
		11,665	251
******	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	•••••••	
Interest on lease liabilities (note 7(a))	租賃負債之利息 <i>(附註T(a))</i>	713	27
Expense relating to short-term leases	短期租賃及其他餘下租期於		<b>_</b> /
and other leases with remaining	二零二零年三月三十一日		
lease term ending on or before	或之前屆滿的租賃		
31 March 2020		5,728	_
Total minimum lease payments for	先前根據香港會計準則		
leases previously classified as	第17號分類為經營租賃的		
operating leases under HKAS 17	租賃之最低租賃付款總額	_	23,145

- Note: The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The depreciated carrying amount of the finance lease assets which were previously included in property, plant and equipment is also identified as a right-of-use asset. After initial recognition of right-ofuse assets at 1 April 2019, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise the depreciation of right-of-use assets, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).
- *附註:*本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一 九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整, 以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃之租賃確認為使用權資 產。先前計入物業、廠房及設備之融 資租賃資產折舊賬面值亦已識別為使 用權資產。於二零一九年四月一日首次 確認使用權資產後,本集團(作為承租 人)須確認使用權資產折舊,而非根據 於租賃期內按直線法確認經營租賃項 下產生之租金開支之先前政策。在此 等方法下,比較資料不予重列。見附 註2(c)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12 物業、廠房及設備(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Right-of-use assets (continued)

During the year, additions to right-of-use assets were \$18,565,000. This amount primarily related to the capitalised lease payments payable under new or renewed tenancy agreements.

Details of total cash outflows for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in notes 18(c) and 21, respectively.

#### Properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use properties as its premises for club, bars and restaurants and office premises through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 3 years.

One of the leases includes an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities. The potential exposure to these future lease payments is summarised below: (c) 使用權資產(續) 年內使用權資產增加18,565,000港 元。該款項主要與新簽訂或續租的

> 因租賃產生的現金流出總額細節及 租賃負債的到期分析分別載於附註 18(c)及21。

租約下應付的資本化租金有關。

#### 作自用的租賃物業

本集團已透過租賃協議獲得使用若 干物業的權利,以作為其會所、酒 吧及餐廳的場地以及辦公室。此等 租賃一般初步為期兩至三年。

	*****	Potential future
		lease payments
		under extension
	Lease	options not
	liabilities	included in
	recognised	lease liabilities
	(discounted)	(undiscounted)
		不計入租賃負債的
		延長選擇權下潛在
	確認的租賃負債	未來租賃付款
	(已貼現)	(未貼現)
	\$'000	\$'000
	千港元	千港元
	*****	
Premises for club — Hong Kong     會所場地 -	- 香港 15,194	16,800

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12 物業、廠房及設備(續) (CONTINUED)

### (c) Right-of-use assets (continued)

**Properties leased for own use (continued)** The Group was granted a rent concession for the lease of the premises of the Group's club by the landlord during the year ended 31 March 2020. The rent concession was accounted for as lease modification to reduce the lease liabilities and the corresponding right-of-use assets by \$585,000 at the modification date. (c) 使用權資產(續) 作自用的租賃物業(續) 本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度獲其會所場地的業主提供租 金優惠。該租金優惠被視為租賃修 訂,並於修訂日期以585,000港元下 調租賃負債及相應使用權資產。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

# 13 無形資產

		Customer relationships	Property management contracts and related customer relationships 物業管理合約 及相關	Total
		顧客關係	顧客關係	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost:	成本:			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	1,174	80,499	81,673
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	·	(4,631)	(4,631)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	1,174	75,868	77,042
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,174	75,868	77,042
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		(4,911)	(4,911)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,174	70,957	72,131
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷︰			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	1,174	7,379	8,553
Charge for the year	年內開支	—	7,599	7,599
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		(436)	(436)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	1,174	14,542	15,716
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,174	14,542	15,716
Charge for the year	年內開支	·	7,290	, 7,290
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		(1,136)	(1,136)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,174	20,696	21,870
Net book value:	賬面淨值:			
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日		50,261	50,261
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	_	61,326	61,326

The amortisation charge for the year is included in "depreciation and amortisation" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

本年度攤銷費用計入綜合損益表的「折舊 及攤銷」內。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **14 GOODWILL**

14 商譽

	***************************************	<b>\$′000</b> 千港元
******		
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	60,321
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(3,471)
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019 Additions <i>(note 25)</i>	於二零一九年三月三十一日及二零一九年四月一日 增值 <i>(附註25)</i>	56,850 7,261
Exchange adjustments	距兑調整	(3,679)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	60,432

#### Impairment test for CGU containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generated units ("CGU") identified as follows:

包含商譽的現金產生單位的減值測試

商譽分配至本集團所識別各現金產生單 位如下:

	***************************************	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	***************************************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Property management business	物業管理業務	53,171	56,850
Operation of restaurant and bar outlets	經營餐廳及酒吧門店	7,261	
		60,432	56,850

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using estimated weighted average growth rates of 2% to 3% (2019: 3%) which is not higher than the forecasts included in industry reports. The growth rate used does not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the CGU operates. The cash flows are discounted using discount rates of 13% to 21% (2019: 21%). The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant segment.

Based on the results of the impairment testing of goodwill, in the opinion of the directors, no impairment was considered necessary as at 31 March 2020 and 2019. 現金產生單位之可收回金額乃基於使用 價值計算法確定。該計算採用根據管理層 批准之五年期財務預算之估計現金流量。 超過五年期的現金流量乃使用估計加權 平均增長率2%至3%(二零一九年:3%)推 算,其不高於行業報告中的預測。所用增 長率並無超過現金產生單位經營所在業 務的長期平均增長率。現金流量以折現率 13%至21%(二零一九年:21%)折現。所用 折現率為税前,並反映相關分部之有關特 定風險。

基於商譽減值測試的結果,董事認為並 無必要於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三 十一日作出減值。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **15 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

# 15 於附屬公司的投資

下表僅載列對本集團業績、資產或負債有 重大影響之附屬公司之詳情。除另有列明 外,所持有股份之類別為普通股。

		Proportion of ownership interest 所有權權益比例			
Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 已繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 附屬公司 持有	Principal activity 主要業務
BVI 故國處女群皇	101 shares 101盼	100%	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
<sup>天</sup> 쪠處又計司 Hong Kong 香港	1 share 1股	100% 100%		100% 100%	Provision of administrative service to group companies 向集團公司提供行政管理服務
Hong Kong 香港	1 share 1股	100% 100%	_	100% 100%	Holding of trademarks 持有商標
Hong Kong 香港	10,000,100 shares 10,000,100股	100% 100%	_	100% 100%	Operation of clubbing business 經營會所業務
Hong Kong 香港	1 share 1股	100% 100%	_	100% 100%	Operation of clubbing business 經營會所業務
Hong Kong 香港	1 share 1股	100% 100%		100% 100%	Investment holding 投資控股
The PRC 中國	5,000,000 shares 5,000,000股	100% 100%	_	100% 100%	Provision of property management services 提供物業管理服務
Hong Kong 香港	1 share 1股	100% 100%		100% 100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares 10,000股	100% 100%	_	100% 100%	Operation of restaurant and bar outlets 經營餐廳及酒吧門店
	incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點 BVI 英屬處女群島 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港 The PRC 中國 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港	incorporation/ establishmentissued and paid up capital 已發行及 已發行及 已發行及 已數之成立地點註冊成立/成立地點已缴足股本詳情BVI101 shares 文屬處女群島Hong Kong 香港1 share 1股Hong Kong 香港1 share 10000,100 shares 10,000,100 Bhares 香港Hong Kong 香港1 share 10000,100 Bhares 10,000,100 Bhares 5,000,000 Bhares 5,000,000 Bhares 中國Hong Kong 香港1 share 1股Hong Kong 香港1 share 100 10,000 shares 5,000,000 Bhares 10,000Hong Kong 香港1 share 100 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000Hong Kong 香港1 share 1000	Place of incorporation/ establishmentParticulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 已發行及 註冊成立/成立地點Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益BVI 英屬處女群島101 shares 101股100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 R 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 R 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 香港1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong 市े1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100% 100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100%Hong Kong1 share 100%100%	Place of incorporation/ establishment         Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 已發行及         Group's effective interest 文集團之/成立地點         Held by the Company 本公司 實際權益           BVI 英屬處女群島         101 shares 101服         100%         100%           BVI 英屬處女群島         101 shares 101服         100%         100%           Hong Kong 香港         1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 香港         1 share 10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 m         100%            Hong Kong 香港         10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 m         100%            Hong Kong 香港         10,000,100 shares 10,000,0100 m         100%            Hong Kong 香港         1 share 100         100%            Hong Kong 香港         1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 香港         1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 香港         1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 市 1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 市 1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 市 1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 市 1 share 100%         100%            Hong Kong 市 <td>所有權權益比列           Place of incorporation/ establishment         Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及         Group's effective interest 案應整之         Held by the Sompany         Held by a subsidiary           註冊成立/成立地點         已數足股本詳情         100%         100%            反關處女群島         101 shares 101股         100%         100%            Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           香港         10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 10,000,000R         100%          100%           香港         10,000,000R         100%          100%           Fib         5,000,000 shares 5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100%         100%          100%           Fib         5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         <td< td=""></td<></td>	所有權權益比列           Place of incorporation/ establishment         Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及         Group's effective interest 案應整之         Held by the Sompany         Held by a subsidiary           註冊成立/成立地點         已數足股本詳情         100%         100%            反關處女群島         101 shares 101股         100%         100%            Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100         100%          100%           香港         10,000,100 shares 10,000,100 R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 10,000,000R         100%          100%           香港         10,000,000R         100%          100%           Fib         5,000,000 shares 5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 100%         100%          100%           Fib         5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong         1 share 5,000,000R         100%          100%           Hong Kong <td< td=""></td<>

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **16 INVENTORIES**

# 16 存貨

	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	
	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
	\$'000	\$'000
	千港元	千港元
	<mark></mark>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Food and beverages and other operating   食物、飲品及其他會所、		
items for club operations and restaurant   餐廳及酒吧的經營項目		
and bar outlets	927	3,520

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

確認為開支並計入損益的存貨金額分析 如下:

		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	**********************************	*****
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨的賬面值	12,594	18,791
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

# **17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

## 17 貿易及其他應收款項

		92,332	98,041
Less: Non-current portion of prepayments	減:預付款項的非即期部分		(100)
		92,332	98,141
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及 其他應收款項	24,513	27,407
Trade receivables, net of loss allowance <i>(note)</i>	貿易應收款項, 扣除虧損撥備 <i>(附註)</i>	67,819	70,734
*****	*****	2020 二零二零年 \$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$′000 千港元

Note: At 31 March 2020, trade and other receivables of the Group included amounts due from entities controlled by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang, the Company's controlling shareholder, of \$4,371,000 (2019: \$1,615,000) and entities over which Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang has significant influence, of \$4,035,000 (2019: \$2,526,000). The amounts represent property management fees receivable arisen in the ordinary course of business. 附註: 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之貿易 及其他應收款項包括應收本公司控股股東鄭 堅江先生控制的實體及對其有重大影響的 實體之款項,分別為4,371,000港元(二零一 九年:1,615,000港元)及4,035,000港元(二零 一九年:2,526,000港元)。該款項為於日常業 務過程中產生之應收物業管理費。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 17** 貿易及其他應收款項(續) (CONTINUED)

The amount of the Group's deposits, prepayments and other receivables expected to be recovered or recognised as expense after more than one year is \$4,226,000 (2019: \$1,157,000), which mainly represent rental deposits for office premises and restaurant of the Group (2019: rental deposits for clubs of the Group). All of the other trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

All of the trade receivables are receivables from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15.

#### Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows: 本集團預期將於一年後收回或確認為開支 的按金、預付款項及其他應收款項的金額 為4,226,000港元(二零一九年:1,157,000港 元),其主要為用於本集團辦公室物業及餐 廳之租賃按金(二零一九年:本集團會所之 租賃按金)。所有其他貿易及其他應收款 項均預期於一年內收回或確認為開支。

所有該等貿易應收款項均為香港財務報告 準則第15號界定之來自客戶合約之應收款 項。

## 賬齡分析

截至報告期末,計入貿易及其他應收款項 的貿易應收款項按發票日期以及扣除虧損 撥備後的賬齡分析如下:

***************************************	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	******
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		••••••••••••••••••	~~~~~~~
Within 1 month	一個月內	29,954	24,897
Over 1 month to 3 months	超過一個月至三個月	8,821	11,978
Over 3 months to 6 months	超過三個月至六個月	6,249	8,666
Over 6 months to 1 year	超過六個月至一年	11,422	11,949
Over 1 year	一年以上	11,373	13,244
		67,819	70,734

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 26(a).

本集團信貸政策及貿易應收款項產生的 信貸風險之進一步詳情載於附註26(a)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

# (a) The analysis of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

# 18 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 量資料

### (a) 現金及現金等價物分析如下:

受中華人民共和國政府外匯限制。

000000				2020 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
	osits with banks and cash in hand ricted bank deposits <i>(note (i))</i>	銀行存款及手頭現3 受限制銀行存款( <i>附</i>		209,321 (2,586)	197,294 (2,439)
	n and cash equivalents in the onsolidated cash flow statement	綜合現金流量表的現 現金等價物	見金及	206,735	194,855
Notes	X		附言	<i>主:</i>	
<ul> <li>Restricted bank deposits represent the cash collected from property occupants/owners for the repair and maintenance fund maintained by Ningbo AUX.</li> </ul>		(i)		指從物業住戶/業主 寧波奧克斯存置之維	
(ii) Included in deposits with banks and cash in hand of the Group, \$203,176,000 (2019: \$159,505,000) are denominated in Renminbi at 31 March 2020. Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of mainland China is subject to exchange restrictions imposed		(ii)	銀行存款及手頭現 港元(二零一九年 以人民幣計值。	月三十一日,本集團的 1金中包括203,176,000 :159,505,000港元), 人民幣不是可自由兑 金從中國大陸匯出須	

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by the Government of the PRC.

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

# 18 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 量資料(續)

#### (b) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動所產生的 負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動所產生的負債為現金流量 已於或未來現金流量將會於本集團 綜合現金流量表內分類至融資活動 所產生的現金流量的該等負債。

		Loan from the controlling shareholder and amount due to the controlling shareholder 來自控股股東貸款及 應付控股股東飲項 \$'000 干港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 \$'000 干港元 (Note 21) (附註21)	<b>Total</b> 總計 \$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	116,912	618	
Impact on initial application of HKFRS 16 <i>(note)</i>	首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號 之影響(附註)	_	1,144	1,144
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	116,912	1,762	118,674
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流變動:			
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的本金部分 已付租賃租金的利息部分		(5,022) (713)	(5,022) (713)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額		(5,735)	(5,735)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(7,555)	(20)	(7,575)
Other changes:	其他變動:			
Interest expenses <i>(note 7(a))</i> Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases and renewal of leases during the	利息支出 <i>(附註7(a))</i> 年內因訂立新租賃及續租而增加的 租賃負債	2,243	713	2,956
year Increase in lease liabilities from acquisition	因收購而增加的租賃負債	—	19,157	19,157
(note 25)	(附註25)	—	7,348	7,348
Decrease in lease liabilities from lease modification <i>(note 12(c))</i> Decrease in lease liabilities from termination of	因租賃修訂而減少的租賃負債 ( <i>附註12(c))</i> 因租賃合約終止而減少的租賃負債	_	(585)	(585)
lease agreement	可以以其其是人类的社会的。		(511)	(511)
Total other changes	其他變動總額	2,243	26,122	28,365
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	111.600	22.129	133.729

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities *(continued)*

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. See note 2(c).

# 18 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 量資料(續)

#### (b) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬(續)

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一 九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整, 以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃之租賃確認為租賃負 債。見附註2(c)。

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	*****	Loan from the controlling shareholder and amount due to the controlling shareholder 來自控股股東 貸款及應付控股	Lease liabilities	Total
		<b>股東款項</b> \$'000 千港元 <i>(Note 22)</i> <i>(附註22)</i>	<b>租賃負債</b> \$'000 千港元 <i>(Note 21)</i> <i>(附註21)</i>	<b>總計</b> \$′000 千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	123,845	779	124,624
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:			
Capital element of finance lease payments Interest element of finance lease payments Interest on loan from the controlling	融資租賃款項之本金部分 融資租賃款項之利息部分 已付來自控股股東貸款的利息		(161) (27)	(161) (27)
shareholder paid		(2,127)	_	(2,127)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流變動總額	(2,127)	(188)	(2,315)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(7,125)	—	(7,125)
Other changes:	其他變動:			
Finance charges on obligations under finance lease <i>(note 7(a))</i> Interest on loan from the controlling	融資租賃承擔之融資費用 <i>(附註7(a))</i> 來自控股股東貸款之利息	_	27	27
shareholder (note 7(a))	(附註7(a))	2,319	_	2,319
Total other changes	其他變動總額	2,319	27	2,346
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	116,912	618	117,530

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

# **18** 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 量資料(續)

## (c) 租賃現金流出總額 就租賃計入現金流量表中的金額包 括以下各項:

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~					
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	
			\$'000	\$'000	
			千港元	千港元	
				(Note)	
				(附註)	
******	******	******	***********************************	********	
Within operating cash flows	在經營現金流內		(9,652)	(23,145)	
Within financing cash flows	在融資現金流內		(5,735)	(188)	
			(15,387)	(23,333)	
******			***********************	*****	
<i>Note:</i> As explained in the note to the c	onsolidated cash flow	附註。	· 誠如綜合現金流	量表附註所述,採紋	
statement, the adoption of HKFRS		113 #		业农品 起	
in classification of cash flows of c	9			l 金 流 量 分 類 造 成 變	
leases. The comparative amounts h			動。比較金額不予重列。		
				· / ·	
These amounts relate to the follow	wing:	該等	金額與下列各工	項有關:	
	5				
		******	2020	2019	
			二零二零年	二零一九年	
			— ऱ — ऱ + \$′000	 \$'000	
			<b>5000</b> 千港元	<b>,</b> 000 千港元	
			「た儿	/它 /し	

Lease rentals paid 已付租金 **15,387** 23,333

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

# 19 貿易及其他應付款項

***************************************	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	*************************	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		*****************************	••••••
Trade creditors	貿易應付款項	22,335	28,918
Deposits received from property occupants/	來自物業住戶/		
owners	業主收取按金	19,104	14,933
Receipts on behalf of utilities companies	代表公用事業公司收款	15,930	13,664
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	2,137	1,486
Provision for onerous contract (note)	虧損合約撥備 <i>(附註)</i>	—	3,924
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用	41,181	41,667
		100,687	104,592

*Note:* The provision was made for the onerous tenancy agreement for one of the clubs in Hong Kong, taking into consideration the performance of the relevant club. Under this tenancy agreement, the unavoidable cost of meeting the obligations have exceeded the economic benefits expected to be received. Consequently, a provision for onerous contract was recognised in profit or loss in the prior year. The balance has been fully settled in the current year.

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

The amounts due to related parties represent balances due to entities controlled by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang, the Company's controlling shareholder, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year. 附註: 經考慮有關會所的表現,撥備乃按香港一間 會所的虧損租賃協議作出。根據該租賃協 議,履行義務之不可避免成本已超出預期將 獲得的經濟利益。因此,上年度已於損益中 就虧損合約確認撥備。餘下結餘已於本年度 內悉數償還。

預期所有貿易及其他應付款項將於一年內 結清或確認為收入或按要求償還。

應付關聯方款項(其指應收本公司控股股 東鄭堅江先生控制的實體之結餘)為無抵 押、免息及須於一年內償還。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 19** 貿易及其他應付款項(續) (CONTINUED)

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade creditors (which are included in trade and other payables), based on the invoice date, is as follows: 截至報告期末,計入貿易及其他應付款項 的貿易應付款項按發票日期的賬齡分析如 下:

***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	******
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	••••••	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Within 3 months	三個月內	12,469	18,537
Over 3 months to 6 months	超過三個月至六個月	6,269	3,336
Over 6 months to 1 year	超過六個月至一年	2,307	3,555
Over 1 year	一年以上	1,290	3,490
		22,335	28,918
	***************************************	••••••••••••••••••••••	

# **20 CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

# 20 合約負債

	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		•••••••	••••••
Billing in advance of performance	預收履約款項	45,349	53,058
*****	***************************************	•••••••••••••••••	*****

The amount of revenue recognised in the year ended 31 March 2020 that was included in the contract liabilities balance at 1 April 2019 was \$53,058,000.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,於 二零一九年四月一日計入合約負債結餘的 已確認收益金額為53,058,000港元。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# **21 LEASE LIABILITIES**

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the current and previous reporting periods and at the date of transition to HKFRS 16:

# 21 租賃負債

下表顯示本集團於當前及先前報告期末和 過渡至香港財務報告準則第16號之日期的 租賃負債餘下合約期:

******	******	31 March 2020		1 April 2019 <i>(Note)</i>		31 March 20	31 March 2019 <i>(Note)</i>	
		二零二零年日	三月三十一日	二零一九年四月一日(附註)二零		二零一九年三月日	三十一日 <i>(附註)</i>	
		Present		Present		Present		
		value of		value of		value of		
		the lease	Total lease	the lease	Total lease	the lease	Total lease	
		payments	payments	payments	payments	payments	payments	
		最低租賃	租賃付款	最低租賃	租賃付款	最低租賃	租賃付款	
		付款現值	總額	付款現值	總額	付款現值	總額	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千港元 *******	千港元	千港元	千港元 *********	千港元	千港元 *******	
Within 1 year	一年內	21,054	21,330	1,014	1,151	168	189	
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but	一年後但二年內 二年後但五年內	1,075	1,091	473	499	175	189	
within 5 years		_	_	275	282	275	282	
		1,075	1,091	748	781	450	471	
		22,129	22,421	1,762	1,932	618	660	
Less: total future interest expenses	減:未來利息 支出總額		(292)		(170)		(42)	
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債現值		22,129		1,762		618	

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. These liabilities have been aggregated with the brought forward balances relating to leases previously classified as finance leases. Comparative information as at 31 March 2019 has not been restated and relates solely to leases previously classified as finance leases. Further details on the impact of the transition to HKFRS 16 are set out in note 2(c).

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整,以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃之租賃確認為租賃負債。該等負債與就以往分類為融資租賃的租賃結轉的結餘合計。截至二零一九年三月三十一日的比較資料不予重列,並僅與先前歸類為融資租賃的租賃有關。有關過渡至香港財務報告準則第16號的影響的更多詳細信息載列附註2(c)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 22 來自控股股東貸款及應付控股股 22 LOAN FROM THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER AND AMOUNT DUE TO THE 東款項 **CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER**

The loan is unsecured, interest-bearing at 2% per annum and repayable in August 2022.

The amount due to the controlling shareholder, representing the interest payable, is unsecured, noninterest bearing and repayable within one year.

該貸款為無抵押、按年利率2%計息並將 於二零二二年八月內償還。

應付控股股東款項(指應付利息)為無抵 押、免息並於一年內償還。

綜合財務狀況表中的即期税項指:

#### 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 综合財務狀況表中的所得税 23 **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

#### Current taxation in the consolidated statement (a) of financial position represents:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year	年內香港利得税撥備	_	1,432
Provision for PRC Corporate Income Tax for the year Provisional PRC Corporate Income Tax paid	年內中國企業所得税 撥備 已付預繳中國企業 所得税	14,461 (7,244)	7,617 (2,070)
		7,217	5,547
Balance of Hong Kong Profits Tax provision relating to prior years	過往年度香港利得税撥 備結餘	1,022	
		8,239	6,979

(a)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 23 综合財務狀況表中的所得税(續) STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

### (b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised:

(i) Movement of each component of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities

> The components of deferred tax (assets)/ liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### (b) 已確認遞延税項(資產)/負債

(i) 遞延税項(資產)/負債各組成 部分的變動 於綜合財務狀況表內確認的遞 延税項(資產)/負債組成部分 及於年內的變動如下:

		Depreciation (in excess	~~~~~					~~~~~~
		of)/less than		Impairment				
		the related	-	losses on trade	A I		Undistributed	
		depreciation allowances	Tax losses	on trade receivables	expenses	of intangible assets	profits of subsidiaries	Total
		anowances (超出)/	losses	receivables	expenses	assets	subsidiaries	Total
		少於有關折舊	税項	貿易應收款項的	應計	無形資產	附屬公司	
		撥備的折舊	虧損	減值虧損	費用	攤銷	未分派溢利	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	千港元	千港元 *******	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 *******
Deferred tax	遞延税項來自:							
arising from:								
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	(4)	(430)	(883)	(181)	18,280	_	16,782
(Credited)/	於損益中(計入)/扣除							
charged to								
profit or loss		(2)	430	(773)	87	(1,900)	_	(2,158)
Exchange	匯兑調整							
adjustments			_	52	10	(1,049)		(987)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年							
and 1 April	三月三十一日及							
2019	二零一九四月一日	(6)	_	(1,604)	(84)	15,331	_	13,637
Charged/	於損益中扣除/(計入)							
(credited) to								
profit or loss		6	_	(488)	(45)	(1,822)	4,251	1,902
Exchange	匯兑調整							
adjustments			_	117	7	(944)		(820)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	_	_	(1,975)	(122)	12,565	4,251	14,719

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED 23 綜合財務 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

23 综合財務狀況表中的所得税(續)

- (b) Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised: (continued)
  - (ii) Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position
- (ii) 綜合財務狀況表對賬

已 確 認 遞 延 税 項 ( 資 產 ) / 負 債 *( 續 )* 

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		2020 二零二零年 \$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised	於綜合財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項 資產淨額 於綜合財務狀況表內	(2,097)	(1,694)
in the consolidated statement of financial position	確認的遞延税項 負債淨額	16,816	15,331
		14,719	13,637

(b)

### (c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses and temporary differences arising from property, plant and equipment amounting to \$118,386,000 (2019: \$88,130,000) and \$29,964,000 (2019: \$23,845,000) respectively as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which such losses and temporary differences can be utilised will be available in the relevant entities. The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

#### (c) 未確認遞延税項資產

本集團並無就累計税項虧損及物 業、廠房及設備產生的暫時差額 分別118,386,000港元(二零一九年: 88,130,000港元)及29,964,000港元 (二零一九年:23,845,000港元)確認 遞延税項資產,原因為相關實體不 大可能有應課税溢利致使該等損失 及暫時差異可動用做抵扣。根據現 行税法,税項虧損不會屆滿。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES

# (a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

# The Company

# 24 資本及儲備

(a) 權益組成部分變動 本集團綜合權益的各個組成部分期 初及期末結餘的對賬載於綜合權益 變動表。年初至年末期間本公司個 別權益組成部分變動的詳情載列如下:

#### 本公司

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Share capital 股本 \$'000 千港元	<b>Share</b> premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 \$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 \$′000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日的結餘	3,750	177,000	(36,695)	144,055
Change in equity for the year ended 31 March 2019: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	截至二零一九年三月三十一日 止年度權益變動: 年內虧損及全面收益總額	_	_	(40,098)	(40,098)
Balance at 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日及 二零一九年四月一日的結餘	3,750	177,000	(76,793)	103,957
Change in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度權益變動: 年內虧損及全面收益總額	_	_	(14,726)	(14,726)
Balance at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 的結餘	3,750	177,000	(91,519)	89,231

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

24 資本及儲備(續)

(b) Share capital

**(b)** 股本

		2020		2019	*****	
		二零二零	<b>§</b> 年	二零一ナ	」年	
		No. of		No. of		
		shares	Amount	shares	Amount	
		股份數目	金額	股份數目	金額	
		<b>'000</b> '	\$'000	'000	\$'000	
		千股	千港元	千股	千港元	
***************************************	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******	
Authorised:	法定:					
Ordinary shares of \$0.01 each	每股面值0.01 港元的普通股	10,000,000	100,000	10,000,000	100,000	
*****		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:	普通股,已發行 及繳足 <sup>:</sup>					
At the beginning and the end of the year	於年初及年末	374,984	3,750	374,984	3,750	

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

#### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of shares of the Company. Under the Cayman Companies Law, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of the business. 普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派的 股息,並有權於本公司大會上以每 股一票進行表決。就本公司剩餘資 產而言,所有普通股地位同等。

## (c) 儲備的性質及目的

(1) 股份溢價 股份溢價指本公司股份面值及 發行本公司股份收取的所得款 項的差額。根據開曼群島公司 法,本公司的股份溢價賬可供 分派予本公司的股東,惟緊隨 建議分派股息當日後,本公司 須有能力於一般業務過程中償 付到期的債務。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

## (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the cash paid for the acquisition of subsidiaries contributed by the former controlling shareholder in September 2010.

## (iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(t).

#### (iv) Statutory reserve

The Articles of Association of Ningbo AUX require the appropriation of 10% of its profit after tax each year, based on its statutory audited financial statements, to the statutory reserve until the balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of Ningbo AUX. The statutory reserve may be capitalised as the paid-in capital of Ningbo AUX.

### (d) Distributability of reserves

As at 31 March 2020, the aggregate amounts of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company were \$85,481,000 (2019: \$100,207,000).

# (e) Dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: \$Nil).

# 24 資本及儲備(續)

- (c) 儲備的性質及目的(*續*)
  - (ii) 資本儲備 資本儲備是指前控股股東於二 零一零年九月就收購附屬公司 所支付的現金。
  - (iii) <u>應兑儲備</u> 匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務 財務報表而產生的所有外匯差 額,儲備依據附註2(t)所載之 會計政策進行。
  - (iv) 法定儲備 寧波奧克斯組織章程細則要求 每年根據其法定經審核財務報 表將其除税後溢利的10%撥入 法定儲備,直至結餘達到寧波 奧克斯註冊資本的50%。法定 儲備可資本化為寧波奧克斯的 實收股本。
- (d) 可供分派儲備 於二零二零年三月三十一日,可 供分派予本公司權益股東的儲備 合共85,481,000港元(二零一九年: 100,207,000港元)。
- (e) 股息 董事不建議派付截至二零二零年三月 三十一日之股息(二零一九年:零)。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 24 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

### (f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors capital with reference to its debt position. The Group's strategy was to maintain the equity and debt in a balanced position and ensure there was adequate working capital to service its debt obligations. The ratio of the Group's total liabilities over its total assets at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2019, the date of transition to HKFRS 16, were 70% and 70%, respectively (31 March 2019: 70%).

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# **25 ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY**

On 30 April 2019, Po Tai Holdings Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired the entire equity interest in Mini Club at a consideration of \$6,500,000. The purchase consideration has been settled in cash. Acquisition of Mini Club would enable the Group to diversify the revenue stream in food and beverage industry and its investment portfolio.

# 24 資本及儲備(續)

(f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的首要目標為保證 本集團保持持續經營能力,透過因 應風險水平為產品及服務定價以及 以合理成本取得融資,繼續為股東 帶來回報及為其他權益持有人帶來 利益。

本集團積極並定期審視及管理其資 本架構,以期在爭取在更高水平的 借款下可能實現的更高股東回報與 維持穩健資本狀況的好處及安全之 間維持平衡,並且因應經濟情況的 變化調整資本架構。

本集團透過參考其債務狀況監察資本。本集團的策略為將權益與債項維持在一個平衡的位置,並確保擁有足夠的營運資金償還其債務。本集團於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零一九年四月一日(過渡至香港財務報告準則第16號的日期)的總負債除以其總資產比率分別為70%及70%(二零一九年三月三十一日:70%)。

本公司或其任何附屬公司均不受外 界施加的資本規定所限制。

# 25 收購附屬公司

於二零一九年四月三十日,寶泰控股有限公司(本公司的一間全資附屬公司)以代 價6,500,000港元收購Mini Club的全部股 權。該購買代價已經以現金結算。收購 Mini Club將使本集團餐飲行業之收益來 源及其投資組合多元化。
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 25 ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY (CONTINUED) 25 收購附屬公司(續)

The fair value of net identifiable liabilities assumed and the goodwill arising from the transaction are as follows:

所承擔可識別負債淨額之公平值及交易產

生的商譽如下:

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Fair value at date of acquisition 於收購日期之 公平值 \$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7,339
Inventories	存貨	157
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	1,184
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	(501)
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(1,592)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(7,348)
Net identifiable assets acquired	所承擔可識別負債淨額	(761)
Goodwill	商譽	7,261
*****	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	6,500
		見金及現金等價物現
Analysis of net cash outflow of cash and cash ea in respect of the acquisition of Mini Club is as f		見金及現金等價物現 下:
		見金及現金等價物現
n respect of the acquisition of Mini Club is as t	follows: 金流出淨額之分析如	見金及現金等價物理 下: \$′000 千港元
n respect of the acquisition of Mini Club is as the second s		見金及現金等價物 下: \$ \$'000
	follows: 金流出淨額之分析如 ····································	見金及現金等價物5 下: \$′000 千港元 6,500 501
n respect of the acquisition of Mini Club is as the second s	follows: 金流出淨額之分析如 ····································	見金及現金等價物5 下: \$′000 千港元 6,500

expected synergies, revenue growth and the assembled workforce of Mini Club.

上述商譽源於預期的協同效應、收益增長及Mini Club的人力團隊組合帶來的利益。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26 財務風隙 VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to this credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risk on restricted/pledged bank balances and cash and bank balances is limited as the counterparties are banks with sound credit standing.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

#### Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group, as where there is credit exposure to the Group, it is spread over a diversified portfolio of customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables in connection with operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets is limited because the counterparties are major financial institutions in the PRC and Hong Kong, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值

本集團於一般業務過程中產生信貸、流動 資金、利率及貨幣的風險。下文説明本集 團面臨該等風險的狀況及本集團管理該等 風險所採用的財務風險管理政策及慣例。

#### (a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指對手方未履行合約責任 而引致本集團財務虧損的風險。本 集團信貸風險主要歸因於貿易及其 他應收款項。管理層已制定信貸政 策並持續監控該等信貸的風險。

由於對手方銀行擁有良好信貸評級, 故受限制/已抵押銀行結餘及現金 及銀行結餘之信貸風險有限。

本集團並無提供任何會使本集團面 臨信貸風險的擔保。

#### 貿易應收款項

本集團之信貸風險主要受各客戶個 別特點所影響,而非受客戶經營所 在行業或國家所影響。由於本集團 面臨的信貸風險分散於多元化的客 戶組合,故本集團並無重大集中信 貸風險。

本集團與會所、餐廳及酒吧門市業 務有關的貿易應收款項所產生的信 貸風險有限,乃由於對手方乃本集 團認為具有低信貸風險的中國及香 港主要金融機構。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Credit risk *(continued)*

#### Trade receivables (continued)

In respect of trade receivables relating to the provision of property management services, individual credit evaluations are performed on corporate customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers, except for the deposits received from the property occupants/ owners to secure property management services provided by the Group.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續) 貿易應收款項(續) 就與提供物業管理服務有關的貿易 應收款項而言,個別信貸評估乃針 對信貸超過一定金額的公司客戶進 行。此等評估主要針對客戶以往到 期時之還款記錄及現時的還付能力, 並考慮客戶之特定資料及客戶營運 所在的經濟環境的相關資料。一般 而言,本集團並無向客戶取得抵押 品,惟物業住戶/業主為確保本集 團提供物業管理服務而收取的按金 除外。

本集團按等同於全期預期信貸虧損 的金額計量貿易應收款項之虧損撥 備,其乃使用撥備矩陣進行計算。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Credit risk *(continued)* Trade receivables *(continued)*

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables:

# 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(a)	信貸風險 <i>(續)</i>
	貿易應收款項(續)
	下表載列有關本集團面臨之信貸風
	險以及貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧
	損的資料:

		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	2020 二零二零年 Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 \$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 \$′000 千港元
Property management	物業管理			
Less than 1 year past due 1–2 years past due 2–3 years past due 3–4 years past due More than 4 years past due	逾期少於一年 逾期一至兩年 逾期兩至三年 逾期三至四年 逾期超過四年	0%-4% 19% 30% 72% 100%	58,594 9,390 4,608 1,874 1,425	2,152 1,750 1,403 1,347 1,425
			75,891	8,077
Operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets	經營會所業務、餐廳及 酒吧門市			
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0%	5	_
			75,896	8,077

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(a) Credit risk (continued)(a) 信貸風險(續)Trade receivables (continued)貿易應收款項(續)

******	*****	*****	2019 二零一九年	
			⊂ - Gross	
		Expected	carrying	Loss
		loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	amount 總賬面值 \$′000 千港元	allowance 虧損撥備 \$′000 千港元
Property management	物業管理			
Less than 1 year past due	逾期少於一年	4%	58,528	2,054
1–2 years past due	逾期一至兩年	11%	10,373	1,096
2–3 years past due	逾期兩至三年	22%	3,987	864
3–4 years past due	逾期三至四年	49%	1,652	808
More than 4 years past due	逾期超過四年	100%	951	951
			75,491	5,773
Operation of clubbing business and restaurant and bar outlets	經營會所業務、餐廳及 酒吧門市			
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0%	1,016	
			76,507	5,773
Expected loss rates are base experience over the past 3 yea			損率基於過去三 算,並根據歷5	

experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率基於過去三年的實際虧損 經驗計算,並根據歷史數據收集期 間的經濟狀況、當前的經濟狀況與 本集團所認為的預計存續期內的經 濟狀況三者之間的差異進行調整。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk *(continued)* 

*Trade receivables (continued)* Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables during the year is as follows:

# 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(a)	信貸風險 <i>(續)</i>
	貿易應收款項(續)
	年內,應收貿易賬款的虧損撥備賬
	目變動如下:

	***************************************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2010
		<b>2020</b>	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	***	
At the beginning of the year	於年初	5,773	3,675
			5,075
	已確認之減值虧損	2,751	2,314
Impairment loss recognised Exchange adjustments	已確認之減值虧損 匯兑調整		,
Impairment loss recognised		2,751	2,314

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions or controlling shareholder to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. (b) 流動資金風險

本集團內個別經營實體負責各自之 現金管理,包括現金結餘的短期投 資及籌措貸款應付預期現金需求, 惟倘借款超過預定的授權水平時, 則須經母公司董事會批准。本平集 的政策為定期監察流動資金需求, 以確保維持充足的現金儲備及來自 主要金融機構或控股股東的足夠承 諾信貸額度,滿足短期及長期流動 資金需求。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續) 下表列示本集團金融負債於報告期 末的餘下合約到期情況,此乃根據 合約未折現現金流量(包括按合約利 率(或,如屬浮息,則根據報告期末 的即期利率)計算的利息付款)及本 集團可被要求付款的最早日期而得 出:

******				) <b>20</b> 二零年		
		Cont		ounted cash outf 見現金流出	low	
		Within	More than 1	More than		-
		1 year	year but less	2 years but		Carrying
		or on	than	less than		amount at 31
		demand	2 years	5 years	Total	March 2020
						於二零二零年
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上		三月三十一日
		按要求	但兩年以下	但五年以下	總計	賬面值
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	100,687			100,687	100,687
Lease liabilities (note)	租賃負債 <i>(附註)</i>	21,330	) 1,091	_	22,421	22,129
Amount due to the controlling	應收控股股東款項					
shareholder		2,435	5 —	· _	2,435	2,435
Loan from the controlling	來自控股股東貸款					
shareholder		2,183	3 2,183	109,980	114,346	109,165
		126,635	5 3,274	109,980	239,889	234,416

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(*續*)

***************************************			-	019 一九年		*******
		Cont	ractual undisc	counted cash outflc 現現金流出	W	
	-	Within	More than 1	More than 2		•
		1 year	year but	years but less		Carrying
		or on	less than	than		amount at
		demand	2 years	5 years	Total	31 March 2019 於二零一九年
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上		三月三十一日
		按要求	但兩年以下	但五年以下	總計	賬面值
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	104,592	_		104,592	104,592
Lease liabilities relating to leases previously classified under HKAS 17 as finance	先前根據香港會計準 則第17號分類為 經營租賃與租賃					
leases	有關之租賃負債	189	189	9 282	660	618
Amount due to the controlling	應收控股股東款項					
shareholder		192	_	- —	192	192
Loan from the controlling	來自控股股東貸款					
shareholder		2,334	2,334	4 119,925	124,593	116,720
		107,307	2,523	3 120,207	230,037	222,122

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Lease liabilities include amounts recognised at the date of transition to HKFRS 16 in respect of leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17 and amounts relating to new leases entered into during the year. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一 九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整, 以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃之租賃確認為租賃負 債。租賃負債包括於過渡至香港財務 報告準則第16號日期就先前根據香港 會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃的租 賃確認的金額以及年內訂立的與新租 賃相關的金額。根據該方法,比較資 料不予重列。見附註2(c)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from Ioan from the controlling shareholder as disclosed in note 22. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group does not use financial derivatives to hedge against the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in the following table.

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(c) 利率風險 利率風險指金融工具之公平值或未 來現金流量因應市場利率變動出現 波動的風險。本集團利率風險主要 產生自於附註22所披露來自控股股 東貸款。以定息發行的借款令本集 團面臨公平值利率風險。本集團並 無採用金融衍生工具對沖利率風險。 下表載列本集團管理層監察的利率 情況。

*****	******	2020	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	2019	
		二零二零	零年	二零一九	,年
		Effective		Effective	
		interest		interest	
		rate	\$'000	rate	\$'000
		實際利率	千港元	實際利率	千港元
	*****	******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******	*****
Fixed rate borrowings:	固定利率借貸:				
Lease liabilities <i>(note)</i>	租賃負債				
	(附註)	3.5%-6.5%	22,129	3.8%	618
Loan from the controlling	來自控股股東				
shareholder	貸款	2.0%	109,165	2.0%	116,720
Total barrowings	總借款		131,294		117 220
Total borrowings	総 日 水		131,294		117,338

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

A change in interest rate would not impact the Group's profit/loss and equity as the Group does not hold any fixed rate instruments which are measured at fair value. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

附註:本集團已採用經修訂追溯法首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號並對二零一 九年四月一日之期初結餘進行調整, 以就先前根據香港會計準則第17號分 類為經營租賃之租賃確認為租賃負 債。根據該方法,比較資料不予重 列。見附註2(c)。

由於本集團並無持有以公平值計量 的任何定息工具,利率變動不會影 響本集團的損益和權益。因此,並 無呈報利率風險的敏感度分析。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through borrowings and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currency giving rise to this risk is Renminbi.

#### (i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"), translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(d) 貨幣風險 本集團承擔的外匯風險主要來自以 外幣計值的借款及現金結餘,即以 交易所涉及營運之功能貨幣以外之 貨幣計值。與此風險相關的貨幣主 要為人民幣。

#### (i) 面臨貨幣風險 下表詳述本集團於報告期末所 面臨由以相關實體功能貨幣以 外的貨幣計值的已確認資產 或負債所產生的貨幣風險。為 呈列目的,風險金額採用年結 日的即期滙率換算為港元(「港 元」)列示。換算海外業務之財 務報表為本集團呈列貨幣所產 生的差額不予計算。

	*****	Exposure to fo	oreign currency
		(expresse	d in HKD)
		面臨外幣風險	(以港元表示)
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		Renminbi	Renminbi
		人民幣	人民幣
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		••••••	••••••
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行存款及手頭現金	14	73
Loan from the controlling shareholder	來自控股股東貸款	(109,165)	(116,720)
Net exposure arising from recognised	已確認資產及負債		
assets and liabilities	所產生之風險淨值	(109,151)	(116,647)
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

## 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Currency risk (continued)

#### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit/loss after tax (and accumulated losses) that would arise if foreign exchange rate to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (d) 貨幣風險(續)
  - (ii) 敏感度分析 下表列示假設所有其他風險變 數保持不變,倘於報告期末本 集團面臨重大風險的匯率於該 日出現變動,本集團除税後損 益(及累計虧損)可能出現的即 時變動。

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				*****
		202	0	201	
		二零二	二零二零年		九年
			(Decrease)/		(Increase)/
			increase in profit		decrease in loss
			after tax		after tax
		Increase/	and (increase)/	Increase/	and (increase)/
		(decrease) in	decrease in	(decrease) in	decrease in
		foreign exchange	accumulated	foreign exchange	accumulated
		rate	losses	rate	losses
			除税後溢利		除税後虧損
			(減少)/增加及		(增加)/減少及
		外匯匯率	累計虧損	外匯匯率	累計虧損(增加)/
		上升/(下降)	減少/(增加)	上升/(下降)	減少
			\$'000		\$'000
			千港元		千港元
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		•••••••
Renminbi	人民幣	10%	(10,915)	10%	(11,665)
		(10)%	10,915	(10)%	11,665
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit/loss after tax and accumulated losses measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HKD at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes. 上表所載分析結果指為呈列目 的而將以對應功能貨幣計量的 本集團實體除税後損益及累計 虧損按報告期末現行匯率兑換 為港元的綜合即時影響。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Currency risk (continued)

#### (ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group, if any, which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis has been performed on the same basis for 2019.

#### (e) Fair value measurement

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

#### **27 COMMITMENTS**

At 31 March 2019, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were payable as follows:

## 26 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

#### (d) 貨幣風險*(續)*

- (ii) 敏感度分析(續) 敏感度分析假設外匯匯率之變 動已用於重新計量本集團於報 告期末持有令其面臨外幣風險 的金融工具,包括集團間以非 貸方或借方之功能貨幣計值之 應付及應收款項(如有)。此分 析不包括將外國業務之財物報 表換算成本集團之呈列貨幣所 產生之差額。此分析按二零一 九年相同基準進行。
- (e) 公平值計量 於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十 一日,本集團按成本或攤銷成本列 賬之金融工具賬面值與其公平值並 無重大差別。

#### 27 承擔

於二零一九年三月三十一日,根據不可撤 銷經營租約的應付未來最低租金總額如 下:

*****		Properties
		物業
		\$'000
		千港元
******		
Within 1 year	一年內	14,569
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	874

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### 27 COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties held under leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the Group adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to these leases (see note 2(c)). From 1 April 2019 onwards, future lease payments are recognised as lease liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with the policies set out in note 2(h), and the details regarding the Group's future lease payments are disclosed in note 21.

#### 28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 9 and the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 10, are as follows:

#### 27 承擔(續)

本集團為多項根據先前香港會計準則第17 號分類為經營租賃而持有物業之承租人。 本集團採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港 財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,本集 團對二零一九年四月一日之期初結餘進行 調整,以就有關該等租賃確認為租賃負債 (見附註2(c))。自二零一九年四月一日起, 根據附註2(h)所載之政策,未來租賃付款 已於綜合財務狀況表內確認為租賃負債, 而有關本集團未來租賃付款之詳情於附 註21披露。

#### 28 重大關聯方交易

(a) 主要管理層人員薪酬 主要管理層人員的薪酬(包括支付予 附註9所披露的本公司董事及附註10 所披露的最高薪酬僱員的款項)如 下:

***************************************	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	<u></u>	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••••••	*****
Salaries and other short-term employee	薪金及其他短期僱員		
benefits	福利	12,298	16,047
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	148	208
		12,446	16,255
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•••••••••	

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 7(b)).

薪酬總額計入「員工成本」(見附註 7(b))。

192

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 28 重大關聯方交易(續) (CONTINUED)

- (b) Transactions with other related parties In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions:
- (b) 與其他關聯方之交易 除本財務報表其他部份所披露之交 易及結餘外,本集團與關聯方進行 下列重大交易:

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	•••••••••••••••••	×~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	******
Property management services income from related parties	來自關聯方之物業管理 服務收入 2.4. / 應付一名關聯支	64,947	54,524
Repair and maintenance expenses for motor vehicles payable/paid to a	已付/應付一名關聯方 汽車維修及維護開支		
related party		430	221
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		

In the opinion of the Company's directors, the above transactions were carried out on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of business.

# (c) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The property management services income from related parties disclosed in note 28(b) includes \$53,747,000 (2019: \$49,611,000) which constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in section "Continuing Connected Transactions" of the Report of the directors.

In addition, repair and maintenance expenses for motor vehicles paid/payable to a related party disclosed in note 28(b) constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, as they are below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A.76(1). 本公司董事認為,上述交易乃在日常 業務過程中按一般商業條款訂立。

#### (c) 與關連交易有關的上市規則之適用 性

上文附註28(b)所披露來自關聯方之 物業管理服務收入中,53,747,000港 元(二零一九年:49,611,000港元)構 成上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關 連交易。上市規則第14A章所要求披 露己於董事會報告中「持續關連交易」 一節列出。

此外,上文附註28(b)所披露之己 付/應付一名關聯方汽車維修及維 護開支構成上市規則第14A章所界定 之關連交易。然而,由於該等交易 低於第14A.76(1)條項下之最低豁免水 平,故獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章 之披露規定。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

# 29 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF 29 公司層面之財務狀況表 FINANCIAL POSITION

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 <b>\$′000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 \$'000 千港元
<b>Non-current assets</b> Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司的投資		58 10	2 10
			68	12
<b>Current assets</b> Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash at bank and in hand	<b>流動資產</b> 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 銀行存款及手頭現金		252 89,081 1,919	219 76,895 32,427
			91,252	109,541
<b>Current liabilities</b> Other payables Amount due to a subsidiary Lease liabilities	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項 應付一間附屬公司款項 租賃負債		2,029 — 60	2,522 3,074
			2,089	5,596
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		89,163	103,945
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	~~~~~~~	89,231	103,957
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	24(a)	3,750 85,481	3,750 100,207
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		89,231	103,957

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元表示)

#### **30 COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in note 2(c).

### 31 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTIES

At 31 March 2020, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate holding company of the Group to be Huiri Limited and Ze Hui Limited respectively, both are incorporated in the BVI and beneficially owned by Mr. Zheng Jian Jiang. None of these parties produces financial statements available for public use.

## 32 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, HKFRS 17, *Insurance contracts*, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2020 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### 30 比較數字

本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂 追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16 號。根據此方法,比較資料不予重列。更 多會計政策變動詳情於附註2(c)披露。

#### 31 直接及最終控股方

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事認為本 集團的直接母公司及最終控股公司將分別 為匯日控股有限公司及澤惠有限公司。兩 間公司均於英屬處女群島註冊成立及由鄭 堅江先生實益擁有。該等實體並無編製可 供公眾使用的財務報表。

32 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度已頒佈惟尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的可能影響

截至刊發該等財務報表日期,香港會計師 公會已頒佈多項修訂及一項新訂準則(香 港財務報告準則第17號,保險合約),該等 修訂及新訂準則於截至二零二零年三月三 十一日止年度尚未生效且並未於該等財務 報表中獲採納。以下為可能與本集團相關 的修訂。

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始 的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKFRS 3, *Definition of a business* 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本), *業務定義* 

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8, *Definition of material* 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號(修訂本), *重大的定義* 

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. 1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日

1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日

本集團正評估該等修訂於首次應用期間之 預期影響。迄今為止,本集團認為採納該 等修訂及新訂準則不會對綜合財務報表 造成重大影響。

# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets, equity and liabilities of the Group for the five financial years is as follows: 本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產、權 益及負債概要如下:

#### RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度				
******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一十年	2016 二零一六年
		— <del>▼</del> — <del>▼</del> + HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 <i>(note)</i>	\\ HK\$′000 千港元	_	_ᢎ 八平 HK\$′000 千港元
( <i>附註</i> )						
Revenue	收益	339,972	317,568	268,237	102,802	128,964
Profit/(loss) from operations Income tax (expense)/credit	經營產生溢利/(虧損) 所得税(開支)/抵免	32,122 (15,953)	(398) (6,891)	(19,077) (4,956)	(27,116) (1,687)	(27,029) 1,047
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	13,213	(9,635)	(25,517)	(28,803)	(25,982)

# ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING 資產、負債及非控股權益 INTERESTS

				At 31 March 於三月三十一日		
	*****	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total Assets Total Liabilities		433,194 (304,820)	427,738 (297,490)	431,650 (279,840)	145,229 (32,497)	173,644 (32,109)
		128,374	130,248	151,810	112,732	141,535
Equity attributable to: — Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔權益: 一本公司擁有人	128,374	130,248	151,810	112,732	141,535

*Note:* The Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the comparative information is not restated. See note 2(c).

附註:本集團於二零一九年四月一日採用經修訂追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據此方法,比較資料不予重列。見附註2(c)。



AUX INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 奧克斯國際控股有限公司

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